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BERLIN GOVERNMENT MASSES TROOPS IN THURINGIA TO CHECK FASCIST MARCH AT BORDER OF BAVARIA

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$100,000 Gift is Made to Mercer University

WILL USE MONEY FOR EDUCATION OF WORTHY BOYS

Donation Is Made by Frank S. Ethridge, Prominent Member of the Baptist Denomination.

ANNOUNCEMENT MADE BY DR. H. A. PORTER

Ethridge Expresses Hope That His Gift Will Influence Other Georgians to Add to Fund.

BY LOUIE D. NEWTON.
Editor of The Christian Index.

The largest gift ever made by one individual to Mercer university was announced Sunday morning at the 11 o'clock service at the Second Baptist church of Atlanta, when Frank S. Ethridge, well-known business man of Atlanta, offered $100,000 to Mercer university for the purpose of "educating poor and worthy boys of Georgia." The announcement was made, at the request of Mr. Ethridge by Dr. Henry Alford Porter, who has been pastor of the Second Baptist church for eight years and who retires after next Sunday to assume the pastorate of the Third Baptist church of St. Louis.

A letter officially notifying Dr. Rufus W. Weaver, president of the university, of the gift has been written and the letter will reach Dr Weaver Monday.

Mr. Ethridge indicates in his announcement that this fund will likely be held by a special commission. The details will be worked out later and the exact form in which the fund will will be administered probably will be announced at the Georgia Baptist convention which meets in Macon in December. The convention now operates under a constitution providing that all funds given directly to the institutions belonging to the convention shall be held by a holding commission. Mr. Ethridge is a member of this holding commission at the present time.

Mr. Ethridge has been prominent in the life of the denomination for the past quarter of a century. He has given several substantial fuads to Baptist institutions in Georgia, including the Ethridge cottage at the Georgia Baptist Orphans' home, a large sum to Shorter college, and a liberal subscription to the Baptist 75-Million campaign. He has served on the board of trustees of the Georgia Baptist Orphans' home and of the Georgia Baptist hospital. At this time he is a member of the holding commission of the Georgia Baptist convention. He is moderator of the Atlanta Baptist association and a member and treasurer of the Atlanta Baptist council. He is chairman of the board of deacons of the Second Baptist church of Atlanta and also treasurer of the church. Mr Ethridge is a native Georgian, having lived for many years at Jackson, Ga. He has served as presi

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HOW TO BUILD

a small business into a bigger one is what many men and women are trying to find out. One sure way is by devoting all of your brain power to the real problems—letting efficient workers attend to details and every-day items. Let The Constitution's want ads find you a corps of cooperative workers, who will help you build your business.

WANT AD DEPT.

The Atlanta Constitution

'Phone MAin 5000

"Atlanta's Best Want Ad Service"

Reign of Terror Hits Melbourne As Cops Strike

Three Dead, 200 Wounded in Riots; Robberies and Looting Are Rife.

Melbourne, November 4.—Three persons have been killed and 200 wounded in riots following the police strike here last week.

Looting, fights, robberies and holdups are wide-spread, and assaults are being made on police who remain loyal.

Theaters are closed, and trolleys and trains have been halted to prevent criminal characters from entering the city.

A thousand special constables have been enrolled to preserve order, including many ex-soldiers. Revolver battles occurred Sunday between police and looters, and numerous arrests made. Many women were found looting.

The government is prepared to intervene if necessary and will bring both naval and military forces to Melbourne to police the district if the dangerous situation continues.

SMILING MAIDEN PUTS NEW NOTCH IN GRIP OF GUN

Girl Bandit Slays Night Watchman and Escapes in Auto Apparently Waiting for Her.

Chicago, November 4.—The "smiling murderess" who killed Richard C. Tesmer, wealthy insurance man, in a holdup here several months ago, is believed to have qualified her gun for a second notch following the murder early Sunday of Edward Lehmann, an 18-year-old night watchman.

Lehmann was shot down when he challenged a girl bandit who crouched under a platform of one of several factories guarded by the protective agency which employed him. The girl is said to answer in every detail the description of the murderess, and was accompanied by a man whom the police say may have been with her when she held up Tesmer and his wife the night of June 5.

She was described as about 20 years old, slender, active and lightning-fast with a revolver.

Lehmann drove up to the Delson Manufacturing & Knit Goods company's plant with A. C. Stemwedel, head of the Lincoln Protective association. When they saw the girl, Lehmann was the first to leap out.

"What are you doing here?" he demanded.

The girl stood up and fired. As Stemwedel jumped from the car, another figure emerged from the darkness and fired twice, shooting him in the right arm. Stemwedel fled.

The man and the girl, according to a neighbor woman who looked out a window when she heard the shooting, beckoned to a small touring car, standing nearby, and dove into it as it passed. Late Sunday night the police had found no trace of the car or its occupants.

Young Lehmann died soon after shooting.

Conradi To Call Russian Nobles To His Defense

To Plead Persecution by Soviet as Reason for Slaying in Lausanne.

Lausanne, November 4.—Eighty witnesses, including a galaxy of international figures, will be called in the trial of Maurice Conradi, assassin of the soviet leader, Vorowsky, which opens here Monday.

Generals, dukes, princes and princesses of the czarist regime, soviet officials and allied officers, will testify in details of the tragedy in the Hotel Cecil on May 10 when Conradi shot Vorowsky, leader of the Russian delegation to the Near East conference.

Switzerland refused to accept responsibility for the crime on the ground that the Russians had not been invited to the conference. Russia thereupon declared a commercial boycott against Switzerland, and it was reported that Swiss in Russia were ill treated in the excitement following the incident.

Conradi surrendered after the shooting. He will plead that there was strong provocation for the crime, his family having been persecuted by the bolsheviks.

VERSAILLES PACT SET REPARATIONS, POINCARE CRIES

French Premier Reiterates His Position on Scope of Proposed Survey of Germany.

SLAPS BRITISH STAND ON RHINE REPUBLIC

Declares Allies Did Not Agree To Keep Germany Intact Against Wishes of Her People.

BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

Brive, France, November 4.—Premier Poincare, speaking at the unveiling of a monument to the war dead at Brive today, again defined his position as regards German reparations. He did not show the slightest variation in his speech from his previous declarations.

The premier said the experts' committee of the reparation commission must not be allowed to become the indirect means of raising the question of the amount of Germany's debt, nor must France be despoiled of her guarantee prior to the total payment of reparations.

France, M. Poincare declared, would remain within the frame work of the treaty "before, during and after" the work of the experts' committee.

Calls Germany "Brazen."

M. Poincare made no direct reference to the question of limitation of powers of the experts' committee, which has been the subject of much argument during the past two or three days. In fact, he never refered directly to the United States, except when he said he had made it a point to leave no room for ambiguity on these matters in the interests of France and "the allies and associates."

Whenever he used the word "capacity" the premier always placed the word "present" before it.

In his speech M. Poincare dealt with what he called "Germany's brazen propaganda attempt" to bring about Anglo-Saxon pity by issuing illustrated leaflets showing she had paid in cash and kind to an amount of fifty-six billion gold marks. He

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FOUR ARE INJURED IN AUTO ACCIDENT

Machine Turns Over When It Hits Rope Used in Towing Another Car. Four Autos Crash.

Four persons, including two women, suffered slight injuries early Sunday night, when an automobile in which they were riding, collided with another machine on East Fair street, turned over and threw them to the pavement.

The injured included Miss Lula Belle Ogle, of 60 Robbins street, who suffered a dislocated shoulder; Mrs. J. R. Ferreira, of 204 Cooper street; W. B. Dickinson, of 156 Central avenue, and M. E. Chapman, of 204 Cooper street. The last named three were severely shaken up and bruised. All were taken to Grady hospital where their injuries were attended and they were later taken to their homes.

The accident occurred when the machine in which the four were driving collided with a rope that was being used in towing a disabled automobile owned by O. J. Steward, of 9 Mauldin street, and a machine driven by Pearl Johnson, of 45 Loomis avenue. In striking the rope the impact caused the machine to turn over.

Four automobiles figured in a wreck in which three of the machines were demolished, but the drivers escaped injury, on South Boulevard at Hansell street. Principals in the four-cornered collision were S. M. Helton, of 426 Edgewood avenue; C. W. Dodd, of 506 Silvey building; H. W. Landrum, of 714 Virginia avenue, College Park, and B. W. Brown, of Killian street.

The machine driven by Helton and Dodd collided at the street intersection, police were informed, the former's auto careening into the machine of Landrum, which was nearby, and Dodd's skidding more than 100 feet into the machine owned by Brown.

Cases of reckless driving were docketed against Helton, Dodd and Landrum. No charge was made against Brown, whose auto was parked, unoccupied, some distance away.

Seven Hats Ready for Convention Rings



The seven leading candidate possibilities who face the barrier. Left to right, above, President Coolidge, Sen. Hiram Johnson, Ex-Governor Lowden, and Wm. Gibbs McAdoo. Center, Sen. Oscar Underwood. Below, Sen. Robert La Follette, left, and Alfred Smith.

SOLONS PREDICT TAXATION REFORM AT EXTRA SESSION

Representatives A. S. Bussey and Albert J. Woodruff Believe Needed Changes Will Be Made.

Predictions that the extraordinary session of the Georgia general assembly, which convenes Wednesday morning, will accomplish "much needed" taxation reform and measures providing for free textbooks for the common schools of the state, were made Sunday by Representative A. S. Bussey, of Crisp, and Albert J. Woodruff, of DeKalb, the latter a member of the special tax commission appointed by Governor Walker.

Both Representatives Bussey and Woodruff expressed the opinion that the special session would undoubtedly adopt new taxation measures in line with recommendations made by the tax commission, which is to be submitted to both houses in joint session along with a message asking for careful consideration of taxation matters from Governor Walker.

Expects Income Tax.

"As a member of Governor Walker's tax commission," declared Representative Woodruff, "I spent two weeks at my own expense touring the state, talking to all kinds and classes of people, and I find that they are ready for something to be passed. I am of the opinion that the lawmakers will pass an income tax, and if these is any possible way to raise money without increasing the tax burdens of the people, I believe they will pass a free school book bill for at least the first grades.

"The state auditor question is of such importance and it seems to me that we should have some means of collecting these taxes as well as levying them. I am sure this matter will have serious consideration. I have talked with more than 100 members of the house in the last two months, and it is the opinion of almost every man that we are going to stop these howlers who continue to accuse the legislature of accomplishing nothing.

"We may not do what they want us to do at this extra session, but believe me, we are going to do something."

Calls on Governor.

Representative Bussey called upon Governor Walker Sunday afternoon on his way home from a conference in North Carolina, and declared he was certain that the special session would result in the adoption of a new tax system for the state.

"I feel confident that we will be able to get together in derising a new tax system," said Mr. Bussey. "From my personal observation I be-

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Atlantans Asked Today for Funds To Aid Veterans

Pretty Canvassers Will Fill Streets, Working for Disabled Heroes.

Atlantans who missed the opportunity Saturday to give their bit to the "Forget-Me-Not" drive for disabled veterans of the war will be asked again today, by the workers who have volunteered another day's service—since the appeal Saturday was hampered by a disagreeable drizzle that fell all day.

Less than $2,000 was secured in the first effort, and those in charge of apportioning these funds declare that at least $10,000 is needed to carry on the work for maimed and wounded in this vicinity. It is pointed out by the leaders that all the funds given will go to actual relief of those who were permanently disabled in service for the country in the stormy months of 1917 and 1918.

All the workers are asked to meet at 8 o'clock Monday morning at the Lowry Bank and Trust company, headquarters for the campaign.

All day Saturday, despite the blustery attitude of the elements, several score members of the Gold Star Mothers' association and other organizations interested in providing amusement and actual necessities to the disabled veterans, worked steadily. And these same people will return Monday to the task of securing aid for those in whom they have interested themselves.

Dr. Louis Prosterman is chairman of the campaign, and affiliated with him are Mrs. Irving Thomas, of the Gold Star Mothers' organization, and Mrs. Marcus Beck, of the same organization.

"Unless we can raise $10,000 Monday, many of the lads who gave the best portion of their lives to their country in 1917 and 1918 will see actual suffering. There are many of them who have insufficient clothing and who are not always certain of their next good meal—and since all the money raised will go to their assistance, it is squarely up to Atlanta to heed the request which is being earnestly made."

ALF WINCHESTER IS HELD PENDING PROBE

Tuscaloosa, Ala., November 4.—Alf Winchester was arrested at his home three miles from here today and lodged in the county jail pending further investigation of the finding of the charred body of a young woman in a negro church which burned in this county early last Wednesday morning. According to officers, the identity of the woman may be established. Doctors' examination of the skeleton of the woman showed that her skull had been crushed and ribs broken.

SINCLAIR MASKED CAMPAIGN GIFT, DECLARES HULL

Democratic Party Chairman Says Records Show No Contribution From Oil Magnate.

BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

Washington, November 4.—Harry F. Sinclair made no contribution to the democratic campaign of 1920 so far as the records of the democratic national committee disclose, Cordell Hull, chairman of that committee declared today in a formal statement.

Mr. Sinclair testified before the senate committee investigating the Teapot Dome naval oil reserve lease that he had contributed to both the republican and the democratic war chests three years ago.

"It must be assumed," Mr. Hull said, "that his contribution, if any, was surreptitously made and concealed by the agent who tendered it for him. It is difficult to conceive how Mr. Sinclair could have come to a decision to contribute to the funds of a party which was fighting against government favoritism and the control of administrations by the special interests. If any of his money came to the democrats in 1920, the contribution must have been made by him to gain favor with some individual democrat by whom its source was concealed, and not to advance a cause with which he could have had no sympathy.

"In all of its history, the democratic party has never been disgraced by such a scandal as the secret lease of the Teapot Dome naval oil reserve to one of Mr. Sinclair's companies."

WIFE BEATS RIVAL AND SENDS HUBBY TO CELL IN JAIL

Chicago, November 4.—Mrs. Gertrude Walsh decided to kill two birds with one stone late Saturday night.

She waited outside an exclusive club for Lillian Walsh, alleged "other woman," and when Lillian appeared, beat her up. The cops came and Lillian was the one who went to the hoosegow.

Then Mrs. Walsh hid in a doorway across the street and awaited developments.

They came hours later in the form of her husband, who wanted to bail Lillian out.

Whereat, Mrs. Walsh followed right in and talked so convincingly to the cops that not only one, but both the other angels of the Walsh triangle spent the night in separate cells.

TUESDAY POLLING WILL LIFT VEIL ON PARTY PLANS

Presidential Candidates Will Warm Up for 1924 Conventions After Returns Are In.

LA FOLLETTE IS SORE OVER KELLOGG HONOR

Republican Ranks Riven by Internal Discord Fed by Personal Feuds and Animosities.

BY RAYMOND CLAPPER.

Washington, November 4.—Once Tuesday's minor elections are over, presidential candidates, republican and democratic, will be led into the paddock to warm up for the 1924 convention race.

Senator LaFollette's return from Europe and his promise to make a statement on the political situation Monday concentrate interests on the insurgent movement within the administration ranks. The LaFollette bloc, which holds the balance of power in both houses of congress, will have considerabye to do with deciding the fate of the republican party in the presidential race next year.

At the moment the bloc is in a belligerent frame of mind, because President Coolidge has given his highest diplomatic post to former Senator Kellogg, who was rejected by the Minnesota voters a year ago, for a farmer-laborite. LaFollette stumped Minnesota against Kellogg. The personal animosity between these two men is deep. Kellogg offered the senate resolution proposing expulsion of LaFollette for a speech made during the war. If anything was needed to turn the Wisconsin senator completely against the administration it was the bestowal of the London ambassadorship on his most hated enemy. Both of the Minnesota senators—Henrik Shipstead and Magnus Johnson—have publicly condemned the Kellogg appointment. Others of the LaFollette bloc have done likewise.

Will Bore From Within.

LaFollette will concentrate upon making his influence felt in the coming session of congress. Whether he will enter actively into the presidential race will depend upon the way events unfold themselves. Most of the party regulars expect him to seek convention delegates in the northwestern states, where he is strong. LaFollette has refused thus far to say whether he will join a third party movement. Regular republicans analyzing the strength he now commands in congress through his elevation by seniority to ranking position on two of the most important senate committees—finance and railroads—predict he will remain inside the party as he did in 1912. He probably would be more dangerous to the administration working inside than outside.

Another source of anxiety to the throne is Hiram Johnson, who is expected to announce his candidacy soon. Between the administration's present attempt to mix in the reparations settlement and the pending world court project, Johnson has a double target to shoot at. His play will be made chiefly to the early primaries in the middle west. He has friends at work in Pennsylvania also.

Pinchot Faces Fight.

Governor Pinchot, of Pennsylvania, already has placed himself before the country on the dry issue. He has developed a large following by his terrific bombardment of the administration. But whether this following can be organized so that it will count politically is another matter. He will have hard sledding to get his own delegation, as the regular organization is fighting him bitterly.

In the offing are former Govenor Lowden, of Illinois, and Senator James E. Watson, of Indiana. Both have hopes, but past experiences have made them fatalists. Both would have to rely on the regular republican strength, which is tentatively attached to Coolidge. If Coolidge muffs his early chances in dealing with congress, the high priests of the party will pass the word around that he "won't do" and then the friends of Lowden and Watson will get busy. If Coolidge delivers a forceful message to congress and stirs a favorable reaction through the country, Lowden and Watson will put their campaign things back in their hope chests.

Hughes Not Eliminated.

Secretary of State Hughes is another republican figure whose potential strength is great, but who is at the mercy of events. He will not be a factor unless Coolidge suffers early

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HITTLER BUYS UP STORE OF PISTOLS TO ARM FASCISTS

New Outburst Expected To Occur on Anniversary of Revolution in Germany.

NEWSPAPER URGES CALL FOR VOLUNTEERS

Stresemann Probably Will Continue To Act Through "Rump Cabinet" in Berlin.

BY FERDINAND JAHN.

Berlin, November 4.—It is learned reliably that federal troops already have been planted in Thuringia in the vicinity of the Bavarian border, where fascist forces menace the federal government.

The troops have been ordered not to enter Bavaria, however, and the concentration is purely to prevent offensive moves by the illegal fascist bands.

Government investigators estimate that the fascist forces number 6,000 men but private investigators believe the fascisti have at least 10,000 men on the frontier.

It is reported that Adolph Hittler has made heavy purchases of military materials, especially revolvers. Rumors are also prevalent that a new outburst will occur on the anniversary of the German revolution this month.

Ex-War Minister Reinhardt, commander of the federal forces in Thuringia, is determined to resist any fascist attempt to cross the frontier.

Republicans here are showing increasing alarm over monarchist threats and monarchist mobilizations. The democratic newspaper "Tagblat" declares, "There is no time to lose." The government should appeal to all classes, regardless of politics, who are willing to protect the state in its present form." The paper urges the recruiting of thousands of volunteer police to prevent a fascist coup.

Meanwhile signs are increasing that Chancellor Stresemann is planning to take dictatorial powers. The "rump" cabinet will probably remain, but it is believed that Stresemann will continue to issue ordinances as if he controlled a full government.

Senator Glass To Lead Visitors To Wilson Home

Former Cabinet Member Asked To Sound Clarion Call for Admirers.

Washington, November 4.—Senator Glass, of Virginia, who was a member of Woodrow Wilson's cabinet, was selected today to be the spokesman for admirers of the former president who will make their annual pilgrimage Armistice day to his S Street home.

The committee in charge of the demonstration, which includes President Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, and Joseph P. Tumulty, secretary to Mr. Wilson while he was president, has asked Senator Glass to "strike a militant note" in his address which will ring like a clarion call to the followers of Mr. Wilson throughout the country.

The demonstrators will assemble several blocks from the Wilson home next Sunday afternoon and will march to the S Street residence preceded by a band of twenty-five pieces. They will be received by Mr. and Mrs. Wilson at the front steps of the house at 3:30 o'clock.

Assurance has been given the committee, it announced today, that Mr. Wilson will address his callers. It was made clear that the Sunday demonstration will be distinct from the address to be delivered Saturday night by the former president by radio to the nation.

The Weather
FAIR AND COOLER

Washington, November 4.—Forecast:

Georgia: Fair and cooler Monday; Tuesday fair, moderate west and northwest winds.

Virginia: Rain Monday; Tuesday fair, cooler in east portion.

North Carolina: Rain followed by clearing Monday; Tuesday fair and cooler; moderate variable winds becoming west and northwest.

South Carolina and Florida: Fair and cooler Monday; Tuesday fair, moderate west and northwest winds.

Exereme Northeast Florida, Alabama and Mississippi: Fair Monday and Tuesday; no change in temperature; moderate northwest winds.

Tennessee and Kentucky: Cloudy and cooler Monday; Tuesday fair.

Louisiana: Monday and Tuesday generally fair.

Arkansas: Monday fair, colder in east portion; Tuesday fair.

SAMUEL M'CALL DIES AT HIS HOME

Winchester, Mass., November 4.—Samuel W. McCall, governor of Massachusetts from 1916 to 1919 and representative of the Eighth Massachusetts district in congress from 1893 to 1913, died at his home here today of pneumonia. He was in his seventy-third year.

The former governor was born in East Providence, Penn., and was graduated at Dartmouth college. For many years he practiced law in Boston and at one time served as editor-in-chief of a Boston newspaper.

For forty years he had taken a leading part in state and national affairs as a republican. He served at Washington from the 53rd to the 62 congress, representing the Eighth Massachusetts district, and for fourteen years was a member of the ways and means committee.

Mr. McCall was widely known as a lecturer and writer. He is survived by a widow, two sons and three daughters.

COOLIDGE EXPRESSES REGRET AT DEATH.

Washington, November 4.—President Coolidge expressed regret in a statement issued tonight over the death of former Governor McCall of Massachusetts.

"For three years," said the president, "I served with him and came to appreciate his great ability and the high character of his public service. He will remain as a national figure in American history."

Mercer University Planning to Erect $100,000 Stadium

Macon, Ga., November 4.—(Special.)—Subscriptions toward raising an initial amount to apply on the erection of the concrete stadium which is proposed to be built here will be begun within a few days among the student-body and faculty of Mercer university, it has been learned today.

The stadium will be on the present site of Alumni field, which belongs to Mercer university, according to plans now under way. The specifications call for a concrete bowl to cost $100,000, which will cover 14 acres and seat 15,000 people.

Though the announcement of the plan to build a Macon stadium was carried in connection with the proposal that Georgia Tech and the University of Georgia be asked to paly their next fall game here, in event athletic relations between the two colleges are resumed, for a year or more a drive has been contemplated by officials of Mercer to erect such a bowl.

Drawings Completed.

It is understood that the architect's drawings are already in the hands of Dr. Rufus W. Weaver, president of the university.

Dr. Weaver, Dr. W. G. Lee and Dr. William R. Owen, who were appointed as a citizens' committee to prepare for an immediate campaign to raise funds, have been in conference. Dr. Weaver would make no statement for publication except that the plan which has been evolved by the committee must be approved by the board of trustees of Mercer before he could give it out. He stated that he would call a meeting this week to consider the matter.

City to Help.

Unofficially it has been learned that the city of Macon is to assume $50,000 of the stadium cost, and that Mercer is to raise the other $50,000. It is toward this end that subscriptions among the student body and the faculty are to be taken here. Those signing pledges for subscriptions are to be asked to make their payments within one month's time so that the work may not be delayed in the beginning.

The actual amount in cash to be depended upon is said to be only a few thousand dollars, the plans for the consummation of the stadium program having been so far concluded that the larger part of Mercer's required amount may be provided for upon short time. In event either the city of Macon or Mercer fails to raise the amount required of each the responsibility of the other is broken, reports stated.

—"Suppose Nobody Cared"—

ATLANTANS ASSIST IN INITIAL ISSUE GEORGIA CRACKER

Athens, Ga., November 4.—(Special.)—The Georgia-Auburn number of the Georgia Cracker, University of Georgia humorous publication, appeared Saturday, the day that the Georgia Bulldogs and the Auburn Tigers met in Columbus in the annual football classic of that city, and will go on sale in towns throughout the state today.

Especially excellent is the work of J. H Granath, of Atlanta, a former editor of the Georgia Tech monthly magazine and now a student in the Henry W. Grady school of journalism at the university

Brown Whatley, of Atlanta; Harold Sheffield, of Atlanta, and J. Harrell Drewry, of Griffin, also have what is termed clever art and cartoon work in this issue.

There is one serious article in this month's issue, an article on "Business" by Harry Hodgson, an alumnus of the university. An editorial in the magazine announces that each month a serious article on some profession will appear. There are to be articles on journalism, the ministry, medicine and other professions.

J. W. King, of Atlanta, is editor of The Cracker and Earle E. Watson, of Atlanta, is the business manager.

—"Suppose Nobody Cared"—

TUESDAY POLLING ON PARTY PLANS

Continued from First Page.

elimination. In such a contingency, ageous fight for the world court, and Hughes would immediately become a favorite because of his work at the Washington arms conference, his courhis present attempt to help solve the reparations tangle which is in doubt at the moment only because of France's hostile position.

While the extreme reconcilables in the senate would fight Hughes, he commands the confidence of great blocks of votes, including the church bloc which is now being organized behind the world court plan. If that project is driven through the senate, the opposition of the irreconcilables would have little effect on Hughes' candidacy.

—"Suppose Nobody Cared"—

Plan Cooking School.

Quitman, Ga., November 4.—(Special.)—Miss Mattie Whitfield, domestic science teacher, has been secured by the Hannah Clark D. A. R. chapter to conduct a cooking school in Quitman during the week of November 19.

$100,000 GIFT MADE MERCER UNIVERSITY

Continued from First Page.

dent of the Georgia Bankers' association. Some years ago he moved to Atlanta, where he became president of the Atlanta Trust company retiring two years ago from this position to give his full time to his personal affairs. He holds cotton mill interests at Social Circle and Jackson in addition to farm lands and banking interests.

In announcing the gift of Mr. Ethridge, Dr. Porter said:

"It is the hope of Mr. Ethridge that the fund which he is now creating will grow to much larger dimensions through others who may be influenced to take similar action with himself on behalf of the youth of Georgia.

"The fund will be named after the donor's father and mother and will be called the Frank Scarborough Ethridge Foundation. Mr. Ethridge



F. S. ETHERIDGE.

is a humble and consecrated man and desires God to have the chief glory. His favorite scripture text is, 'Seek ye first the kingdom of God and all these things shall be added unto you.'

"What the world wants is example, and one name and deed sometimes leavens a whole generation. May it be even so in this case. May many follow Mr. Ethridge's illustrious example, and link their names in some great way with the name of Christ and the cause of Christian education."

The letter of Mr. Ethridge to President Weaver follows:

Rev. Rufus W. Weaver, D. D., L. L. D., President of Mercer university, Macon, Ga.

Dear Sir and Brother: The great blessings which I have had from our Heavenly Father move me with profound gratitude. For some years I have been thinking of the best way in which to express this, and I have concluded that the best way to do so is by service to mankind, and in cooperation with the work of my brethren.

Therefore, I beg to advise that I am preparing to establish a fund for the benefit of Mercer university, and for worthy students in that institution, who, in their effort to secure an education, need assistance, but not charity.

This is, therefore, to inform you that as soon as certain details are worked out, I shall deliver to proper custodians properties to the amount of $100,000. These properties are to be kept safe and the income is to be delivered annually to Mercer university. Three-fourths of this income is to be loaned to students, under the conditions prescribed; one-fourth may be used for general purposes of the university, subject also to such limitations, as I feel sure the university will approve.

In honor of my parents, I should like for this fund to be called the Frank Scarborough Etheridge fund. The title carries the name of my father and my mother and the name which she gave me.

I am entrusting this to Dr. Henry Alford Porter, my beloved pastor, for delivery to you, and for such publication as he may see fit to give it. Very sincerely yours,

F. S. ETHERIDGE.

Other large gifts made to Mercer university in the past are the Gray fund, given by James A. Gray, of Jones county, amounting to $17,466; the Cheney fund, given by Aquila Cheney, amounting to $29,510; the General Loan fund, contributed by friends of the university, amounting to $13,275; the Jane Posey fund, amounting to $10,000; the McCall fund, given by John G. McCall, amounting to $1,000; the McCall fund, amounting to $51,190; the Washington association fund, amounting to $2,000; the Reynolds fund, given by Mrs. E. E. Reynolds, amounting to $1,175; the McWhorter fund, given by W. P. McWhorter, amounting to $5,000; the Groover fund, given by Mrs. E. E. Reynolds, of Savannah, amounting to $5,000; the Watson fund, given by Thomas E. Watson, amounting to $5,000; the Dodd fund, given by Mrs. Barbara Dodd, of Atlanta, amounting to $50,000; the Mercer fund, given by Jesse Mercer, amounting to $40,000; the Lawson fund, given by Thomas G. Lawson, amounting to $70,000; the Parker fund, given by C. B. Parker, amounting to $10,000; the Cole fund, given by R. D. Cole, of Newnan, amounting to $47,000; the Paschal fund, given by W. C. Paschal, amounting to $10,000; the Carnegie fund of $20,000; the Sanders fund of $35,500, given by Miss Caroline Sanders; the Hardman fund, amounting to $50,000; given by Dr. W. B. Hardman; the Selman fund of $5,000; Mrs. Walton Wigg's fund of $4,000. Other benefactors of the university are J. B. Norman, $2,000; W. L. Bowen, $1,000; F. C. Hood, $1,000; Henry Patillo, $1,000.

—"Suppose Nobody Cared"—

COLORED BAPTISTS ELECT OFFICERS

Quitman, Ga., November 4.—(Special.)—The annual meeting of the Thomasville Baptist association was held at the Beaulah Baptist church here this week.

Dr. S. S. Broadnax, of Thomasville, was elected moderator; Rev. J. R. Johnson, of Valdosta, vice-moderator; Rev. G. H. Kennedy, of Quitman, clerk. Rev. W. F. Harver was made clerk emeritus and Rev. E. Jones, honorary treasurer.

—"Suppose Nobody Cared"—

SOLONS PREDICT TAXATION REVISION

Continued from First Page.

lieve that it will be along lines suggested at the last session for a modified income tax measure."

Representative C. P. McGarity, of Paulding county, has declared himself in favor of an income tax, with proper exemption, and the creation of machinery to insure collection of all taxes that are levied. With the adoption of an income tax, Mr. McGarity believes, the ad valorem rate of taxation should be reduced from 5 to 3 mills. He stated he was opposed to a free school book measure unless he could be shown a proper source of revenue to pay for the books.

Tax Commission Report.

Since adjournment of the regular session on August 15 last, the voluntary state tax commission, named by the governor, has toured the state in an exhaustive effort to gain an authentic knowledge of the needs, requirements and wishes of the state on taxation. This commission has worked entirely at its own expense. There has not been a penny taken from the state treasury to meet any of their large expenditures. The twelve men chosen, each of them representing the very finest type of Georgian, each of them unselfishly anxious to serve the state, so that the generations of the future may profit by their accomplishments of today, have gone about their work in a manner so unselfish, so convincing in the one desire to find the best for the state, that people all over Georgia have been convinced beyond doubt of their honesty of purpose.

Under such circumstances, the report and recommendations of this commission, which are to be presented to both houses of the assembly immediately after the session convenes, will undoubtedly receive utmost attention and supremely careful consideration. It is evident, even to the most cursory observer, that this report will go before the legislature backed by the vast majority of the people of the state, backed by the solid conviction of the voters that it is the honest expression of the views of a very sincere and very capable group of men, who have had unexcelled opportunities to study the problems which they have considered.

New Bills Expected.

That there will be numerous bills presented, in addition to those already before the legislature, offering their authors' opinions on what is best for the state in a taxation way, is certain. Of the taxation reform bills which will come over from the regular session, the most important are the Lankford bill, which passed the senate but held up in the house, and a group of bills introduced in the house by the committee on constitutional amendments, but which did not get time for sufficient consideration during the regular session.

The Lankford bill provides for an income tax in addition to the ad valorem tax, with the provision that the taxpayer may deduct the smaller of these two taxes from the larger when paying. Several objections have been voiced to this bill, one of the most interesting being the fact that no provision is made for man and wife who may live upon the same income and own property together, but have it in one or the other's name. Thus a man, in many instances, would pay full income tax upon his earnings, and have to pay full ad valorem tax upon his home, but would be unable to subtract either one because the home was recorded in his wife's name. This, obviously, would work an injustice and cause double taxation. It is possible, if the bill passes both houses, an amendment to remedy this situation will be added.

The bills introduced by the house committee were three in number. One provides for a state income tax, one provides for the classification of property for ad valorem taxation, and the third is a combination of these two.

Speculation On Report.

Just what the tax commission will recommend has not yet been announced and it is unlikely that the members of the commission, or the governor, will give out any definite statement along this line prior to presentation of the report to the assembly. However, observers who attended the majority of the public sessions of the commission, have become convinced that some form of income tax will undoubtedly be recommended, with the added probability of a classification and segregation of property recommendation also. It is also believed that the commission will recommend amendments to many of the present tax laws to provide adequate machinery for their enforcement. The lack of machinery to enforce collection of taxes already on the statute books has been shown to be one of the greatest troubles of the present tax system.

It is also likely that the commission will urge upon the legislators the advisability of a state budget and a state audit system upon modern lines.

Representative Ennis, of Baldwin county, was the author of a measure in the house which did not pass during the regular session, which would have created a state revenue department with a commissioner of revenues whose duty it would be to collect all special and occupational taxes which are not returned in the regular channels. In other words, he and his deputies would act as collectors of delinquent taxes. Mr. Ennis presented figures with his bill to show that proper collection of this class of taxes would increase the state's revenue by over a million a year.

The new cigarette and cigar tax, which provides for the payment of 10 per cent of the retail price on all cigarette and cigar sales in the state, and which goes into effect on January 1 next, is also said to be lacking in enforcement machinery and it is probable that the legislature will take steps to remedy this at the special session.

Governor's Message.

Governor Walker is now at work on a special message on taxation which he will deliver to the assembly shortly after it convenes and which, it is expected, will set forth his views on the matter in detail, in addition to giving a full explanation of the work of the tax commission, and an analysis of the reasons which actuated members in making the recommendations.

The commission's report has been prepared by a special subcommittee of three. Copies have been sent to each member of the commission for approval and while all have not yet returned their copies, the majority have done so with complete approval signified.

Just how long it will take both houses to complete their organization for the special session and clear away the preliminary work cannot be told. Speaker W. Cecil Neill, of the house, and President Carswell, of the senate, will undoubtedly expedite things as much as possible, but there are several matters of extraneous interest which it is known will be brought up. Whether the effort to pass upon these at this session will be successful cannot now be foretold, though the members interested will undoubtedly make strenuous efforts to bring them out.

All in all, many interesting developments are sure to eventuate during this winter meeting of the state lawmakers. And, beyond doubt, the quota of talk will be as high as ever. The limitations of the call will reduce the number of subjects for debate but will have no effect on the total output of words per diem.

For Colds, Grip or Influenza and as a Preventive, take Laxative BROMO QUININE Tablets. The box bears signature of E. W. Grove. 30c. —(adv.)



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Tan or Black Lace Billikens, in sizes 5 to 8..... $3.00
8½ to 11½..... $3.50



Growing girls' brown low lace Oxfords, with medium toe (4 styles), sizes 2½ to 7.. $5.00



"Billiken" Lace Boots, for misses, with medium or slender toe, in sizes 12 to 2... $4.85



"Billiken" Tan Lace Boots, in sizes 8½ to 11½..... $3.95
12 to 2..... $4.85



Little Gents' "Billiken" Lace Shoes, black or tan; in sizes 12 to 2..... $3.95

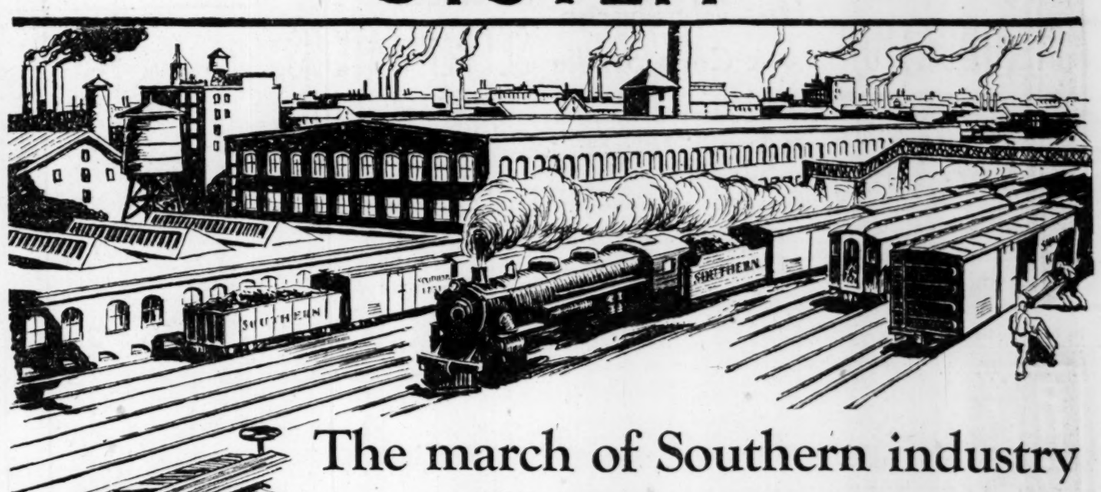


"Billiken" Button Shoes, tan or black, in sizes 5 to 8.... $3.00
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"Billiken" shoes for children, misses, little boys, growing-ups and grown-ups are the best-fitting, best-looking, best-wearing shoes you can buy.

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The march of Southern industry

The South is still the world's cotton producer, but as a result of the development of the vast natural resources of this rich territory in the past few years the prosperity of the South no longer depends on a single product of the soil.

Agriculture has been greatly diversified, live stock husbandry has increased, cotton manufacturing has gone ahead with giant strides, and the uncovering of great mineral deposits has supplied the raw materials for many new industries.

The growth of the Southern Railway System has kept pace with the march of industry. We have double-tracked more than a thousand miles of main lines and installed automatic electric block signals; increased the weight of rails, the tractive power of locomotives and the carrying capacity of cars; and increased yard and side tracks to 40% of the road mileage—a development that has called for the investment of $285,000,000 in twenty years.

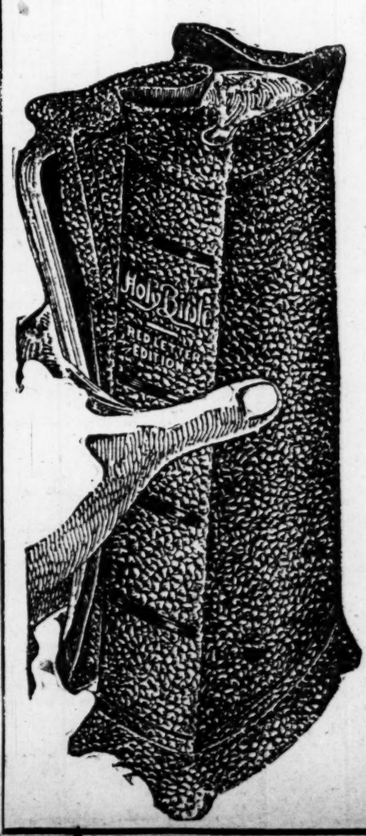
Originally built to serve an agricultural South, the lines of the Southern Railway System today are hauling an ever-increasing tonnage of raw materials and manufactured products of the industrial South. Agriculture is still the foundation of our Southern prosperity, but a greater South is being built out of the rich stores of underground resources that Nature has been holding in reserve for us.

Southern Railway System deposits in Southern banks an average of $150,500 each banking hour.



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As long as this great offer lasts, a Bible Coupon is being printed in these columns daily. Three of these coupons will enable the holder to take advantage of our offer explained therein. The idea is to encourage Bible reading in order to overcome the world's unrest—a movement which is being sponsored by leading newspapers of this country. Make your selection early—Style A, Big Print Red Letter Edition as shown in the accompanying illustration; or Style B, medium large print, which is less elaborately bound but just as complete and durable.

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Get Yours TODAY

Humane Society Probes 2321 Cases of Cruelty

Any one who has the idea that because automobiles have come into such general use there is no longer need for such an agency as the Atlanta Humane society would do well to look in for a while on the society's work. Then he would change his mind. For notwithstanding the organization might have followed the spirit of the example set by many a livery stable that changed itself into a garage, Atlanta has continued to grow around it and there probably are just as many horses and mules, just as many dogs and cats, just as many other animals to be protected, as ever there were. This is the surprising thing about the Atlanta Humane society, whose work probably is known by practically everybody at least in theory.

The society seeks to prevent acts of cruelty to animals, on the one hand, and to teach the younger generation those humane principles that engender an attitude of kindliness and protection toward all helpless dumb brutes. The society's motto is "We speak for those who cannot speak for themselves."

During the past year in Atlanta, 2,321 cases of cruelty were reported to the society, according to its report, and were investigated and corrected. In addition, the report said, the society has seen to the proper shoeing of 161 horses and mules; has electrocuted 276 miserable and homeless dogs and cats; has treated and cured 81 mules and horses, and (here is a surprising fact) has found homes for 241 dogs.

The Atlanta society has founded and maintained one of the finest dog pounds in the state. All dogs taken up by the city are handled in this pound.

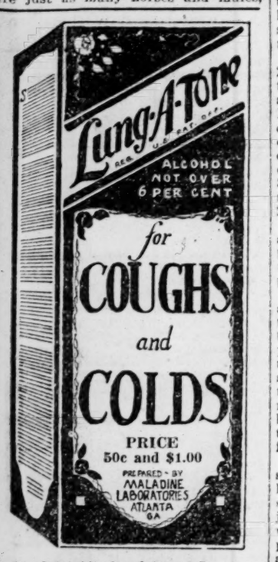
The society's free clinic for animals at 1035 Marietta street is one of the unique establishments of Atlanta. If the owner of an animal can pay, he is asked to do so. But if the owner himself has no money, the society proceeds on the assumption that the dog or the cat certainly has none, and that its primary function being humane it should go ahead and treat the patient while charging the fees off the book.

According to Mrs. D. W. Totten, secretary of the society, approximately 6,000 cases, some of cruelty and some of neglect, others of lost or injured animals, have been investigated within the last 20 months. Wherever possible, she said, cases of cruelty to animals are handled without prosecution ,the desire being not to antagonize but to teach and to make friends for the suffering.

"We frequently find stables where animals must lie in mud or filth several inches deep," she said, "or must stand up all night. Many reports come to us of animals being beaten or starved. We come in contact with many distressing things, of which these are just fair illustrations."

The society desires to establish a farm where sick and helpless animals may be cared for. It needs many other things, according to its officers, but its share in the total budget of the Community Chest provides solely for its operating expenses in 1924.

The officers are W. Woods White, president; Mrs. Stacey Ernest Hill, vice president; Mrs. D. W. Totten, secretary; Mrs. Joseph N. Moody, treasurer; Dr. D. W. Totten ,field officer.



On Sale All Good Drug Stores

Use Pyro-ZENE For Pyorrhea

PRESCRIBED BY ALL MODERN DRUG STORES

—"Suppose Nobody Cared"—

SHOWMAN IS HELD AS GIRL CHARGES ASSAULT ATTEMPT

Savannah, Ga., November 4.—(Special.)—J. H. Culpepper, a young white man, connected until yesterday with a carnival playing the Tri-State fair, is today in custody of the police on complaint of a pretty 18-year-old girl of Savannah, who declares he attempted criminally to assault her late last night at the showgrounds.

Culpepper denies ever seeing the girl, who at first failed to identify him because she said he had changed his coat. The girl claims he offered her a sum of money not to report his unsuccessful attack in the dark near the showgrounds.

—"Suppose Nobody Cared"—

WOODWARD VISITS FRIENDS IN ATHENS

Athens, Ga., November 4.—(Special.)—Colonel J. C. Woodward, president of Georgia Military academy at College Park, was in Athens Saturday en route from Greenville to College Park.

While in the city Colonel Woodward called on a number of his friends at the University of Georgia and the State College of Agriculture.

Colonel Woodward stated that his institution is experiencing one of the best years in its history. Besides having a large number of students in attendance from all parts of Georgia, there are many at the institution from Florida and other states. The athletic record being made by his students is very good, the president announced.

Accompanying Colonel Woodward was his wife. They were making the trip by motor.

—"Suppose Nobody Cared"—

BARNESVILLE PLANS ARMISTICE PROGRAM

Barnesville, Ga., November 4.—(Special.)—Under the auspices of the W. C. T. U., the Woman's club, the U. D. C. chapter, the Parent-Teacher association and the Three Arts club, Armistice day will be appropriately observed here Friday, November 9, when General H. D. Russell, of Macon, will deliver the principal address in Gordon auditorium, to all ex-service men and the public.

Following the auditorium exercises, a luncheon will be served by these organizations to all the ex-service men, at which Col. Harvey Kennedy will act as toastmaster and at which Col. Curtis Barrett will respond for the ex-service men.

—"Suppose Nobody Cared"—

VERSAILLES PACT SET REPARATIONS

Continued from First Page.

quoted the reparation commission's statistics putting the amount paid at under nine billion gold marks, of which France, he said, had only received 244,000,000 net above the expense of the army of occupation and advances.

Scores British Stand.

With a seeming touch of scorn M. Poincare dismissed the British note with reference to an independent Rhineland by remarking that he was unable to grasp the reasoning of it, which appeared to him contrary to the principles of the rights of peoples.

"We never promised to protect the German constitution against the Germans nor even the unity of the reich; and the initiatives taken by the Germanic states do not excuse the allies from observing toward one another the treaty they signed," he declared.

After the usual introduction recounting the part played in the war by the troops of this locality, M. Poincare said: "It is now more than four years since Germany solemnly undertook at Versailles to repair the damage she caused. She accepted the figure of her debt as determined by the commission on reparations and agreed to give this commission an order for 100,000,000,000 gold marks as the minimum of her guarantee. But once the signatures were given her only effort has been to avoid paying.

Plenty of Propaganda.

"While pretending to have made sacrifices since the treaty and to have paid the allies large sums, Germany has found money for shameless propaganda in the Anglo-Saxon countries, as is illustrated by leaflets distributed showing mines, locomotives, ships, coke, coal, horses, cows and pigs, and, facing them, rows of bags of gold representing their value. These marvelous pictures were intended to prove that Germany had paid her creditors fifty-six billion gold marks.

"The leaflets falsely add that Germany, in addition, offered to pay thirty billion gold marks and conclude her debt."

Fortunately, the premier continued, the reparation commission exists and its conscientious investigations showed the total paid to the end of June, 1923, was 8,849,913,000 gold marks, of which 6,298,008,000 was cash for division among the allies. France had received in cash and kind, including armistice deliveries and the value of the Sarre mines, 2,152,492,000 gold marks, from which must be deducted 1,908,434,000 for the cost of occupation and advances so that there remained only a little more than 244,000,000 marks.

Refers to 1870.

"Compare that with what we paid in 1870," the premier exclaimed.

During this time all the French and foreigners visiting the Ruhr, said M. Poincare, had been astounded by the colossal expenditure for German constructions in the Ruhr factories, country houses for the wealthy and workers' homes. The German state had been ruining itself, but allowing its citizens, particularly the great industrialists, to enrich themselves without serious effort to make them pay an equitable contribution toward national resurrection.

"Yet," continued M. Poincare," it is after this self-willed bankruptcy, that we have been invited from several quarters to revise the German debt, just as if that debt had not been definitely fixed by application of the treaty, and as if it depended on the constitutionality of the French government to reshape the diplomatic convention accepted by both its chambers. We therefore have had to take our precautions that none should seek to despoil us of our pledges before total payment, and that in the expert investigation to which the reparation commission proceeds with a view to estimating Germany's present capacity, there should be no reconsideration by some indirect way of the settled amount of the debt.

Dispell All Ambiguity.

"We have been firm in dissipating beforehand any ambiguity of these points in the interests of our relations with our allies and associates. In accepting the principle of this expert inquiry we had given them, with all our heart, evidence of friendship; but we were naturally decided to keep ourselves within the framework of the treaty before, during and after the work of the experts.

"Even in estimating the present capacity it will be desirable that the experts search with the utmost care the real conditions under the rags of misery with which the reich seeks to cover itself.

"It is evident that before making regular payments Germany will have to reform her finances, establish a healthy money, and put herself in a state to contract foreign loans. But would you like to bear in simple details how her external commerce progresses each day?"

Will Keep Security.

M. Pincare said the statistics of the Suez canal showed that during past months German navigation has left French navigation far behind it. He then turned to the question of security, repeating as he does in all his Sunday speeches:

"We can no more abandon our security than our reparations. The treaty has reduced the time for the occupation of the Rhine to far less time than will be required for liberation from debt. In return for this reduction we were promised pacts of guarantees. Nothing as yet has replaced those still born pacts. Whatever political organization is adopted in the future by the German populations we shall be ever on the watch to render fresh aggressions imposed.

"We shall never tire of repeating that we have no thought of appropriating, directly or indirectly, any territory, and that we intend fully to respect the liberty of the inhabitants. But when I hear it said in certain friendly quarters that if certain groups of the population proclaim independence a revision of the treaty of Versailles must follow, I can not follow such reasoning."

U. S. WILL RETAIN HOLD ON WORLD PLOW.

Navarin Farm, Champagne, France, November 4.—(By the Associated Press.)—"We have put our hands to the plow and we are willing to run the furrow through," said Myron T. Herrick, the American ambassador, in discussing American participation in European affairs during a speech today at the dedication of a monument to the Americans and French who fell in the Champagne district during the world war. "Whether we like it or not," Mr. Herrick added, "our lot now is cast in with the other nations to a very considerable extent."

America's entry into the war, the ambassador said, was prompted by idealism and sentiment for France, but also by "plain common sense business and for the right." For high motives to be effective in results they "must be founded on sound economics," he continued.

America Is Concerned.

"The situation in Europe at this minute concerns America as profoundly, though far less tragically, than did the affairs of 1914 to 1917," the ambassador declared. "Our continued well-being depends largely upon the settlement of Europe's affairs and calls for the exercise of the same common sense and business judgment as actuated America in joining the war.

"If we were to stand aloof from what we call this 'European mess' when it is apparent the balance cannot be redressed without our help," the ambassador continued, "then why did we come into the war in 1917? Were we mistaken then? Were the government and the people wrong in the almost unanimous decision to act? I answer no. No such disgraceful verdict upon this case will ever be rendered by the American people. We have put our hands to the plow and we are willing to run the furrow through for we now know if the present problem is not solved, and justly and quickly solved, then truly America will have fought in the war in vain."

War Forces Still Call.

Mr. Herrick said the United States had been forced into the war after three years of deliberation "by what we believed to be our own best interests, backed by moral indignation." And now these same forces were "calling on us to aid in redressing the balance of the world."

"Can it be accomplished without us?" asked Mr. Herrick, who continued: "The logic of events is stronger than any man's wishes and the vital concerns of a country take precedence over the personal preference of either its statesmen or its individual citizens.

"Because of the things we fought for, because of the things we hoped for, because of the things our men died for—whether we like it or not, our lot now is cast in with the other nations to a very considerable extent. This whole question rises far and away above the clamor and strife of partisan politics, and whosoever seeks to use it for political advantage sullies the memory of the dead we come here to honor."

Short Cuts to Wealth

IF you will investigate the business records of most of the people who SEEM to have found a Short Cut to Wealth, you will find that they laid the foundation of their fortune by SAVING.

When the opportunity to make money came they had the cash to take advantage of it.

A Savings Account at the Atlanta National is, perhaps, the easiest way to save. Deposits made by Tuesday, November 6, draw interest from November 1st.

The Atlanta National Bank

Main Office — Whitehall at Alabama

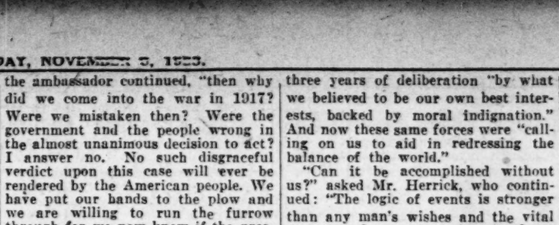
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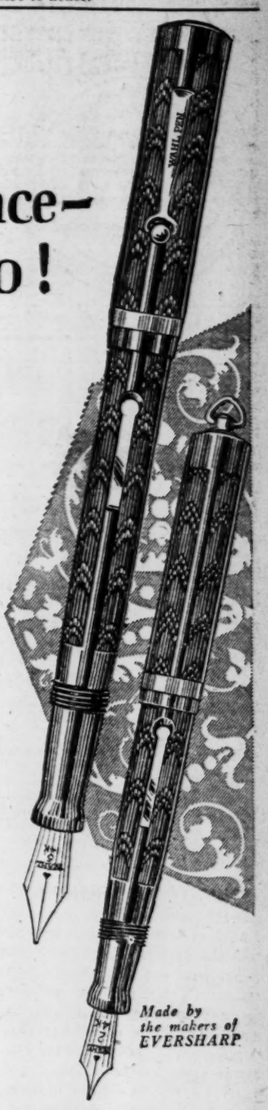
You don't have to shake a Wahl Pen. It is always ready to write. The ink begins to flow the instant the point touches paper.

But Wahl Pen never floods and never stains the fingers. The comb feed regulates the ink flow perfectly. And the Wahl special filler fills the pen absolutely full of ink every time.

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Wahl Pen is so perfectly balanced that it feels great in your writing hand. It is an outstanding fountain pen made by the makers of Eversharp. Ask to see it. Select the style that appeals to you most. Price, $2.50 up.

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17 black degrees (with or without erasers) Also 3 copying

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Only Three Coupons

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Style A—Red Letter Bible, overlapping limp black leather covers, red edges, round corners, gold lettering, large, clear print, three coupons and only **$1.98**

Style B—Plain Print Bible, flush limp black seal grain textile leather cover, red edges, medium large type, strong and durable, three coupons and only..... **98c**

Mail Orders: Send amount for Style A or Style B, with three of these coupons, and include 17 cents each additional for postage, packing and insurance.

NOTE—The Catholic Bible (Douay Version) can be supplied to readers desiring same. It is practically the same size and bound similar to Style A described above and is offered on the same terms, 3 coupons and $1.98, or by mail, $2.15.

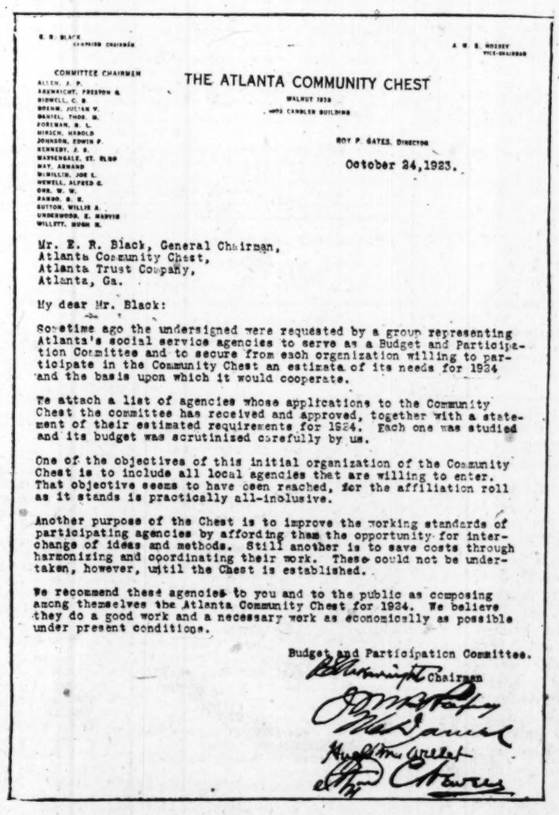
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POISONING requires ELIMINATION. The Neal Treatment acts as an ANTIDOTE for these poisons, creates a loathing for drink or drugs and overcomes the diseased condition. (No Hyoscine used.) Dr. J. H. Conway, 10 years with the "Keeley," in charge Neal Institute, 229 Woodward Ave. Atlanta, Ga.—(adv.)

"*Money* merely represents value---It is the *things it buys* that counts"

"A Good and Necessary Work As Economically as Possible Under Present Conditions"



THE ATLANTA COMMUNITY CHEST

WALNUT 1838
1003 CANDLER BUILDING

ROY P. GATES, Director

October 24,1923.

Mr. E. R. Black, General Chairman,
Atlanta Community Chest,
Atlanta Trust Company,
Atlanta, Ga.

My dear Mr. Black:

Sometime ago the undersigned were requested by a group representing Atlanta's social service agencies to serve as a Budget and Participation Committee and to secure from each organization willing to participate in the Community Chest an estimate of its needs for 1924 and the basis upon which it would cooperate.

We attach a list of agencies whose applications to the Community Chest the committee has received and approved, together with a statement of their estimated requirements for 1924. Each one was studied and its budget was scrutinized carefully by us.

One of the objectives of this initial organization of the Community Chest is to include all local agencies that are willing to enter. That objective seems to have been reached, for the affiliation roll as it stands is practically all-inclusive.

Another purpose of the Chest is to improve the working standards of participating agencies by affording them the opportunity for interchange of ideas and methods. Still another is to save costs through harmonizing and coordinating their work. These could not be undertaken, however, until the Chest is established.

We recommend these agencies to you and to the public as composing among themselves the Atlanta Community Chest for 1924. We believe they do a good work and a necessary work as economically as possible under present conditions.

Budget and Participation Committee.

Chairman

This is Your Assurance That Your Investment Is Sound---

If the Community Chest did no more than reveal to ALL Atlanta the great humane work that has been struggling through on beggarly support—if it did no more than make us conscious of what MUST be done in our behalf, with our support — it would be well worth while.

We have been needing this inspiration to shake off our selfishness and come back together in the good old unselfish high-minded Spirit of Atlanta.

COMMUNITY CHEST

ATLANTA CAN DO THIS THING—LET'S DO IT RIGHT!

THE CONSTITUTION

CLARK HOWELL
Editor and General Manager.
Clark Howell, Jr., Business Manager.

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PERSONAL SELF GOVERNMENT:—He that hath no rule over his own spirit is like a city that is broken down, and without walls.—Proverbs 25:28.

JOHNSTOWN'S WARNING.

The backbone of the movement of negroes from the south into the industrial centers of the north and central west has undoubtedly been broken. A few of the relatives, mostly women, of those who are more permanently established than the majority, are going, but the exodus, as such, has been halted, and largely by reason of the environments they encounter in these centers.

In many of the cities, St. Louis and Kansas City and Pittsburg, to illustrate, the landlords of negro tenement houses are alleged to have run the rentals up to such exorbitant rates that either all of the wages of the negro workers are consumed in living expenses, or such a congestion has ensued that living conditions have become intolerable. In the better regulated centers the health and sanitary forces have stepped in to cope with that menace, and hence the negroes have been made to meet the confiscatory prices for better living, or have been forced to move on.

The truth is when industry began to reach out for negro labor, due to the 1921 immigration restriction act, the labor agents took up the recruiting, sent their representatives to the south, and imposed upon the negroes in the most shameful manner perhaps known in modern history. They were painted vari-colored pictures of high wages, social and educational advantages, community recreations, etc., in a way that appealed to their impressionable natures, and that penetrated the very heart of their ignorance. When the emigrants reached the industrial centers, usually upon tickets bought by the labor recruiters and for which they were made to repay from their wages, they found conditions entirely different from the stories that had been told them. Hundreds of them tried to get back south, but could not do so unless obtaining money from the south. Many of them did this; but thousands were forced to remain, and with gambling, immorality, high rents and other living expenses pressing upon them either temptations or necessities they have been unable to get a week's wages ahead. In the meantime hundreds of them have died, and with living conditions inviting pneumonia in most of the centers it is horrible to contemplate the toll that the winter will exact.

In this connection, and as an illustration of the horrors of living conditions at Johnstown, Pa., we are reprinting on this page an article from The Manufacturers' Record, which incorporates the report made by Professor Kelly Miller, of Howard university, as recently published in the Philadelphia Public Ledger.

Especial interest attaches to this because it will be recalled the mayor of Johnstown recently issued an edict against the further establishment of negro residents in that city, and practically ordering away all of the negroes who had been imported into the place in the last seven years. It aroused a storm of protest. The suggestion that the city executive should have forced a revision of the living conditions is a correct one, but according to the report made by the Howard professor, he at the same time realized the growing menace to the life and health of all the people, black and white, as well as the growing menace of immorality that always incubates in such environments, and he took the shortest and quickest, even if arbitrary, course toward a remedy.

The recital of Professor Miller is interesting, and the description of the housing condition of the 5,000 negroes imported into the Johnstown industries reads as almost incredible.

The labor agents who came into the south and deliberately and maliciously sold the tens of thousands of trusting negroes, all of them ignorant to their wiles, into such conditions and into such environments are responsible for one of the most deplorable situations in enlightened times; and the law should even yet make them pay.

TOO MANY COUNTIES.

Dr. J. H. T. McPherson and Dr. E. M. Coulter, collaborating in a statement issued Wednesday night and carried out of Athens by the Associated Press, stress the outstanding fact that Georgia's economic ills are traceable primarily to too large a number of counties in the state.

Absolutely so. The Constitution for years has taken this position, and warned the legislatures of the past against the new-county mania that swept everything before it for several sessions.

Now that the damage has been done, a few more new counties would do no harm. Perhaps an enlargement to 200, or even to 300, would serve a good purpose in reducing the policy to an absurdity and thus force a revision of the county lines of the state so that we would not have more than half as many counties as now. So on with the county "cut up"—the more the merrier! Some new county proposals are infinitely more meritorious than some that have been effected.

The position taken by Dr. McPherson, who is a member of the state tax commission, that representatives in both houses should be based upon the number of inhabitants rather than upon the present geographical or county unit plan, is thoroughly democratic and is in keeping with the federal apportionment as to congressional districts, each district being kept approximately to the same population unit.

The problem of making such a change, however, in Georgia is a most difficult one. It would involve "legislative districts," instead of individual county representation, and with 117 of the 160 counties in the state getting more out of the state treasury than they individually or collectively pay in, there can readily be seen the obstacles to be overcome in getting enacted any constitutional amendment cutting the county representations out, and substituting the house districts.

These difficulties, and these distressing drawbacks to economic progression in Georgia, should have been taken into account when the mania for new counties was sweeping the state—but it wasn't.

The tax committee of the City club in Altanta recently made a most exhaustive study and report covering this very matter. Georgia has more counties by forty than any other state in America except the great land area state of Texas, several times as large, the next nearest being Kentucky with only 120 counties. In Texas there are 253 counties, but the land area of each county will average 1,037 square miles as against only 379 square miles in Georgia, for the average Texas county is three times the size of the average Georgia county.

Something ought to be done to place Georgia's legislature on a basis of representative government, but just how it can be done is the problem.

COMMUNITY INFLUENCE.

In his columns of "Random Remarks" in The DeKalb New Era, Editor J. A. Hall has the following to say:

"People all over the southeast have their eyes fixed on Decatur. They are sending their sons and daughters here to spend four or more years of the most impressionable period of their lives. It is a well known fact that the college years are fraught with the gravest danger—danger of losing the childhood faith and the home appraisal of religious and spiritual values—danger of entering inviting but treacherous roads of belief and disregard of tried and time-honored safeguards which may be cast aside during the college years and lost forever. The parents who are sending their children here to be educated are entrusting their moral welfare to us. These young people will carry through life the impressions and ideals they gain while here and, despite the fact that we may wish to ignore it, the responsibility rests upon every man, woman and child in this community to give to it the best possible moral and sane atmosphere."

Individual influence is a powerful force. It drives in no middle ground between good and bad. The influence one person wields is for either good or bad, and the most inconspicuous person wields an influence for one or the other.

Every person makes a daily contribution to a community's moral and intellectual atmosphere, whether he wants to or not. That is true, and the community is drawn by the people.

It is a great responsibility—the greatest perhaps that rests upon an individual.

Decatur is a model community, and Editor Hall is along the right line when he seeks to impress the people with the added responsibility of keeping it thus by reason of the schools and colleges in the community.

Even in the finest Indian summer weather the ambitious small boy can't see an Indian to scalp.

Just From Georgia

BY FRANK L. STANTON



The Sweet Little Woman.

I.

The sweet little woman—
She knows your every care;
She's in the Evening doorway
And lights the darkness there.
And far you see a twinkling hearth
And know a little woman's worth.

II.

The sweet little woman—
When day's long toil is o'er
You say, with Love and longing—
"The Heart of Home once more!"
For all the world lives in that place—
Love and a little woman's face.

* * * *

The Better New Times.

(From the Brookfield Argus.)

Of course you have met the old-timers who are convinced that these are extremely degenerate days, and that things were much better in their youth. They insist that in the older days of this country, when life was relatively simple and many modern avenues for dissipation and fraud did not exist, people lived purer and healthier lives. But records of conditions prevailing a hundred years or so ago in this country suggest that there was an enormous amount of fraud. An unsound banking system was one thing that made a lot of opportunities for sharp practice. A vast tribe of swindlers was operating all over the country getting the money of honest people away from them. Judging from the accounts of those times, conditions were far worse than they have been of late. In these times there are plenty of frauds and a lot of sharpers are preying on the public, but the great majority of business men understand perfectly that it pays to be honest.

* * * *

Flowers.

I.

You are God's gift, we well can see
In you, His love's infinity;
For, though you are so frail and small,
On you His grace and glory fall;
From sun-warmed soil, and light and air,
Are made the golden crowns you wear.
Sweet dew, which Nature's nectar is,
Fill up your silver chalices,
And God's last touch, as blessing given,
Gave you the incense breath of Heaven.

II.

Celestial visitors, dear flowers!
You come into this world of ours,
To us this precious truth to bring,
That beauty is a holy thing,
A sacred creed, by Heaven designed
For loving heart, and reverent mind.

III.

All beauty is, to eyes that see,
A symbol of divinity;
Its sacred speech, to us addressed,
In your sweet flower tongue is expressed,
More eloquent, more potent far,
Than words of men from pulpits are.
For this fair world God's temple is,
And flowers are preaching priests of His.

Charles W. Hubner.

* * * *

News From Mountain Town.

(From the Dahlonega Nugget.)

Now that cold weather is here it looks like it would be more comfortable for the young people to turn up their socks and stockings. And besides this, it would be very painful if frost were to bite their knees.

We appreciate the many nice things the editors and correspondents are saying about us during our journey here on earth, because when it ends nothing that can be said or done will do us any good.

We notice where a stolen kiss by a New York fellow cost him five thousand dollars, which will cause him to be more particular next time where he sticks his bill. The editor of the Nugget prefers waiting until leap year and let them bring round his extra busses free of charge.

Well, the legislature will soon convene again, which will give the short-dressed ladies rest from the pens of we editors. No. We guess not, because the body got so used to doing nothing at the regular session that they will understand how to continue it. It may be, too, that in hunting up something to tax to make their expenses they will include our jews-harp.

* * * *

The Early Guest.

Winter, comin' mighty soon,
But the hearth is bright.
Keep the fiddle well in tune,
Play the music right!
When it's joy, it's joy a heap
As we dance the stars to sleep!

* * * *

Brother Williams.

Don't fold yo' hands an' wait on de Good Times. When dey comes dey wants to see you in de hustlin' brigade.

TODAY'S TALK

By GEORGE MATTHEW ADAMS

MORE AHEAD.

Over-confidence always kills the goose that lays the golden egg.

If the books of Bradstreet and Dun gave the reason for the failures they record, it would doubtless be that "well enough" drugs most one-time successes.

The real growing business always sees more ahead, and it prepares to reap that increasing harvest.

Edison has never been satisfied with any successful experiment or invention. He has always seen more ahead. No sooner is one thriller completed than he turns his mind and hands to something that will be an improvement.

I walk to my radio, turn a little knob and pick what I most desire from a dozen far-away cities that vie with each other to entertain me. But someday I shall sit in my library and wish to hear the voice of my friend in better fashion than I get it from my telephone, and then perhaps I may tell him goodnight a thousand miles away merely by the turning of a lever on some instrument.

The world was thrilled by the feat of an aeroplane crossing the great Atlantic, but it will not be long probably before we may leave New York and go to sleep the same day in London.

The aeroplane, automobile, telephone, telegraph, great ocean liner, electric light, phonograph and radio are only recent visitors. There is more ahead to astound and mystify.

Columbus saw more ahead.

You who work grow only as you see more ahead. And if you do see more ahead, you grow.

The more you aspire to be, the more you are. Forget your losses. Count your gains. And remember that there is always more ahead.

(Copyright, 1923, The Constitution.)

BITS OF NEW YORK LIFE

BY O. O. M'INTYRE

New York, November 4.—A page from the diary of a modern Samuel Pepys: Up and to Verne Porter's and set about with Zugene Walter, the playmaker, and Charles Maigne, the cinema director, and then to breakfast at the Lambs.

A foggy, gray day and a light rain falling I walked about the reservoir alone and somehow found myself in tears, the greatest funk I ever had. Nor could I shake it off by joining some mad roysterers in a game of pool.

Yet I was slightly amused a little later in a music hall when a comick complained his luck was so bad that if the lights went suddenly out at Macy's he would be in the piano department. Home in the late afternoon and had my wife play some doleful airs on the harpsichord.

In the evening drove to Jasper Bayne's birthday party in Connecticut and George Chappell and Frank Crowinshield cut some high capers, very amusing, and then back in the brave moonshine and so to bed, very tired.

Roy L. McCardell, the long distance humorist (he's been punning for 20 years), has won another prize contest. This time he solved a traffic problem and received a cash award from a chain of theaters. Year after year, McCardell goes right along winning prizes. Up to date he has won a home in New Rochelle, two automobiles, $15,000 in cash, a section of land in Oregon and a piano.

It was one of those apartment house parties where the guests often arrive in limousines and leave in patrol wagons. About 3 a. m., tenants in the building were awakened by a piercing scream. They rushed to the halls. The janitor soon pacified them. "Nothing the matter," he explained. "The hostess suddenly discovered she was out of ice."

The middle-aged cafe habitues are of the same mould. They are always calling for the manager and heaping insults upon the head waiter. They are bald and have a paunch and accordion plaits in their neck fore and aft. Despite their rudeness, they are welcomed, for they pay well for wine and jazz to impress the bored young ladies who accompany them. The cafe that will stand for the most calm insolence gets the patronage. Headwaiters know that obeisance will win high rewards. The polite jelly bean rarely tips.

In a drizzling rain I found an old organ grinder and his moth-eaten monkey tucked away in the protecting doorway of a Madison avenue home. "The monk, he chill and may be die," he said to me. "He seek now," he added, holding out the monkey's paw to show a searing blister which some joker had inflicted with a hot penny. Just as we begin to have a little faith in the world, something happens to upset the idealism. The ghoulish glee of the moron who would give a dumb animal a hot penny makes us fear for the human race. He is a dog poisoner in the making.

And again when you begin to believe all the stories about New York being the city of spenders, you run across a man at the subway station working himself into a frenzy of rage over a lost penny in the slot machine.

The biggest spenders in New York do their spending in Europe as a rule. And those who appear to be New York spenders are people from out of town.

(Copyright, 1923, for The Constitution.)

Desperate Living Conditions of Southern Negroes in Johnstown, Pa.

The action of the mayor of Johnstown, Pa., in practically ordering from that city all negroes who had not been living there as much as seven years, has created a storm of protest throughout the country against such high-handed proceedings. However illegal may have been the mayor's action, the situation was certainly a very desperate one so far as regards the actual living conditions of the negroes who had been drawn to Johnstown for employment in the industrial enterprises of that community.

We do not know who is responsible for bringing these thousands of negroes to Johnstown, but somebody deserves the severest condemnation for permitting the conditions under which these negroes lived if they were as bad as reported by the mayor of the city, and by Professor Miller, of Howard university, at Washington. In some places to which negroes from the south have gone, and we believe this is pre-eminently true in Baltimore, they have not been subjected to any such conditions as reported from Johnstown.

Professor Kelly Miller, dean of the junior college of Howard university, Washington, D. C., in a letter to The Philadelphia Ledger gives an appalling account of the conditions he found in the negro section of Johnstown. In the course of his letter he said:

"I was in Johnstown last spring and was amazed at the lamentable condition of the negro laborers in that smoky hollow. The town, to use the language of Julius Caesar, is hemmed in by the nature of the place.

"I have visited all types and kinds of communities in which negroes live in all parts of the United States. I have seen them in allays and shady places; I have witnessed their poverty and distress in city and country. But I can truthfully say that it has never been my good fortune or misfortune to look upon such pitiable conditions as prevailed in Johnstown.

"Only two colored families, I was told, owned their homes. This was not due so much to the indolence of the people as to the impossibility of purchasing homes under existing limitations and restrictions. There were two negro churches, with a combined seating capacity of fewer than 800 for a negro population of 4,000 or 5,000 souls. There was no place of amusement or healthy recreation.

"The population consisted largely of raw recruits from the south without the wholesome influence of home, church or social agency. The men lived largely in stockades, where dampness, dirt and disease were their constant companions. I visited a stockade with 100 inmates. There were no modern sanitary provisions. The sheets and pillow cases, judging from appearance, had not been changed for six months. Smoke and dirt and grease had accumulated upon the floor half an inch thick. My soul sank within me as I saw splendid specimens of physical young manhood, fresh from the open air of the south, immersed in this dreadful environment, destructive alike to body and soul.

"I visited a shanty in one of the remote hollows with four rooms and 37 inmates. There was a single lamp without chimney, whose dense smoke stifled the air. I was driven through the red-light district, which was too loathsome to attempt to describe. Dirt and dampness brooded over the place and made it pregnant with disease and death. Pneumonia took its daily toll. Human life is simply impossible in such an environment as this.

"Under such circumstances only two modes of pastime are predicable: immorality and gambling. These men were all employed in the mills at remunerative wages. The surplus left from the exactions of the boarding house keepers and stockade tax was spent in carousing and gambling. When a set of men gamble among themselves, one man's loss is supposed to be another man's gain. But in Johnstown all the men are broke and no one seems any better off after the game is over.

"There must have been somewhere a hidden master hand. The faults of manifestation were not in these men, but in their environment. Who of my readers would be strong enough to survive such immurement as this? The test is too great for frail human nature.

"These young fellows had in them the raw material of respectable and useful manhood. My heart went out in compassion for them. I at once wrote Eugene Kinckle Jones, executive secretary of the Urban league, advising him to make an investigation of this field with a view of establishing a branch in this afflicted spot. I regret that the financial status of the organization did not justify the venture at that time.

"I was prepared at any moment to hear of some dreadful happening in Johnstown. The fault of the situation and the responsibility therefor rests upon the shoulders of the controlling citizens of the community who allow their fellowmen to live on such a degraded level of existence. The outbreak in any mode of crime, though appalling, is but the logical outcome of a degraded environment.

"The vindictive mayor of Johnstown is breathing out vengeance upon the whole racial contingent because of the criminal outbreak of a few. He would better serve his city, state and nation by remedying the environment which breeds the criminal rather than himself becoming a greater criminal by violating every law of God and man."

Democrats Must Beat Cool Coolidge Man To Win Presidency

BY SAM W. SMALL.

Right here at the nation's capital we are again strongly reminded that "wheresoever the carcase is, there will the eagles be gathered together."



Sam W. Small, on plain parade.

The carcase is the presidency of the republic and the eagles are the hungry aspirants for the nominations by both the big parties. Those eagles are gathering already; those not actually on the ground have their tickets hither bespoken and not many days hence the bald-headest of them will be here

The politicians who eagerly congregate around the listening-posts are crazy to get some trustworthy answers to two bothersome questions:

"Who can beat Coolidge in the G. O. P. convention?"

"What democrat could beat him at the polls?"

* * *

Progressivism Is a Puzzle.

It is generally agreed that only an outstanding and popular progressive would have any chance to take the nomination of his party away from President Coolidge.

But right there the question arises as to "What is Progressivism?"

There is no actual progressive party and no one authorized to call himself the leader of such a party. As to who is a progressive, the puzzle is yet more pronounced. Hiram Johnson posing in the role shows some wide variations from Bob La Follette, and both are out of plumb with Borah, while Medill McCormick is a maverick when herded with the three of them.

The plain fact seems to be that the progressive is just a kicker who is "agin the administration," and ready to take any chance for a change!

* * *

The Cool In Coolidge.

However the "cool" got into Coolidge it is there all right in the sanest sort of way. Making a surprise attack on him or an effort to rattle him in a political way is going to be a disappointing job to whoever undertakes it.

Having had the exceptional privilege of shaking hands with every president in the white house from James Buchanan in 1861 to Coolidge in 1923, and having observed carefully the methods of all of them from Grant down to date, I have seen no one of them who had more calm of poise and certitude of self-consciousness than this every-day-on-the-job New Englander and 100 per cent president.

The voluble politicians call him "Silent Cal" because he does not "chew the rag," so to vulgarize, whenever they want to discuss the angles of Einstein partisan relativity with him. But they should beware of trying to pin on him the picture of the dog to which the little boy said "Can 'oo talk?" Take it from me who knows that he can talk when he wishes to voice his views, and can do it with a feeling, a lucidity and luminous effects that are highly gratifying, if not always satisfying.

* * *

Will Fight To Stay Put.

That he means to fight to stay put in the white house for the next term is certain. All the so-called "irreconcilables" know that and their hard task will be to invent ways and means to jar him loose. But he will be found amply equipped to meet them "at Philippici," or Chicago, or wherever the battle may be scheduled to take place.

At his elbows will be some of the most skilful political generals in the republican ranks, led by that alert intelligence officer and coach, Bascom Slemp, of Virginia. If the opposing line can pass any signals or plan any rushes that will escape the eyes of Slemp they will be cracker-jacks in convention tactics, believe me.

The fact looms fairly invincible that Coolidge will be the republican candidate next year and the urgent job for the democrats is to carefully pick from their ranks the man who can beat him to the goal.

FORREST AVENUE EXTENSION REPORT TO BE MADE TODAY

A report on the proposed Forrest avenue extension and underpass and other important matters will be rendered by committees at the regular meeting of the Ninth Ward Civic association which meets in the Highland school on East North avenue, at 8 o'clock tonight. A full attendance is desired.

THE WORLD'S WINDOW

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BY PIERRE VAN PAASSEN

Parliamentary Manners.

Shots were fired between adherents of rival factions in the Mexican chamber of deputies last week. One man was wounded. It's the Latin temperament that gets the upper hand at times. During the recent debates on the Flemish language question in the Belgian parliament Walloons and Flamands re-enacted a scene from one of Captain Marryat's stories. They bombarded each other with inkwells and books until the police entered and the rival politicians shifted their barrage to the surprised gendarmes. Violent scenes of that kind seldom occur in Anglo-Saxon parliaments. The British simply leave the room when the Communist Newbold begins his tirades. In Canada the only diversion is the time when division bells ring. The die-hard Tories sing "God Save the King" and the French-Canadians wait till they get through and start with that old shanty song "Alouette."

* * * *

What A Load?

Professor W. G. Duffield, eminent English scientist in the course of experiments to discover the origin of mountains discovers that ships traveling east are lighter than going west. This is because the ship going east is traveling in the same direction as the earth and the centrifugal force is greater than when going west. He says a 50,000-ton Atlantic liner would weigh about 5 tons less on its journey to England than when traveling to America. Apart from the scientific explanation we certainly are surprised at the capacity for liquid refreshments some passengers going to America must have. Five tons is a terrible load.

* * * *

Horse, a Suicide.

A Polo pony, named Spaghetti, belonging to the Mitchell army reservation in New York, committed suicide the other day, when he became homesick for his old stable. He had been taken from his old stable where he had spent the last three years, two days before his death. One morning while being taken out for exercise by a groom he broke away and raced right into a wire fence and broke his neck. The groom says that the pony had been almost unmanageable since a change in stables had been made and that he had taken hardly enough food to live on.

* * * *

Suppose You Were the Neighbor.

If Germany becomes an empire again and has a new kaiser he will be the rallying point for all parts of the reich and it will return the fatherland's national consciousness. It will also mean that a united Germany will be more able to pay reparations than a Germany split in small pieces. What would the French favor, do you think? A united Germany and reparations, but also a terrible war in the future with a nation twice as powerful as herself, a war of revenge; or a split up Germany with the Rhineland as a buffer state, slower to pay reparations, but a more secure condition for the years to come?

* * * *

Towns Change Names.

In 1925 Christiania, capital of Norway, will change its name and be known as Oslo. Members of the shorthing or parliament of Norway have decided. Christiania reminds them too much of the various kings Christian, who have ruled that country. The Russian socialists under Kerensky changed the name of St. Petersburg during the war, because it was a German name. Berlin, Ontario, changed its name to Kitchener during the war and had a riot over it.

* * * *

The Silent Middle Classes.

New York and Boston harbors are crowded with immigrant ships bringing the November quota. There is a rush and a scramble to get in. No wonder. The man or woman who can escape from Europe at this time is lucky. Unrest is increasing everywhere as winter approaches. There will be hunger and riots. Mobs will crowd the streets and police and soldiers will shoot them down. But in addition to these there will be the silent middle classes, who are not fond of demonstrating and who are the real sufferers. They will sit in their cold comfortless homes without fuel and with little food.

* * * *

Reds Stir The Pot.

Great activity is reported from red headquarters is Moscow. The bolshevists see the world turning into chaos. Radek and Bela Kun, foreign propagandists, call upon Zinovieff, the acting prime minister, to tell him of the situation in Saxony and Poland. The consolidation of the communists is going forward apace in all European countries. Holland is now faced with a socialist government and revolution threatens in Poland. The reds are men without a country, they preach the same doctrine everywhere, "workers of the world unite," is the old slogan invented by Karl Marx. Trotzky says that he has seven million men ready to stand by any proletarian revolution on the continent. And Cardinal Mercier, venerable prelate of Belgium, calls upon the civilized world to forget all squables and unite to face the ever-growing red menace.

* * * *

Intrigue and Militarism Brought Doom.

Secret treaties bared by the new prime minister of Sweden show that Russia planned in 1904 to attack Sweden through Finland and establish herself closer to the North sea. At that time, however, the timber limits of the imperial family in Manchuria were in danger of the Japanese and the Russians threw their force the other way. But this revelation has alarmed the Swedes to such an extent that they have started negotiations with Finland for a defensive alliance against the new Russia. The new autocrats in power there might take it in their heads to extend their dominion westward some day. They tried their luck once with Finland and 75,000 communists paid the price of this disastrous undertaking. That's only four years ago.

Hold Last Services For Col. H. S. Haines In Savannah Tuesday

Savannah, Ga., November 4.—(Special.)—Col. H. S. Haines former high official of the old Plant system railroad, for many years a most valuable constructive citizen of Savannah, died yesterday in Lenox, Mass., and his funeral will be held in this city Tuesday morning.

He was 86 years old and had been recognized as an authority on railroad matters, having written several books on various phases of transportation.

Questions and Answers—

Any reader may obtain a personal reply to any answerable question of fact or information by writing to Washington Bureau, Atlanta Constitution, 1322 New York avenue, N. W., Washington, D. C., enclosing 2 cents in stamps. Legal, medical and marital advice can not be given, nor can extended research be undertaken. Unsigned letters can not be answered. All letters are confidential.

Q.—When did pugilism first become a recognized sport?

A.—Pugilism was first brought into prominence by James Figg in London in 1719, and was particularly popular between 1734-50, when Jack Broughton flourished. To this noted boxer we are indebted for the invention of the boxing glove, or muffler as it was then called, as well as for the first code of rules, from which those at present in use have been developed.

Q.—When did the price of sugar either during or after the war reach its peak?

A.—May 19, 1920, just after the government control was lifted. On this date it sold for 23.75 cents per pound.

Q.—Where are the navy radio stations in Alaska?

A.—At Cordova, Dutch Harbor, Juneau, Kodiak, St. Paul, St. George, Seward and Sitka.

Q.—How many bricklayers and stonemasons are there in the United States?

A.—According to the census of 1920, 131,264.

Q.—Why is or was Africa called "the Dark Continent?"

A.—Because of the almost total ignorance concerning the people and geography of its interior which, until comparatively recently, prevailed in Europe and America.

Q.—Which church in New York is known as "The Little Church Around the Corner," and on what street is it?

A.—The Church of the Transfiguration, 29th street, near Fifth avenue.

Q.—Has Greenland ever been explored?

A.—Yes, by a number of men, among whom are Ross, Inglefield, De Haven, Kane, Hayes, Hall Greely, Peary and Nansen. Nansen crossed from sea to sea in 1888, and Peary in 1892, and in 1859 again crossed the ice-cap, ascertaining the insular character of the continent. Various other explorations of the coast line have been conducted.

J.—How many islands are there in the Philippines?

A.—Counting everything above high water, the total is 3,141, of which, however, only 1,668 are named, 366 have areas exceeding one square mile each, and only 342 are inhabited.

Q.—What is the range of a .22 high power rifle?

A.—The accurate range is 200 yards; the effective range is 600 yards; the maximum range is 2,000 yards.

Q.—Please give me the correct pronunciation and meaning of bonhomie.

A.—The word means, genial nature or manner, good-fellowship. It is pronounced bon-o-mi, first "o" as in not, second "o" as in obey, "i" as in police.

Q.—What is the meaning of the word "bloc" used so much in a political sense?

A.—"Bloc" is a French term which has been adopted and widely used in recent times to mean "a group of politicians or others formed to foster special interests or to obstruct legislation." The word is pronounced "blok," o as in not.

Q.—What is the "Golden Rose?"

A.—A rose formed of wrought gold and blessed with much solemnity by the pope in person on the fourth Sunday of Lent. The prayer of blessing contains a mystical allusion to Christ as "the flower of the field and the lily of the valley." The rose is annointed with balsam, fumigated with incense, sprinkled with musk, and is then left upon the altar until the conclusion of the mass. It is then usually presented to some Catholic prince or princess whom the Pope desires especially to honor, with an appropriate form of words.

Q.—What is meant by "habeas corpus?"

A.—"You have the body." This is a name given to a number of writs having for their object the bringing of a person before a court or judge for some specified purpose. One of the several forms of "habeas corpus" requires the body of a person called to be unlawfully restrained of liberty to be brought before the judge or into court, that the lawfulness of the restraint may be investigated and determined.

Q.—How are Navajo blankets cleaned?

A.—The Navajos have two methods: one is to take a soiled blanket out into the sand and then shovel damp sand upon it and allow it to remain buried for a day or so. It is then well scrubbed with the sand, thoroughly beaten and shaken, and allowed to dry fully and air in the sun. Another method is to take the saponaceous roots of the amole, macerate them into shredded fiber, beat them up and down in a bowl of water until a rich lather is produced. Then with a rude brush made of shredded cedar bark the blanket is soaped and scrubbed on both sides, after which it is thoroughly rinsed. If the colors are not well mordanted, this process makes them run and spoils the blanket, but where the colors are fast, or the wool of the blanket is the native black, gray, brown or white no injury can result. A more modern method is to use the vacuum cleaner, except in extreme cases; in these, it is safer to send the blankets to a professional cleaner.

Q.—What is an alligator gar?

A.—The great gar (Litholepis or Lepisosteus tristaechus) of the rivers of the southern United States, Cuba, Mexico, and Central America. It is greenish in color and sometimes reaches a length of 20 feet. Its flesh is worthless as food; its scaly armor often turns a spear or even shot. While it is able to breathe air to a certain extent, yet it soon dies in foul water.

Q.—What is a good method for cleaning wallpaper?

A.—Make a soft dough of coarse brown flour mixed with water until stiff enough to handle easily. Rub the paper with it gently. When soiled, remove the soiled portion and proceed until the paper is clean.

:: SERMONS TO LIVE BY ::

BY ELAM FRANKLIN DEMPSEY

WHEN WILL GOODNESS BE POPULAR?

Text: "If any man love the world, the love of the Father is not in Him." I. John 2: 15.

W. P. Wilson, an English parliamentary reporter, has written a remarkable book, now in its ninth edition, "The Christ We Forget."

In this thought-provoking book, he asked this challenging question, "Until people themselves become good, how can goodness be popular?"

Jesus asks, "How can ye believe who receive honor one of another?"

The idea which lies hidden under each of these questions is that each of us gravitates to his spiritual center.

Now there are only two spiritual centers—the present world and the invisable world of God's will.

The most hopeless delusion that can fix upon a soul is that one may be neutral in this matter.

Neutrality is impossible, for these forces are not only different one from the other, but they are defiant of one another; they are at war.

As I heard a Christian veteran soldier of the south say, "You can't be on both sides; you can't be between; you've got to be on one side or the other."

Indifference in this realm tends rapidly to become hate; and hate, when it is finished, bringeth forth a crucifixion.

If they slew the Master will they spare His disciples?

Popular because good?

Alas, to the contrary, if one is good enough he will be crucified.

Appended to Jesus' wealthiest promises of good things is that startling clause, "with persecutions."

Goodness is its own sufficient reward, but popularity is not necessarily included.

Count the cost.

HEALTH TALKS

BY WILLIAM BRADY, M. D.

THE ATTACKS OF HEMORRHOIDS.

The hemorrhoidal veins may be overdistended, dilated and enlarged (varicose veins) for a considerable period, or indeed for many years, before the subject realizes that he has piles. The first "attack of piles" occurs when the affected vein or veins become inflamed (phlebitis); this inflammation or phlebitis is brought on, each time, by infection, that is, by invasion of the mucous membrane and the tissues of the wall of the vein by germs. The whyfore and wherefrom of the germs we'll point out presently, if I don't forgot it.

Here we must repeat that (1) about one out of every three cases purporting to be "piles" are not piles at all; if treated as piles only disappointment or harm can result; (2) complete and permanent relief is obtained by removal or obliteration of the affected veins by one or another surgical means; and (3) constipation predisposes to or aggravates piles and piles constipation. The unhygienic habit of taking physics predisposes to or aggravates both conditions, so that it is a very sad state of affairs indeed—but people just will have their own way despite what I tell 'em.

Adhering cheerfully to my custom I refrain from going into the symptoms, but it is good for everybody's health to have just an inkling about the different classes of piles. There is the ordinary external hemorrhoid, painless in the quiescent or usual state, but very painful when an "attack" is on, that is when the vein is inflamed vein (thrombo phlebitis)—a condition which demands incision and turning out of the clot. A second class is internal or "blind" pile, which is prone to bleed; the bleeding is in many cases unnoticed by the victim until, eventually, it undermines the health very gravely, whether the victim knows his trouble is piles or not. A third type is "itching" piles. Any condition of hemorrhoids may cause more or less itching, but probably in the majority of instances when people complain of "itching piles" they have no piles at all.

And now, patting myself on the back for my excellent memory, I again refer to the role of the inevitable germs in precipitating the "attack" of piles. Pathogenic (disease producing) germs can not pass through the normal mucous membrane anywhere, but must have some way opened for them, such as a trifling abrasion or injury or puncture or scratch. In the ordinary attack of inflammation of a hemorrhoidal vein the injury which opens the way is a slight abrasion from hardened fecal matter or a slight tear from the dragging effect of straining in constipation, or a minute opening in the mucous membrane over the distended, swollen pile occurs from ulceration. So there you are, all set for the germs to move in and start something.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

Character Analysis.

You hold that character analysis is foolish. Perhaps your conclusion was reached after having an experience with an incompetent analyst. I have been studying character analysis for two years and am prepared to prove it is not foolish. I talked recently with the head of the department of anthropology of a great state university and we agreed perfectly upon the fundamentals upon which character analysis is based. If you will send me a picture of yourself and tell me the color of your eyes and hair and whether your flesh is of hard or soft consistency, I will send you an analysis of yourself that will challenge your statement that character analysis is foolish.—(Mrs. N. B. C.)

Answer—I'm afraid my flesh isn't quite soft enough to do that. Character analysis based on such things is foolish. Character analysis based upon personal appearance or upon handwriting isn't character analysis but just an amusing pastime. No human mind can read character by such trivial signs, though a lot of folks pretend to do so. A very interesting routine "character analysis" may be drawn up which will strike within recognizable distance of at least 50 per cent of the subjects.

The Room of a Consumptive.

Is it dangerous to sleep in a room that has been occupied by a consumptive? If so, what precautions should one take with respect to ceiling, walls and woodwork? (Miss H. A.)

Answer—If the consumptive was intelligent and careful, that, is cleanly, or properly cared for, there is no risk involved in occupying the room. If the consumptive was vicious, uncleanly or careless and the walls, woodwork or floor or furnishings show obvious soiling, everything should be scrubbed, repainted, repapered or otherwise renovated. The only consumptive that endangers those not intimately associated with him is the ignorant or vicious one, or the one not under proper nursing care too enfeebled to exercise intelligence as to cleanliness.

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FAIR DISTRIBUTION OF TAXES IS URGED

The future progress of Georgia depends upon the establishment of a system of taxation which will provide for an equitable distribution of the burden. Representative Carl N. Guess, of DeKalb county, stated Sunday night in discussing his views on legislation to be considered by the extraordinary session of the general assembly, which convenes Wednesday.

"There is no possible way for the present legislature, or future assemblies, to enact laws which would meet the approval of all the people," he said. "The tax commission recently appointed by Governor Walker is composed of able men who have worked faithfully and earnestly on the tax question. Whether or not the legislature will consider or enact the report of the committee, I cannot say. I am afraid, however, should there be many tax bills introduced by individual members in connection with the tax commission report, little will be accomplished except a wrangle among authors of the measures.

"The foundation of all tax laws is the machinery to collect the tax. The state loses a great amount of money if machinery is not provided for the collection of taxes. This was demonstrated by the recent passage of the 3-cent gasoline tax, by reason of the fact that the comptroller general is without the necessary machinery to collect this tax, thereby resulting in a large loss of revenue to the state. This is a matter which cannot be remedied by General Wright, or his department, but a matter purely up to the general assembly.

"A great many people disagree politically with the opinions of the late lamented United States Senator Thomas E. Watson, but there is no doubt in my mind that he championed one of the greatest needs of the state when he advocated free textbooks for children in our common schools. I am satisfied the general assembly in extra session will take into consideration this needed legislation," he said.

—"Suppose Nobody Cared"—

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Rub Alcohol, pint	50c
Mennen's Shaving Cream, small	25c
Dr. West Tooth Brush,	50c
Prophylactic Tooth Brush	39c
Lyon's Tooth Powder	21c

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Knight To Open Fall Exhibition Of His Paintings

Floyd Knight, the north Georgia artist, whose beautiful pastels are so familiar to the art lovers of Atlanta, opens his fall exhibition of paintings on the second floor of Phillips & Crew this morning. No charge is made for admission to the gallery.

Twenty-eight pictures comprise the present showing, making it one of the largest and most complete one-man exhibitions to have been held in this city. Of the number, sixteen have never been shown before in local galleries, the majority of them being the results of the artists's labors this summer in his beloved mountains around Clarkesville, Lake Burton, and the higher mountains north of Tallulah.

Those who know and love the paintings of Mr. Knight will have a surprise awaiting them in the present collection of his work. They will find that he has been experimenting with many new ideas and has presented several of his subjects in an entirely new manner. He has taken up the use of vivid coloring in some of the pictures on view, securing decorative effects which have previously been absent in his canvases. Other pictures reveal the artist as he is generally known, the painter of elusive mists and softening shadows which transform his mountains into fairyland.

A number of subjects which have previously been shown and have made a decided success are also hung in the present exhibition. The popular "Old Mill, Soque River" is among these, as are also the three paintings of Burton lake which were seen in the spring exhibit. The tiny gem of a picture called "The Veteran," scarcely more than nine by twelve inches, yet which is one of the most exquisite things that the artist has ever done, has also been included.

Several of the new paintings depict scenes of Mr. Knight's romantic mountain home, "Pine Dale," where several Atlantans have been privileged to visit the painter in his workshop. One subject is taken from the "welcome porch" of the main house, showing the interesting Gothic arch set upon native giant tree trunks which the artist himself created. Other canvases show the poplar-lined brook before the house, the rocky hillside pasture, the "Altar Hills," covered with noble old trees beneath whose somber branches a Druid atmosphere is found.

The present exhibition will last during the month of November, and is destined to prove one of the most popular art exhibits that has been seen in Atlanta for some time.

—"Suppose Nobody Cared"—

JONES PAYS TRIBUTE TO LIFE OF HUNTON

In speaking to the boys at the colored branch of the Y. M. C. A. Sunday afternoon David Jones, of the Standard Life company, paid a high tribute to the life of W. A. Hunton, who was the first colored international secretary of the Y. M. C. A. in the United States. He told how he went up and down the country visiting the cities and schools, calling to the attention of the boys the importance of the right ideals. There was a large number of boys present who gave the closest attention to the address which was based on the things that win in life. E. J. Thomas, Jr., conducted the devotion.

—"Suppose Nobody Cared"—

FORMER SAVANNAHAN DIES IN NEW YORK

Savannah, Ga., November 4.—(Special.)—James Sullivan, for many years prominent business man of Savannah, for over a quarter of a century cashier of the old Southern Bank of the State of Georgia, died in New York yesterday, according to news received here today.

He was eighty years of age and a native of Darien. His ancestors took prominent part in colonial affairs and in the revolution. He leaves a wide family connection.

The funeral will be held from the train arriving here tomorrow morning.

Your Thanksgiving Dinner

Thanksgiving brings the thought of a big dinner, a heavily laden, hospitable table, gleaming Sterling silver—a table that is a tribute to Southern house-wifely art.

Your table must look its best on Thanksgiving Day.

We suggest the Virginia Carvel solid silver hand-decorated pattern for your consideration.

The Virginia Carvel dinner service is one of the heaviest and most massive dinner services made.

Call by the store and see the South's largest stock of solid silver.

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GIFTS THAT LAST

Just In Passing

BY JAMES A. HOLLOMON
(Associate Editor Atlanta Constitution.)

There appeared in The Greensboro Herald-Journal of last week an editorial paragraph that leads me to make a personal statement that has been in my mind for several days.

The paragraph follows:

"The press of the state are saying some mighty nice things about Hon. James A. Hollomon, who is being mentioned as a candidate for the governorship."

I appreciate this from the pen of "Uncle Jim" Williams, who is the Nestor of the Georgia weekly press and as true and as useful a citizen as there is in Georgia.

I appreciate the "nice things" that "the press of the state" are saying, to which he refers—

But, how in the name of goodness the report has become circulated that I seek or aspire to the governorship I can not see.

Possibly it has been because of my activities along certain economic lines that I believe to be to the best interests of the people, and to the welfare of the state.

Possibly it has been because of my frankness and candor in discussing public questions, in which I have not hesitated to differ with the governor, and with anybody else so long as I believed them to be wrong.

The fact that I differ, however, at any time, with another's position doesn't make that position incorrect; or my own position correct.

I did not believe it was necessary to call an extra session of the assembly to pass constitutional tax measures that can not be voted upon until next November, a year hence.

But the governor thought differently; and maybe the governor is right.

I am still firm in my own conviction.

I believed that the tax commission to report to the assembly, even if through the governor, should have been created by the assembly.

But the governor thought differently; and maybe the governor is right.

I am still firm in my own conviction.

Now, however, right or wrong, the extra session is upon us, and the problem of constitutional tax revision is before us.

The assembly is a deliberative body representative of the people.

Every good citizen ought to cooperate in every way possible with the governor and with the assembly to the end that the best and most satisfactory results possible may be obtained.

The tax commission Governor Walker appointed could not have been more consecrated to its obligations, and could not possibly have served more harmoniously, zealously and unselfishly.

I take no stock in any disposition to harrass, embarrass or obstruct the assembly in the great work ahead of it.

I do think it will be a wise thing to accept the commission's report, have it referred to the proper committees in the respective houses, all the tax bills to take the same course, and then to recess until, say, ten days before the next regular session in June, 1924—four months before the ratifying election—when the legislative committees, after careful studies and surveys of all bills and recommendations, may have ready for passage the concrete measures desired by the people, and thus make sure of ratification.

It will be time and money thrown away to pass anything the people will not ratify.

I believe Dr. Whitley, of Douglas, has made a suggestion to this end, and this is merely to endorse it.

The legislature very probably will do nothing of the kind, and there is no quarrel coming on that. The members, I am sure, are quite able to do the best thing.

The point I make, however—getting back to the beginning—is this—

The fact that I have definite and fixed ideas about things that differ with those in authority does not mean that I am a candidate for governor.

Let me say—and I know my friends and foes alike will believe me—

I am not, directly, indirectly or prospectively, a candidate for any political office in the gift of the people, elective or appointive—

And I trust my motives will not be further impugned by my enemies, and that my friends—God bless them—will realize that the force of real, constructive service is **unselfishness.**

* * * *

Ernest Camp, editor of The Walton Tribune, touched the matter, in sincerity of thought at least, in his last week's issue. He said:

"James A. Hollomon is being mentioned as a candidate for governor. But Jim doesn't care anything about the governorship. If we mistake not, he derives considerably more satisfaction in assisting his friends to secure this coveted honor. And, besides, he has a bigger job than the governorship, anyhow."

That is a very beautiful gesture of a friend and I appreciate it.

Of course I haven't a bigger job than governor.

There is no bigger job than to be the chief administrator of the governmental welfare of a great state and a great people, nor one with more sacred responsibilities—

But, as one of the editorial staff of a great newspaper, I do have responsibilities, and I have obligations.

Those responsibilities and obligations can be discharged to the interest of the people only to that extent to which **service and not self** enters into the premises.

One's usefulness as measured by one's unselfishness and one's influence for good or bad—and it must be one or the other—is dependent entirely upon the honesty of the motive that inspires the effort.

As to "getting more satisfaction" in assisting friends, as Ernest claims, one is an ingrate, and unworthy, who does not love and help his friends; but that is placing it on a personal equation—

A newspaper is an institution.

As an institution The Atlanta Constitution is concerned in great issues and measures that will mean greater prosperity—and greater contentment to all the people—**not in the individual aspirations of men or women.**

This newspaper believes that Georgia ought to be in fact as well as in name the Empire State of the South; that a system of balanced agriculture is necessary in the reconstruction of rural economics; that our institutions should be better maintained; that our schools should have better support; that the energy of our people should be better conserved, and that the man power of the state should be strengthened by more support for our public health service; that there should be completed a state system of good roads; that industry should be encouraged and outside investors brought into Georgia to add to our material wealth by aiding in the development of our matchless resources, and the idle lands that will yield profitably to the tiller; that the political system should be so reconstructed that the pendulum may come to a plumb; that business may rest from the irritating and disorganizing uncertainties that annual sessions of the assembly create; that taxes should be reduced and revenues increased by wider distribution; that wastes and extravagancies should be eliminated—

And for these things we strive, not through the personal ambitions of individuals, but through the aroused force of public thought and conscience and will.

I have talked by invitation before civic clubs, farm meetings and commercial organizations, all over Georgia, for these things, supplementing our editorial pages, and The Constitution has gladly paid the expense accounts.

Why?

Because it is a day of economic reconstruction in Georgia, forced by conditions now beyond human control, and **we must make these new adjustments soundly and in keeping with the unmistakable laws of economic wisdom.**

The people are doing it. There is an awakening such as has never been seen or felt before since the days of reconstruction after the civil war.

It means much.

In five years Georgia should be one of the richest agricultural states on the American continent.

The governorship! Why, my friends, I would rather be unselfishly useful in helping to bring about these satisfying new conditions than to have any office in the gift of the people.

That is honest, and from my heart.

* * * *

Here is a dispatch in an Augusta newspaper that says I am going to be a candidate for congress in the fifth district.

Which brings back a memory—

One summer afternoon in 1921 I was riding with a member of the Virginia delegation in congress, in his highpowered roadster, along the south banks of the Potomac river, from Arlington to High Bridge, and we had a blowout.

Neither one of us cou'd repair it.

We limped up to a store at a little fishing settlement and my congressman host yelled to a little group that stood within the door—

"Hey, inside there, have you got anything that looks like an automobile tire?"

A little red-headed, bare-footed boy ran out to the car, and as quick as a flash—

"Yes, sir! We have some doughnuts that ma fresh baked this morning."

We both laughed, and about that time the boy's father, who was the proprietor of the store, appeared—

"That boy of yours will be a congressman some day," I suggested—

"Well, he's been keeping some mighty bad company here lately and I've been awfully afraid he might come to some bad end," said he, with a sad shake of the head, as he also explained that his stock of fish hooks, cigarettes and crackers did not include automobile tires.

Seriously, there is no place in governmental service where the opportunities are so great for doing big, serviceable things for the people—for the home people—as in the congress of the United States—

But, there is also work to be done outside of congress, and that is the work for me—

I am not a candidate nor a prospective candidate for congress.

Here is a petition before me this moment signed by quite a number of "DeKalb county voters" asking me to make the race for congress in 1924.

I earnestly and deeply appreciate it.

I am reminded, however, that many years ago before there was a clock in the tower of the courthouse some enterprising citizen, as a memorial to a departed loved one, erected on the DeKalb square a very handsome sun dial.

It was on an ornamental pedestal and the dial itself was embellished with brass and silver.

It served its purposes well; was faithful to its trusts; and thousands of people as time went on were enlightened as to the hour of the day by its casted shadows.

The weather was evidently beating most heavily upon the dial, and some good lady, in a spirit of sympathy and compassion, prepared a petition to the county commissioners that the dial be suitably covered from the sun and rain, and many people, in Decatur, so it is related, signed the petition.

So, in the language of a well-known cartoonist—

"After all, a petition doesn't mean anything."

Yes it does! It means friends. And no man on earth loves his friends more devotedly—

But even my friends will understand me better if they will realize that my greatest usefulness—if I have any—**rests in the absolute unselfishness of my activities.**

I seek no office, elective or appointive.

I shall nor refer to it again—begging pardon for this—and it is to be hoped the rumors in the state to that effect will now subside.

—"Suppose Nobody Cared"—

CHAMPION FIDDLER GOES TO NEW YORK TO MAKE RECORDS

Fiddlin' John Carson, seven times champion fiddler of Georgia, left Sunday for New York for the purpose of recording additional selections on Okeh records for the General Phonograph corporation.

Last June the General Phonograph corporation sent a special recording expedition to Atlanta and at that time "Fiddlin' John" recorded two selections. "The Little Old Log Cabin in the Lane" and "The Old Hen Cackled and the Rooster Is Goin' to Crow." These two selections were coupled together and the record has enjoyed a wonderful sale, not only in this immediate territory, but throughout the entire country.

—"Suppose Nobody Cared"—

HOLD LAST SERVICES FOR DR. J. L. PHILLIPS

Savannah, Ga., November 4.—(Special.)—Funeral services were held here today for Dr. J. L. Phillips, a veteran physician, who was found yesterday morning dead in bed at a boarding house. He had been dead twelve hours, from natural causes, a coroner's jury found. He never married. A sister died suddenly in Norfolk two weeks ago. Relatives survive him in Virginia.

AGED WOMAN DIES AT LOCUST GROVE

Locust Grove, Ga., November 4.—(Special.)—Mrs. Amelia Caroline Smith, 79, died here Sunday.

She is survived by one son, Dr. Lindsey Smith, Austin, Texas; five daughters, Mrs. C. E. Eubanks, Griffin; Mrs. L. W. Houser, Elke; Misses Margaret and Delia Smith and Miss Helen Smith Davis, of Locus Grove.

Funeral services will be held at the residence at 2 o'clock today. Dr. B. D. Ragsdale, officiating. Carmichael in charge.

We desire to say, Clorinda, the man who boasts that he would like to see the woman who is able to make a fool of him can do so by looking at the first pretty one who passes on the street.—New Orleans States.

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HAVE you money you are holding awaiting favorable investment?

Why not get interest on it while you are waiting?

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Deposits made on or before Tuesday, November 6, credited with interest from November 1.

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$5.85 Pr.

2,000 pairs to include several shipments of regular purchases that arrived the past week in

Black Suede,	Tan Suede,
Black Kid,	Brown Kid,
Black Satin,	Fawn Suede,
Patent,	Tan Russia.

In style, in choice of leathers and materials, in variety of the selection, Stewart again demonstrates why well-dressed women favor our merchandising efforts. Come and see for yourself—we'll let you be the judge.

USE EITHER ENTRANCE

25 Whitehall Street

Stewart
GOOD SHOES FOR EVERYBODY

8 West Alabama Street.

Keep on telling them—
And you'll keep on selling them

How business does smile up when you advertise it regularly

Dont Tell 'em Yesterday
Tell 'em Today—

TELL them regularly in

The Atlanta Constitution
Main 5000

Cotton Prices Continue To Rise in New York

Boston, Mass., November 4.—The Merchants' National bank of this city says in its monthly summary of the cotton industry:

"The outstanding revelopments in the cotton manufacturing industry during the past month have been the continued rise in the price of the raw material, the failure of most constructions of goods to advance proportionately, unwillingness of buyers to operate freely at current high levels, and increasing competition by mills for the limited volume of business which has come forward. The upward movement of raw cotton has been due principally to the continued deterioration of the crop, resulting in a downward revision of crop estimates from about 11,000,000 bales to 10,500,000 bales or even less. Such a small production points clearly to relatively high prices for the raw material and manufactured products during the rest of the current crop year at least, but distributors of cotton goods hesitate to buy in volume because of uncertainty as to how freely consumers will purchase fabrics and garments at these levels.

"Many lines of goods have not advanced at all or have even declined slightly during the month, although in this time cotton has risen over two cents a pound. A standard narrow print cloth, 27 inches wide, 64x60, 7.65 yards to the pound, for example, is quoted today at 6 1-2 cents against 6 5-8 cents a month ago; a standard wide print cloth, 38 1-2 inches wide, 64x60, 5.35 yards to the pound, is now selling for about 10 1-8 cents against 10@10 1-4 cents last month; and a standard brown sheeting, 36 inches wide, 56x60, 4 yards to the pounds, is worth about 12 1-4 cents compared with 12 1-4@12 3-4 cents at the close of last month. Within the past thirty days, accordingly, manufacturing margins on these goods have been reduced from 2 cents to 4 cents a pound. Many constructions of goods are selling at or below cost of production in many mills.

"The latest available statisics on mill operations in this country are as of September. They show that in that month the mills consumed 483,000 bales against 491,000 in August. The decline, however, was due entirely to the fewer working days in the later month. Average daily consumption increased from approximately 20,500 bales in August to 22,500 in September. Reports on spindle activity show that the mills ran at about 97 percent of single-shift capacity in September compared with 87 per cent in August. The increase of mill activity in September was due to the substantial amount of business which manufacturers took during the latter part of the summer. Within the past month, however, numerous mills, particularly those running on ginghams, have reduced operations.

"The total stock of cotton in all hands in this country, including the estimated unpicked portion of the new crop, was smaller on September 30 than on the corresponding date in many years. It totaled about 10,738,000 bales this year against 11,024,000 last year, and an average of 13,328,000 in the past four years. Spinners' stocks were only 773,000 bales this year against 1,066,000 last year and an average of 1,038,000 in the last four years. Stocks in public storage on plantations, and in transit, were 9,965,000 bales this year against 9,958,000 last year and an average of 12,290,000 in the last four years.

"Some improvement is reported in the foreign cotton manufacturing situation. This is reflected in the large exports of cotton from this country, these totaling 1,500,000 bales during the current season to October 26 this year against 1,210,000 in the same period last year. Reports from Manchester, England, have told of a broader inquiry and more actual business in yarns and fabrics. It may be noted, however, that forwardings of cotton from the ports of Great Britain and the continent to British and continental spinners, which is the best available index of actual consumption in Europe, have totaled only 942,000 bales to October 26 this year against 1,180,000 in the same period last year."

Bank Reports Indicate Big Business Improvement

Washington, November 4.—Continued improvement in business conditions is reflected by returns from the national bank call of September 14. An analysis of these returns made public today by Comptroller of the Currency Dawes shows a gain of nearly half a billion dollars in deposits and of more than three-quarters of a billion in total resources of the reporting banks in the last year.

Deposits in national banks on the call date were $17,040,530,000 and resources $21,712,876,000. Besides the gain over the September call a year ago these figures represent an increase of $143,550,000 and $201,110,000, respectively, since the call of June 30.

The analysis shows an increased credit demand, indicating greater activity of capital. Also greater sums of money were laid away as reserves by individuals and firms in the form of time deposits, which were almost $700,000,000 larger on September 14 than on the date of the September call last year.

Deposit liability of the national banks was divided as follows: Demand, including deposits of the federal government, $9,433,017,000; time, $4,864,369,000, and other banks and bankers, $2,743,144,000. Loans and discounts were $11,934,556,000 and cash in vaults $361,485,000, an increase since September last year of $29,534,000.

Capital stock of the national banks was increased during the year by $1,332,394,000, a gain of $3,503,000 since the June call and of $25,272,000 since the call of September, 1922. Surplus and undivided profits aggregated $1,591,330,000, an increase of almost $45,000,000 since June 30, and of about $10,000,000 since September, 1922.

Total resources were greater in nine of the twelve federal reserve districts than on June 30. Reductions were shown in the second, third and tenth districts where the decreases were respectively $49,699,000, $1,127,000 and $2,638,000. National banks of the eleventh reserve district showed the greatest increase with $98,875,000, while the smallest increase over June 30 was reported by the sixth district with $599,000. National banks in every federal reserve district reported an excess of reserves with the reserve banks.

—"Suppose Nobody Cared"—

DILLARD SEWELL, FORMER ATLANTAN, GETS HIGH HONOR

Charleston, S. C., November 4.—(Special.)—Dillard B. Sewell, 34, former Atlantan and an alumnus of Emory university, was elected president of the Southern Home Fire Insurance company of this city at a meeting of the board of directors last Wednesday, it was announced here today. He succeeds the late Oscar E. Johnson, founder and president of the company until his death.

Mr. Sewell is one of the youngest heads of an insurance organization in the United States, it is reported. He has been connected with the company since 1914, and has held the offices of secretary, treasurer and vice president. His many Atlanta friends and relatives will be pleased to learn of his advancement. He is the son of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Sewell, of Atlanta.

Other officers elected are Andrew J. Greer, chairman of the board of directors; Augustine T. Smythe, vice president; F. Marion Chatley, treasurer; William W. McIver, secretary, and James J. Scott, assistant secretary.

Included among the board of directors are Robert S. Small, Julius Brittlebank, Hyman Pearlstine, John T. Leonard, Leroy Springs and W. J. Murray.

—"Suppose Nobody Cared"—

The liner Majestic is about 1,700 times the size of the Santa Maria, flagship of Columbus.

Bradstreet Chronicles October Failures

Failures for the month of October, as reported to Bradstreet's, totaled 1,594, with liabilities of $74,429,774 and assets of $50,198,455. There is here shown an increase of 24.5 per cent over the shorter month of September, but the increase over August was only 10.7 per cent, while there was a decrease as compared with October a year ago of 1 per cent. Compared with October two years ago the decrease in number is 14 per cent. Liabilities for October were over double those of September, being swelled by one large suspension of a previously crippled phonograph concern. Liabilities were 86 per cent larger than in October a year ago and 54 per cent in excess of October, 1921.

There were fewer failures in October than in October a year ago in the middle Atlantic, central western and southern states, with slightly more in New England, the far-western and the northwestern groups. Liabilities were heavier than in October a year ago in all groups but the central west. Failures in New York city were 20 per cent fewer than in October last year, but liabilities were 29 per cent larger.

Following are the failures, assets and liabilities monthly since January, 1922:

1922	Number	Assets	Liabilities
Nine mos.	17,190	291,954,608	507,872,14
January	2,722	$66,218,132	$105,773,899
February	2,072	41,559,827	63,922,618
March	2,297	35,562,139	61,768,569
First quarter	7,091	143,140,098	234,465,086
April	1,954	45,814,287	93,085,708
May	1,775	27,217,463	48,208,164
June	1,689	20,152,404	39,592,308
Second quarter	5,389	92,984,154	160,886,180
Six mos.	12,480	236,124,252	395,351,266
July	1,575	20,708,453	43,120,289
August	1,675	19,296,340	36,886,079
Sept.	1,460	15,825,563	32,314,510
Third quarter	4,710	55,830,356	112,320,878
9 months.	17,190	291,954,608	507,872,144
October	1,602	20,548,049	39,939,509
November	1,761	26,586,979	54,230,809
December	1,862	28,528,618	47,805,918
Fourth quarter	5,225	73,663,646	141,976,236
12 mos.	22,415	365,618,254	649,848,380
1923	Number	Assets	Liabilities
January	2,208	$28,244,270	$53,597,775
February	1,563	18,843,374	38,145,532
March	1,677	32,035,272	60,617,498
First quarter	5,443	79,124,816	152,360,715
April	1,637	31,290,039	52,056,267
May	1,470	15,385,783	30,905,711
June	1,366	35,086,046	51,714,436
Second quarter	4,473	81,761,868	134,676,414
6 months.	9,916	169,886,684	289,037,129
July	1,405	20,362,083	40,220,398
August	1,440	27,823,651	48,748,849
Sept.	1,280	14,574,061	27,497,408
Third quarter	4,125	62,759,795	116,466,655
9 months.	14,041	223,646,479	403,503,784
October	1,594	50,198,455	74,429,774

Following will be found the failures, assets and liabilities in October for thirty-one years past:

	Number	Assets	Liabilities
1923	1,584	$50,198,455	$74,429,774
1922	1,602	20,548,049	39,939,509
1921	1,809	24,569,215	48,371,395
1920	881	19,425,361	35,235,422
1919	476	3,079,329	7,351,479
1918	688	5,040,331	10,913,674
1917	1,005	6,131,632	13,023,219
1916	1,265	5,468,214	11,373,235
1915	1,349	16,085,764	26,561,160
1914	1,445	12,567,097	23,561,160
1913	1,252	10,619,571	21,037,844
1912	1,093	5,776,976	13,670,937
1911	971	7,573,211	14,907,445
1910	867	5,944,112	12,247,902
1909	941	4,330,764	10,088,535
1908	1,072	6,198,700	17,424,765
1907	968	146,916,180	172,675,890
1906	797	6,842,982	12,224,518
1905	810	6,325,572	12,833,774
1904	841	4,736,190	10,323,096
1903	910	25,176,067	34,499,716
1902	801	4,433,040	8,961,154
1901	895	4,236,040	9,501,634
1900	885	4,125,356	9,620,855
1899	823	2,689,473	6,713,760
1898	1,035	8,431,528	14,809,391
1897	1,011	5,841,877	10,398,730
1896	1,234	9,360,131	16,545,092
1895	1,320	10,051,682	19,093,873
1894	1,146	7,935,646	14,716,881
1893	1,753	36,119,509	54,948,748

The ten months' record for twenty-three years past compares as follows:

	Number	Assets	Liabilities
1923	15,625	$273,844,934	$477,983,558
1922	18,792	312,502,657	547,811,653
1921	15,617	353,253,840	601,561,269
1920	5,657	183,865,396	285,581,815
1919	4,600	47,700,852	98,041,856
1918	8,261	59,088,210	118,373,638
1917	11,085	72,520,958	139,125,537
1916	13,884	72,162,251	148,026,981
1915	16,048	137,238,569	236,612,421
1914	12,981	165,353,622	298,639,077
1913	11,652	130,765,630	229,504,589
1912	11,399	83,949,503	168,581,396
1911	10,266	84,860,063	152,936,868
1910	9,428	71,317,666	149,074,273
1909	9,712	58,785,074	118,009,560
1908	11,763	149,524,735	262,260,259
1907	7,801	205,211,599	273,818,124
1906	7,669	51,105,799	101,276,480
1905	8,233	52,537,848	100,742,108
1904	8,559	66,803,980	125,128,838
1903	7,804	68,619,740	122,367,874
1902	8,262	41,111,871	85,870,278
1901	8,710	51,234,504	108,326,333

New York Stocks Caper, Declares Barnum Report

BY R. L. BARNUM.

New York, November 4.—Only on rare occasions does the stock market act as it did last week. On Monday a new low average price for the year was made for 50 representative shares, half rails and half industrials. Next day there was a further cut of from 20 to 50 cents a barrel in the price of Mid-continent oil with crude oil shares naturally declining. But that day the rest of the market, while full, held firm.

After the close of the stock market Tuesday the directors of the U S. Steel corporation not only made public earnings for the September quarter, much larger than had been expected by speculative Wall street, but unexpectedly declared an extra dividend on the common stock. The next day, Jesse Livermore, the most conspicuous and successful stock market operator of today, reversed his position in the stock market as it had been known by Wall street, by issuing a decidedly optimistic statement on the general business and stock market outlook. Before the close of the market Wednesday, leading stocks were up from 2 to 5 points or more for the day.

To pay the extra dividend of one quarter of one per cent declared by the steel corporation directors last Tuesday calls for only $1,200,000 For the three months ended with September, $4.46 a share was earned against only $1.87 for the same period of 1922. Thus, for the three months still to go and the full year's regular dividend of five per cent more than twice earned iuring the first nine months, the steel corporation could well afford to pay out $1,200,000 in extra dividends, especially in view of the accumulated surplus which at the end of 1922 amounted to $493,000,000 not including the $140,000,000 of surplus earnings belonging to the holders of the common stock which had been used for improvements properly chargeable to capital account.

In announcing that an extra dividend of a quarter of one per cent had been declared on the common stock, Chairman Gary of the steel corporation frankly admitted that new steel business was coming in at a rate of only 50 per cent of the company's producing capacity, a statement repeated late in the week by the Iron Age. This was a good deal of a jolt.

But it was softened by the shock absorbing extra dividend even if that dividend did call for an outlay of only $1,200,000.

Speculators understood that extra dividend to mean that the management of the steel corporation, which includes such men as J. P. Morgan and George F. Baker, were confident of the future, despite the surprising decreased amount of new business coming in.

But what influenced speculative Wall street this week for more than the unexpected large earnings and extra dividend of the steel corporation was the statement put out by Livermore Wednesday morning. It is no secret in Wall street that the earning power of the steel corporation is so diversified and the opportunities for bookkeeping adjustment so abundant that almost anything might happen in a quarter statement.

Speculative Wall street knows at the expense of its own pocketbook that it is not the way with Livermore. It knows that Livermore can see and talk on one side and then when conditions change, see and talk on the other. It also knows that Livermore sees and talks far ahead of the average speculator.

What Livermore said was that during the past six months there has been a recovery in farm prices with good crops on the average harvested; that sales of mail order houses reflected the country's large buying power; that the stock market had been liquidated and that there had been much readjustment on the part of those industries where production has been running ahead of demand.

He did not look for boom times; that boom times were not good for the company's good, but that he believed the future would show substantial profits to anyone using discretion in buying at prevailing prices of stocks of corporations that are well managed and not over capitalized. That, in view of the April statement, is decidedly optimistic. But it is not saying that we are going to get a bull market in stocks.

Pay Full Martial Honor To Hero of Belleau Wood

American Soldier To Be Buried in Arlington Cemetery Where Grave Will Be Safe.

Washington, November 4.—With full military honors the body of Private George Dilboy, of Massachusetts, who has been recognized by the war department as "one of the outstanding heroes of the world war," will be buried November 12 at Arlington cemetery. Army officers and former comrades of the lad who post-humously was awarded the congressional medal of honor will join in paying tribute to his memory.

Dilboy lost his life at Belleau wood. His body was sent to the home of his parents at Alachata, Turkey, where, it has been charged, Turkish soldiers broke open the casket, stripped it of the American flag and desecrated the body, the incident resulting in diplomatic exchanges between the United States and Turkey. Dilboy's body has been sent to the United States for burial at his parents' request.

An announcement of plans of the funeral ceremony made public today by the war department said:

"The story of the heroism of the young soldier of Greek extraction is a glorious one. His platoon, badly punished by German machine gun-fire, the lieutenant started to go out to the front to see how this nest could be flanked. A young lad with an automatic rifle jumped up and said: 'Lieutenant, I can wipe out these men,' and the lieutenant answered: 'Go ahead.'

"The lad, who was Dilboy, threw himself flat and wriggled forth, killing several of the machine gunners with bursts from his automatic rifle. In his progress he was hit thrice by a German sniper, but he never stopped to think about himself and kept on. When he reached the place to charge the two remaining Germans, he stood up and received a burst from the machine guns which literally cut off his right leg. He dropped on his back and with his left leg punished himself forward. Then he turned his head, aimed his last shot and killed the two men. Lying on his back with his right hand uppermost, the lad motioned to his platoon to go forward, and died with a smile on his face."

—"Suppose Nobody Cared"—

LEADING DOCTORS OF DIXIE PLANNING WASHINGTON TRIP

Washington, D. C., November 4.—(Special.)—At least one special train and numerous special cars have been arranged to bring the leaders of the medical profession of the south to the seventeenth annual convention of the Southern Medical association here November 13-15, inclusive. Approximately 2,500 physicians will attend.

The Southern railway will operate a special train from New Orleans, increasing in size as it nears the Capital City, until it probably will become two or more sections by the time it reaches Virginia. It will be known as the president's own train, in honor of Dr. W. C. Leathers, of Jackson, Miss., president of the association, who will travel on it.

Sleepers are being made up at Jackson, Birmingham, Chattanooga, Memphis, Nashville and other points. Kansas City, Mo., will send its delegation in a special car leaving there November 10 and arriving here November 12 at 2 a. m.

The Texans will leave Dallas in a special sleeping car for St. Louis, where they will join with several others and probably be made into a special train. Other state delegations are in correspondence with C. P. Lorane, general manager of the association, at Birmingham, Ala., relative to the formation of car parties.

A committee of Washington physicians will meet all trains and welcome the visitors and direct them to their hotels.

The following 18 southern states are represented in the association: Maryland, West Virginia, Virginia, Kentucky, Missouri, Oklahoma, Texas, Arkansas, Louisiana, Mississippi, Tennessee, Alabama, Florida, Georgia, South Carolina, North Carolina and the District of Columbia.

HAYNES PROMISES DRY ENFORCEMENT

Washington, November 4.—Prohibition Commissioner Haynes in a statement today, declared that "every effort will be made to carry out a program of coordination" of enforcement efforts between state and federal forces.

"The federal government will discharge its full obligations to the limit of its ability," said Mr. Haynes. "There are certain phases of the enforcement of the prohibition law for which the government is entirely responsible, and others for which the states should assume responsibility. The former, or 'preventive' enforcement includes the supervision of permits, withdrawals, concentration of bonded whisky, supervision of beverage and industrial alcohol plants, etc."

Commissioner Haynes added that there were about 200,000 police, sheriffs and similar state officers in the country whose "manifest duty" was to prevent minor infractions of the prohibition law.

If this great army could join hands with the prohibition agents, as was obviously intended by the framers of the eighteenth amendment and of the Volstead act, no provision being made for the building up of a great national constabulary, this country would be combed of violators who now slip through because hands are not joined."

Citing results of federal "preventive" enforcement at the source, Commissioner Haynes said that the pre-prohibition consumption of bonded whisky, excluding moonshine, was about 130,000,000 gallons, and beer 900,000,000 gallons, while last year whisky withdrawals for medicinal purposes were only 1,800,000 gallons and only 160,000,000 gallons of cereal beverages were manufactured.

—"Suppose Nobody Cared"—

FLORIDA MOUNDS TO BE SURVEYED

Washington, November 4.—Dr. J. Walter Fewkes, chief of the bureau of American ethnology of the Smithsonian Institution, left today for Florida, where he will make a survey of ancient Indian mounds and other antiquities of the pre-Columbian Indians, with a view to making a future comprehensive study of the prehistoric peoples of that region.

There are many Indian mounds in Florida, especially on Tampa bay and along the southwest coast to Cape Sable, Dr. Fewkes said; some partly excavated and others untouched. Discoveries of high scientific importance have been made from time to time, especially of remains of dwellings built on piles on ancient town sites which would link the pre-historic Floridians with those of Cuba. Traces of the latter were found by Columbus on his first voyage.

Dr. Fewkes does not expect to make extensive collections or excavations while in Florida, but expects to map out a program of considerable extent if indications point its advisability.

"We find in the early history of Florida frequent allusions to the land north of Cuba, to which was affixed the name of Florida by early voyagers in search of a mythical fountain of youth," Dr. Fewkes said. "There is no doubt that Florida was known to the aborigines of Cuba before the coming of Columbus, and archaeologists are acquainted with the numerous mounds and shell heaps along the coast and in the interior, which may carry the history of the natives back into pre-Columbian times. In the rapid development of Florida as a winter resort many of these shell heaps have been opened, aboriginal objects taken from them and other data lost."

—"Suppose Nobody Cared"—

G. M. C. ENROLLMENT LARGEST IN HISTORY

Milledgeville, Ga., November 4.—(Special.)—With a larger enrollment than last year, or any previous year, the Georgia Military college here has launched into what is generally considered to be one of the best years the institution has ever experienced. Dr. E. T. Holmes, formerly president of Gordon institute, at Barnesville, is the new president of the college and under his administration much progress is being made.

Dormitory facilities of the institution are better this year than they have ever been, several thousand dollars having been spent during the 1923 summer getting both dormitories and recitation halls ready for the 1923-1924 session.

Clement M. Eyler, a member of the faculty of the Georgia Military college, announces that the laboratories have been greatly enlarged, thereby permitting the institution to give better scientific courses.

The military award of Camp McClellan for the best representation has just been announced as awarded to the Georgia Military college, as well as the award for the best drilled cadet.

—"Suppose Nobody Cared"—

SAVANNAH CHURCH COMPLETES FUND FOR CHINA MISSION

Savannah, Ga., November 4.—(Special.)—The Independent Presbyterian church here which, in addition to supporting seven foreign and two home missions, gives thousands annually from a great endowment fund to both causes, today raised its fund for erecting the tenth church and manse in the Kashing province of China, where several of its workers are exclusively covering a territory serving 3,000,000 people. Each year for nine years this Savannah church has sent money to build a new church and pastor's home, and today completed its promise to do this each year for ten years. An additional medical missionary is to be sent out this year and supported. Following the collection was sung the great missionary hymn of the Christian church, sung by millions for a century, "From Greenland's Icy Mountains," the music to Heber's words being composed by Dr. Lowell Masen, then organist of the church here, and sung for the first time to the familiar tune in this church exactly one hundred years ago.

—"Suppose Nobody Cared"—

Hrs. Hawlock (with newspaper)—"It tells here about a surgeon over in Biggsville removin' epithelioma from a man's lip." Farmer—"Well, I should jedge it was time for people to quit usin' sech large words when it requires a doctor to get 'em out."—Boston Transcript.

—"Suppose Nobody Cared"—

Natives of Africa hoard cattle as their wealth, so we would hate to be a cashier there.—Reading Times.

Federal Officers Probe Walton Use Of U. S. Truck Fund

Oklahoma City, Okla., November 4.—Federal investigation of the management of the federal truck fund by Governor J. C. Walton, suspended executive, appeared probable tonight when it became known that J. G. Findley, investigator for the western district of Oklahoma, has asked the house investigating committee of the Oklahoma legislature for evidence regarding the management of the fund.

What is believed misuse of the federal truck fund has been uncovered in the mass of evidence, one of the committeemen declared. The trucks donated to the state by the federal government are thought to have been used in tours of the state on business other than that for which intended.

The evidence has been turned over to the federal government, members of the house committee indicated. Findlay also is seeking information regarding the drive Governor Walton is said to be making for funds with which to fight the Ku Klux Klan, committeemen added.

Savannahans Dedicate Y. W. C. A. Building With Religious Service

Savannah, Ga., November 4.—(Special.)—With simple, beautiful vespers Sunday evening just at dusk the new Young Women's Christian Association building, which, when entirely completed and equipped will represent an investment by the Protestants of the community of $300,000, was dedicated.

The interior of the splendidly located downtown institutional modern building is not quite done but parts of the administration and dormitory space will be used this week. Many church coirs and ministers took part in the service, Dr. L. Anderson delivering the principal address.

The Name can be imitated—
The Package can be copied—
BUT—
The Quality can't be equalled
POST'S BRAN FLAKES
Now you'll like Bran!



A neglected cough—*The beginning of many a dangerous disease*



You can quickly stop that exhausting cough that lays you open to disease.

WHEN your strength is exhausted and the delicate tissues of your throat and lungs are raw and sore from coughing, you may fall an easy prey to disease—bronchitis, pneumonia, even tuberculosis. That is why it is so important to break up coughs promptly.

For more than fifty years thousands of families have relied upon Dr. King's New Discovery to stop coughs. It does this quickly and naturally without any bad after-effects whatsoever, by stimulating the mucous membranes to throw off the clogging secretions. It has an agreeable taste. All druggists.

DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY



time counts when you need a physic

WE are often asked why so many doctors prescribe Pluto Water. Our answer is that doctors know the importance of quick relief from constipation, and Pluto acts in 30 minutes to two hours.

A clogged intestinal tract is breeding ground for disease of every kind—80% of all sickness is traceable to constipation. It is sheer folly to wait overnight for a slow-acting cathartic to act when Pluto will so promptly remove the danger.

Pluto is as safe and harmless as it is sure and quick. It is a *water* laxative—gently and completely *flushes* the system. No griping or after unpleasantness. At all drug stores. Physicians prescribe it.

French Lick Springs Hotel Co.
FRENCH LICK, INDIANA

The Sather Memorial Clock at the University of California, Berkeley, is located in a granite tower 300 feet high and has four dials. The minute hands measure 14 feet 9 inches and weigh 100 pounds each. The hour hands measure 12 feet 11 inches and weigh 75 pounds each. The clock is equipped with a complete set of chimes costing $25,000.

PLUTO WATER America's Physic
When nature wont PLUTO will

"Every Picture Tells a Story"

Has Your Back Given Out?

ARE you dragging around day after day, lame, stiff and achy; tortured with dull backache and stabs of pain? Do you feel weak, tired and nervous—old, worn-out and miserable? Then you should give attention to your kidneys. The kidneys, you know are the blood-filters. Once they fall behind, there is slow poisoning of blood and nerves and upsetting of the whole system. Your back aches, you have rheumatic pains, headaches, dizziness and distressing bladder irregularities. Your nerves are "jumpy;" you are depressed and irritable—unable to rest or relax. Don't continue in this unhappy condition. Delay may prove serious. Help your weakened kidneys with *Doan's Kidney Pills. Doan's* have helped thousands and should help you. *Ask your neighbor!*

Read How These Atlanta Folks Found Relief:

MRS. I. P. MAYFIELD, 151 Grant St., says: "I was troubled with disordered kidneys and had backache so badly that housework became hard. I felt so achy all over, I wasn't able to accomplish much work. I was often weak and was troubled with nervousness and always felt tired and worn-out. Specks blurred my sight and brought on dizzy spells. My kidneys caused much annoyance, through their too free action. I purchased Doan's Kidney Pills and after taking them I was rid of kidney trouble."

J. R. HUBBARD, carpenter, 1 Girard Ave., says: "I think constant jarring weakened my kidneys. Sometimes they acted too often and I had to get up at night to pass the secretions. They were unnatural in color and contained a thick, white substance. My back got lame and sore and there was a dull pounding pain just over my kidneys. When I stooped or made a quick move, a sharp pain darted across my back. I bought Doan's Kidney Pills at the Hemphill Avenue Pharmacy, and one box cured me. I have had no return of the trouble."

MRS. S. E. LINDLEY, 199 Cooper St., "When I attempted to straighten after stooping catches held me fast. My back became weak and I often sat down to get relief from the intense aches. Mornings I felt lame and stiff across my kidneys. I was nervous and worried and had dizzy spells and headaches. The sluggishness of my kidneys was the most annoying trouble. I used Doan's Kidney Pills and was relieved in every respect." (Statement given September 27, 1920.) On January 6, 1923, Mrs. Lindley added: "Doan's proved reliable when I used them and I am glad to confirm my former statement."

Doan's Kidney Pills

Every druggist has Doan's, 60c a box. *Foster-Milburn Co., Manufacturing Chemists, Buffalo, N. Y.*



Constant hacking makes the cough worse

STOP it now with Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar Honey—or it may become chronic. Nothing so quickly loosens phlegm, soothes dry throats and stops coughing. Made of the very same medicines the best doctors prescribe combined with the good old-time stand-by—pine-tar honey! Its taste is pleasing, too! Keep Dr. Bell's on hand for the whole family.

All druggists. Be sure to get the genuine.

DR. BELL'S *Pine-Tar Honey*

KING'S NuTREATMENT FOR INDIGESTION
ANY FORM
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If you are not 100% satisfied after taking for three days return balance of prescription and the trial will positively cost you nothing.
Get This Prescription Today—Eat What You Like Tomorrow.
FRANKLIN & COX, Inc.
Both Stores

News of Society and Woman's Work

THE CONSTITUTION'S DAILY WOMAN'S MAGAZINE

Features Which Will Interest Every Woman

Good Taste in Interior Decoration

* * * *

A Series of Thrice-Weekly Articles by Julia Hoyt (Mrs. Lydig Hoyt) on the Subjects of Interior Decoration, Feminine Dress, Entertaining, Amateur Theatricals and Other Topics.

(Copyright, 1923, in U. S. and Canada by North American Newspaper Alliance. All rights reserved.)

Nowadays people are giving more time and thought to the colors and designs used on their walls than ever before. Since the walls of a room constitute its definite background they cannot be given too careful consideration. Despite the fact that the plain painted wall has held the center of the stage for nearly a decade, the quaint figured wall paper has again come into vogue and promises to be as popular as it was in the 90s.

While figured papers have a great charm when correctly used, the woman with a small apartment or small rooms must not be carried away by them. Such rooms, it should be remembered, need particular attention and must be treated with a view to gaining the appearance of space and width; thus a plain painted wall, or a plain one-tone paper, is a safer gamble than anything figured. Another rule in the case of the small apartment is this: use the same wall color in those rooms which adjoin each other. This carries the eye on through without a break and creates an illusion of space which the use of differing wall colors would destroy.

Painted Walls Cheap.

Many people think that wall papers are cheaper than painted walls. This seems to me to be untrue, for unless one be willing to go to the expense of good papers (by this I do not necessarily mean imported papers which, of course, are prohibitive to the majority of pocketbooks, the painted wall is in the end the more economical choice. In order to get just the right shade she wishes, it may be necessary for the home-maker to stand by while the painter mixes his colors. But with a little tact she will be sure to convince him that her interest is sincere and that she is not being merely "fussy."

Another point in favor of the painted wall is its capability of being "touched up" where finger marks or dust have marred it. I remember the consternation of a little boy who was visiting a friend of mine. He splashed some red ink on a conspicuous portion of the living room wall. It was no time before the ingenious lady had framed a square of charming Japanese paper whose color matched the wall. She placed it over the spot; the effect was lovely and the little boy's conscience troubled him not a bit when he beheld the reparation.

The apparent size of a room also may be largely influenced by the color used on the ceilings. It is safe to say that for ordinary uses the ceiling should be much lighter than the walls of the room. Furthermore, I think I might way that the ceilings should be of a light color that is inconspicuous. This, of course, does not pertain to the bizarre room in which a heavy, lowering color is employed with much charm. But we are not dealing with such problems. Recently I saw a room which had been "enlarged," apparently, by the clever device of carrying the wall-tone over on to the ceiling some six or seven inches. This is a simple bit of deception which may be practiced by anyone whose problem is the customary one these days,—small rooms.

(Next Wednesday: Antique and Modern Furniture.

STARVED HEARTS

BY MILDRED BARBOUR

No. 31—Disquieting Thoughts.

"Married!"

Farley's amazement brought a smile to Madelon's lips. Her eyes flashed momentary mischief.

"Your surprise is scarcely flattering. Is it so strange that I should marry?"

He ignored her comment.

"It can't—surely it isn't Julian Barton? He is still abroad."

She shook her head.

"I married Howard Chandler. I dare say you've never heard of him, but—"

"Howard Chandler! Not the—"

He checked himself quickly, but a peculiar expression crossed his face.

"I once knew a chap by that name, but of course, it's not likely to be the same one."

Something in his tone proved disquieting to Madelon.

"It might be. It's trite but true, that the world is small. My husband declares he's a man without a country. Home, when he cares to call it so, is Honolulu."

Farley looked down at her gravely.

"Then it must be the same man whom I met abroad. He wouldn't remember me. It was at Monte two years ago."

Madelon was uncomfortably aware of something amiss. Farley's strange manner frightened her, but she tried to shake it off and said, with an assumption of lightness:

"Then you know how attractive he is . . . Aren't you going to congratulate me?"

It flashed through her mind that there was sardonic humor in the situation,—asking a discarded suitor to congratulate her upon her marriage with his successor.

"I congratulate Chandler," answered Farley steadily. "He was always a lucky devil, as I knew him. Apparently the old adage regarding cards and love doesn't work with him."

"You mean he was unlucky at cards?" she asked puzzled.

He gave a short laugh.

"On the contrary. His luck was phenomenal. And he cleaned up a few fine stakes on the tables at Monte. . . . Are you staying here long?" he changed the subject deftly.

"I believe not. Howard is anxious to be off to Honolulu, and now that Barbara is leaving—"

She stopped suddenly and bit her lip, but his expression was unchanged.

"I'm sorry that I didn't arrive earlier. I should like to have seen Mrs. Lane. You say she is leaving?"

"In the morning. Uncle Stephen came to take her home."

She added, with a light laugh:

"Me, he has cast into outer darkness, as you might well guess."

He took a step closer and his eyes were troubled.

"You mean he objects to your marriage to Chandler?"

"That would be easy to foretell, wouldn't it?" she asked, and flushed crimson at the veiled reference to the past.

But he gave no evidence of understanding. "I am very, very sorry," he said quietly. "Believe me, I hope that you will find supreme happiness in your new life. It is a wonderful country—Hawaii."

He held out his hand, smilingly, for farewell.

In spite of herself, Madelon was slightly piqued. Of course it was relieving to find that she hadn't hurt him as much as she thought she had when she had turned her affections to Julian Barton. But it was distinctly unflattering to discover that his former love for her was so completely dead that even her subsequent marriage could not rouse in him a flicker of regret.

She did not realize that his smiling calm hid a vortex of disturbing emotions. The sight of her had set his heart to pounding; the news of her marriage had slowed it down; and when he had learned that Howard Chandler was her husband, it quickened again in alarm. For he knew little good of Chandler.

But he concealed all these conflicting thoughts from her with phenomenal success. The same honorable instinct which had made him resist Barbara's beauty and appeal, prompted him to guard his eyes and tongue before Madelon.

So he bade her good-bye lightly and wished her bon voyage when she came to leave for Honolulu.

"I'll be going back to Los Angeles tomorrow night and, as I expect to spend all of the day on the links, I'm not likely to see you again. Will you give my regards to Chandler and tell him how cordially I congratulate him?

"It's been nice to see you," Madelon told him, sincerely. "It will likely be long before we meet again. I shall not forget how kind you've always been."

He still held her slim hand imprisoned in his strong clasp, and for a moment he forgot to veil his eyes.

"If you ever need me—," he broke off suddenly, flushing.

Those were the words with which he had parted from Barbara. Was he the sort of bounder who was always going about offering consolation to unhappy young married women, he asked himself savagely?

But in that flashing instant, Madelon realized that Duane Farley was far from indifferent toward her.

Copyright, 1923 for The Constitution.

—"Suppose Nobody Cared"—

Peachtree Garden Club Meets Today.

Members of the Peachtree Garden club will meet at the residence of Mrs. Thomas Erwin, in Druid Hills, at 3 o'clock this afternoon. Speakers include Mrs. Robert L. Coony, Mrs. W. H. Kiser, and Mrs. Erwin, the hostess.

Benefit Bridge Party.

A bridge party, to which the public is invited, will be given at the Habersham chapter house, Daughters of American Revolution, next Friday afternoon, for the benefit of the Home for the Friendless.

Mrs. Spencer R. Stone, chairman of the school committee of the organization, is in charge of the arrangements.



HAND BAG STYLES

differ as much as any other article for feminine use, but there is a good reason for the individuality. We have them in definitely exclusive designs that are sure to please the most fastidious. All the most popular materials from fancy leather to beaded effects. Various sizes.

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53 AUBURN AVENUE ATLANTA, GA.

JANE HEDDEN HAT PATTERNS

EDITORIAL.

Chinese coloring continues in popularity. Hand embroidery and handmade flowers are used in Chinese coloring. Chinese embroidery panels and motifs from mandarin robes and altar cloths trim the small and medium hat of black satin or gorgeous colored velvets.

The woman who likes to do hand work has a new thrill when she sees how quickly a beautiful hat develops under her hand.

A few hours' time is sufficient to complete any one of the smart models featured. To shop for any one of them and find the right colors to harmonize with the winter wardrobe will take as long as it need take to make the hat.

Making the hat gives the pleasure of fascinating creative work and the satisfaction of money saved.



No. 2267.

A cabachon of hand-made flowers in French colors makes the trimming for a brim of medium size. An extended fold lifts the brim slightly. Narrow back and section crown give the last word in well-fitting smartness. The high fur collars worn on the winter coats push a hat forward unless the brims are cut very narrow in the back. Black velvet or satin with vividly colored flowers and jade, silver or copen blue facing makes a smart combination for this model.

MATERIALS REQUIRED.

One soft pressed crown, 1 cap lining 1-2 yard buckram or elastic net, 4 yards brace wire, 1 yard 18-inch material for top and crown, 15-inch square for facing, colored silk and velvet pieces for the flowers.

No. 2270.

Soutache braid is laced across the front of the coronet of a small hat to make a lattice. Over the lattice are appliqued small Chinese embroidery figures. These may be purchased in any good department store or made by hand. The design is given with the hat pattern. Old gold dull blue, rose and jade over a French blue silk makes a wonderfully rich hat to wear with winter furs.

MATERIALS REQUIRED

One soft pressed crown, 1 cap lining, 1-2 yard elastic net or canvas, 3 1-2 yards brace wire, 1 3-4 yards 18-inch material, embroidery motifs.

No. 2268.

A wide maline fold extends from the base of the crown out over the brim of a small poke. This gives an unusual and flattering effect. A tinsel or beaded motif from the dress trimming departments may be used with a little added stitches in gold and silver. The model featured is of black satin soleil with the side crown facing of French blue velvet and the embroidery motif of shaded blue, green and gold tinsel with irridescent beads.

MATERIALS REQUIRED.

One soft pressed crown, 1 cap lining, 1-2 yard elastic net or buckram, 3 yards brace wire, 1 1-2 yards 18-inch material, 1 yard maline.

No. 2269.

Conventional flowers are cut from soft thick material like duvetyn or velvet and appliqued onto a tiny cloche of contrasting materials. Chenille and tinsel thread line the brim in an effective fashion. Wood shades in oak, brown and tan makes a most effective hat. Black and jade dull orange and brown or navy and gray are other lovely possibilities. The clever needle woman will make the hat to match coat and sport outfits or street dress and suit costume. A combination of colors always makes it possible to wear the same hat with more than one costume.

MATERIALS REQUIRED.

One soft pressed crown, 1 cap lining, 3 yards brace wire, 1-2 yard elastic net or canvas, 1-4 yard flower material, 1 yard 18-inch material for hat, embroidery threads.

No. 2271.

Chinese embroidery notifs are appliqued on a gold bandeau and surrounded by gold bugle beads and loops of Chinese gold thread to make this handsome evening headdress. Such accessories of dress must be smart to be successful. Just the right combination of line and materials makes a beautiful finish for a costume. Just the wrong thing spoils it. Model No. 2271 gives the simple correctness needed. Any home seamstress can make it and save many dollars.

MATERIALS REQUIRED.

One embroidery motif or embroidery materials, Chinese gold, gold bugle beads, 1-4 yard tinsel cloth, 1-4 yard satin.

HAT PATTERN ORDER.

This order, with 25 cents, will bring you pattern and working instructions for making any one of the hats illustrated above. If more than one pattern is desired enclose 25 cents for each pattern. Fill in name and address—enclose stamps coin or postal note. Address your order:

Hat Pattern Department,
The Constitution,
Atlanta, Ga.

Enclosed find ..... Please send me Jane Heddon hat patterns

No. .....

Name .....

Street .....

City .....

Christmas Is Coming

And our Washington Bureau is anticipating the holiday season by getting ready for you a bulletin telling how to make Christmas tree ornaments and toys at home. Besides directions and suggestions for home-made tree ornaments, there are directions for home-made dolls, doll clothes, doll furniture and other toys. And while primarily a Christmas suggestion bulletin it includes numerous suggestions for amusing children by means of extemporized games, plays and miscellaneous toys. If you want the bulletin, fill out and clip off the coupon below and mail as directed:

Washington Bureau, The Daily Atlanta Constitution,
1322 New York Avenue, Washington, D. C.

I want a copy of the bulletin Amusing Children, and inclose herewith 4 cents in loose postage stamps for same.

Name .....

Street and No. .....

City .....

State .....

BABY'S WELFARE

BY DR. ARTHUR G. BRETZ.

The articles appearing in this column have been prepared by a licensed graduate physician having many years of experience in dealing with the health and growth of the child, and are intended especially for those mothers who are so busy with daily household routine that they have not the time to read the many good books published or attend lectures on such subjects. No attempt will be made to prescribe medical or surgical treatment, nor to make a diagnosis of any illness.

Mothers desiring further information regarding the feeding of babies and older children, may write to Dr. Arthur G. Bretz, Baby's Welfare Department, care of this paper—enclosing two-cent starp for reply.

AN ARTIFICIAL FEEDING OUTFIT.

The proper preparation of artificial food requires certain utensils which should be used for no other purpose. Each utensil should be carefully cleaned with boiling water immediately after using, so as to avoid any possible chance of contamination. The slightest contamination may cause serious intestinal disturbance.

A well equipped feeding outfit consists of the following:

Twelve 8-ounce nursing bottles.
Twelve nipples.
Rubber corks or sterile cotton as stoppers for nursing bottles.
Bottle brush.
A two-quart pitcher for mixing.
Measuring glass, graduated in one-half ounces.
Bottle rack.
Measuring spoons (tea, half-tea and table size).
Mixing spoons.
Saucepan.
Double boiler.
One enamel-ware pail, kettle or similar utensil for sterilization purposes.
Funnel.
Knife for leveling purposes.
Two mason jars for nipples (one for clean and one for used nipples.)

While the above outfit may be slightly more expensive, it will save time and trouble in the preparation of the daily feedings and is a wise investment for every mother. All of this equipment is easy to keep clean, which is of the utmost importance. The best artificial food is completely spoiled if the slightest uncleanliness exists.

Before attempting to prepare the food for feeding, the mother should see that her hands are perfectly clean. Wash them in hot water, using plenty of soap. Everything coming in contact with the milk, saucepans, spoons, etc., must be clean.

With the present day sanitary conditions existing as they do in the dairying industry, milk delivered to the mother is usually clean and pure. The mother, therefore, must see that it remains so after it has arrived in the home. If bottled milk is used it is well to rinse the top of the bottle under the faucet before the cap is removed. This will wash away any dust or dirt that may have settled there. If condensed milk is used pour hot water over the end to be opened, and over the can opener. After the can is opened, cover tightly with an inverted glass or tumbler.

Cleanliness is of the utmost importance in every phase of the care of the baby, but never more so than in the preparation of his food.

NON REVOKE CARDS

EACH SUIT A DIFFERENT COLOR HEARTS RED, DIAMONDS GREEN, CLUBS BROWN, SPADES BLACK

Samples and Prices Upon Request

J. P. STEVENS ENGRAVING CO.

ATLANTA, GA.

Blunders



Something is being done here which causes an enormous property loss in the United States every year. What is it?

The answer will be found among today's want ads.

Beauty Chats

BY EDNA KENT FORBES

CHARACTER OF THE COIFFURE.

The smartness of the coiffure is a secondary matter, the only thing that counts is its becomingness. Styles of hair dressing are so varied that any attractive way of doing the hair is sure to be in good fashion.

But when I say "becoming" I mean a little more than that the hair should look attractive around the face. Probably any one of half a dozen styles would be that. Your hair dressing should suggest character.

This is a subject on which I can give only the vaguest advice. If this manner of dressing your hair is a problem to you it is one that you must solve for yourself. If you go to a hair dresser she may have some really valuable suggestions, but she may also, being prejudiced in favor of coiffures, do up your hair in some elaborate fashion that would be quite out of character.

First decide for yourself what your type is. If you are the sweet, sensible, womanly sort whose face charms, because of its clear skin and sympathetic expression, then the simple unwaved coiffure, with a parting in the middle or the side, and a loose knot at the back is probably a good choice.

If you are quite small and slender, and either young or youngish, with a thin bright little face, you will probably look very attractive with your hair cut off short, and either slightly waved or else perfectly straight.

If you are very pretty and wear your dresses smartly and go in for frilly dance frocks and the fashionable exaggerations of each season then you'll look best with the hair waved and piled in some elaborate coiffure on your head.

Decide on your type first, then dress your hair and choose your clothes to suit that type. Don't copy your best friend's hair dressing just because you like it.

Mrs. W. H. N.:—Among the available bleaches are those made from the juices of vegetables and fruit, such as tomato, cucumber, lemon or strawberry.

As your daughter is still growing you need have no apprehension concerning her height.

Helen G. W.:—There is no impropriety in young girls wearing socks with sports clothes. I am referring to those that come just below the knee cap where the scoreydilr knee cap where they are rolled over a garter.

A girl of 21 years, height five feet eight and a half inches should weigh about 130 pounds. If you can hold

Does your hair suit your face?

yourself as well without corsets as when you have them on, there is no reason for wearing them.

Tomorrow:—Answered Letters.

All inquiries addressed to Miss Forbes in care of the "Beauty Chats" department will be answered in these columns in their turn. This requires considerable time, however, owing to the great number received. So if a personal or quicker reply is desired, a stamped and self-addressed envelope must be enclosed with the question.—The Editor.

Body Builders.

Foods rich in lime and necessary to the system are milk, cheese, spinach, eggs, cabbage, onions, lettuce and celery.

Fifth Concert of Symphony Orchestra Heard by Hundreds

BY MAINER LEE TOLER.

Despite the inclement weather of Sunday afternoon the fifth concert given by the Atlanta Symphony orchestra at the Howard theater was heard by hundreds who packed the huge playhouse to its utmost capacity.

No program given yet by this noted group of musicians has received any more enthusiastic applause than the one given yesterday.

The outstanding number of the program was the "Fifth Symphony," by Tschaikowsky. Just as described, it was colossal, pondurous and expressive—bringing a thrill to every music-loving soul in the introduction of a national air and coming to a glorious climax. It is no wonder that this is regarded as the greatest work of the greatest of Russian composers, and it is hoped that the Atlanta Symphony orchestra will include this number in another one of its programs before the last of the series of concerts is completed.

The meaning of the "grande finale" never rang truer than in the overture, "Rienzi," by Richard Wagner, given as the closing number of this brilliant concert. Opening with a slow movement, announced by the melodious notes of a trumpet call until the triumphant ending founded on the battle hymn, it surpassed all expectations and brought the breathless and appreciative audience to its feet.

A number of representative Atlantans and distinguished visitors were seen in the audience Sunday afternoon. Among them were Thomas B. Higdon, Joel Hunter, Jr., Dr. and Mrs. J. A. Easter, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel N. Evins, Captain and Mrs. George Edgar French, Mr. and Mrs. James Whitten, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Chalmers, Dr. and Mrs. W. W. Blackman, Mr. and Mrs. W. O. Foote, Harry Flynn, Mr. and Mrs. Dudley Glass, Mr. and Mrs. John F. Glenn, Dr. and Mrs. Thomas P. Hinman, George L. Harrison, Fred H. Houser, Mr. and Mrs. Henry A. Inman, Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Heath, Mrs. Samuel Inman, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Inman, Mr. and Mrs. V. H. Kriegshaber, Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Lynch, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Loridans, Mr. and Mrs. Haynes McFadden, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred C. Newell, Miss Helen Knox Spain, Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Peeples, Mrs. Eugene Pearce, Mayor and Mrs. Walter A. Sims, Mrs. Albert E. Thornton, Miss Cleveland Zachner, Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Webb, Mrs. George Winship, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Welhouse, Hon. Hal. M. Stanley.

Occupying the boxes were Mr. and Mrs. St. Elmo Massengale, Dean and Thomas H. Johnston, Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Horine, Mrs. Lewis B. Franklin, former assistant United States treasurer; Bishop Mikell, Mr. and Mrs. George W. Walker, Governor and Mrs. Clifford Walker, Mr. and Mrs. B. S. Walker, of Monroe; Mr. and Mrs. J. B. McCrary, Mr. and Mrs. Alonzo Richardson, Dr. and Mrs. W. C. Jarnigan and Frank Harrold.

Oglethorpe's Woman Board Meets Thursday.

A meeting of the executive committee of the Oglethorpe University Woman's board has been called for 10:30 o'clock Thursday morning by Mrs. Katherine H. Connerat, president. The Atlanta Woman's club has been selected as the meeting place.

Several matters of importance will be laid before the committee at this time, according to the announcement of Mrs. Connerat, and plans laid for the annual fall meeting of the Woman's board to be held the following week. An invitation has been extended Dr. Thornwell Jacobs, president of the university, to attend, when the welcome of that body will be extended following his recent return from England.

All members of the executive committee are invited to be the guests of Mrs. Connerat at a tea given in the club rooms following the meeting.

$10.00 is all

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Examination FREE

"ROYAL WEEK"

Commences this Morning with a Gift from Your Grocer

This is a most important week for every woman who takes pride in her table and wants to provide her family with the best and most wholesome home baking.

The New Royal Cook Book

The latest authority on all that is best in home baking—Free

Shows how to make Biscuits such as you never even dreamed of; Cake creations almost beyond your imagination; Griddle Cakes that make breakfast an event. The recipes that you have so often longed for are all in the New Royal Cook Book. For instance here are recipes for the famous Royal Biscuits and Royal Hot Griddle Cakes:

Royal Biscuits

2 cups flour
4 teaspoons Royal Baking Powder
½ teaspoon salt
2 tablespoons shortening
¾ cup milk or half milk and half water

Sift together flour, baking powder and salt, add shortening and rub in very lightly; add liquid slowly; roll or pat on floured board to about one inch in thickness (handle as little as possible); cut with biscuit cutter. Bake in hot oven 15 to 20 minutes.

Royal Hot Griddle Cakes

2 cups flour
½ teaspoon salt
5 teaspoons Royal Baking Powder
1½ cups milk
2 tablespoons shortening

Mix and sift dry ingredients; add milk and melted shortening; beat well. Bake on slightly greased hot griddle—batter must be thin. Cakes should be small and not too thick—about one-eighth inch when baked. An iron frying pan may be used; grease only enough to keep cakes from sticking. Turn only once.

During "Royal Week" a copy of the New Royal Cook Book will be presented by any grocer to every purchaser of the famous

ROYAL Baking Powder

Absolutely Pure

Made from Cream of Tartar, derived from grapes

ROYAL *contains no alum—leaves no bitter taste*

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THE CONSTITUTION'S WEEKLY BUSINESS REVIEW

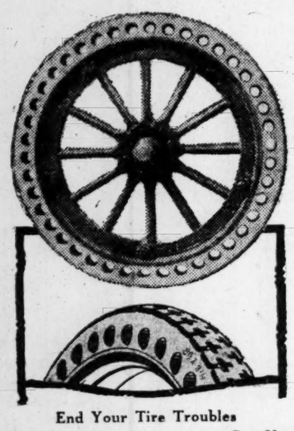
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"The House of Service—24 hours per day" is the rather unique slogan of the Barrett-Watson company, the well-known mill supply house, located at 35 South Forsyth street, this city. The slogan is not only unique, but the company declares its ability and its willingness to literally live up to the motto, and declares that the best evidence of this intention is the fact that it frequently does literally live up to it, giving service to those who need it at any hour of the day or night.

Up until July this company was located at 68 South Forsyth, but due to its growth and largely increased business, it had to seek more commodious quarters, and it now occupies splendid headquarters at 35 South Forsyth street. The company handles a large and standard line of valves, fittings and all accessories usually carried by up-to-date mill supply houses. It also handles the following exclusive lines: Armstrong steam traps, Barrett transmission material, Quaker City rubber mechanical rubber, Grant Leather corporation's "Slip-Knot" belting, and the John Crane metallic packing. These exclusive lines, all well known and popular, together with the general line of standard goods, makes this company one of the most important of its kind, not only in Atlanta, but the south.

Barrett-Watson company was established in 1920. Its officers are R. L. Barrett, president; H. D. Watson, vice president, and A. H. Cochran, secretary. It covers the entire southeastern states in its operation and its officials declare that their business has shown a substantial increase with each year. Just now they report business conditions as unusually good and are looking very hopeful to the future, having a vision of a large number of patrons for the future.

—"Suppose Nobody Cared"—

TILO-KOTE LATEST THING FOR ROOFS, SAYS "BILLY" WARE

"Business just now is exceedingly good, with prospects unusually bright," said J. W. Ware Saturday, president of the Ware Paint company.

To those who know "Billy" Ware no other expression could be expected, for "Billy" is one of the most optimistic and clever young business men in Atlanta. However, in this particular instance, Mr. Ware is absolutely right, judging from the busy appearance of his office and sales forces, and judged, too, from the number of contracts which are constantly coming his way.

Just now Mr. Ware is having his offices at 228 Marietta street remodeled in a handsome way, applying to it the same care and taste and the some efficiency that has established the reputation of the Ware Paint company in its work for other folks. As president of the company which bears his nome, Mr. Ware has traveled extensively over the south, and has secured many big contracts for painting and re-roofing work. He has four salesmen continually working in Atlanta, besides other live agents scattered throughout the southeastern section. He maintains a large application department, applying roofing over wood shingles, and states that he is going to be compelled in the near future to add several more crews to take care of the re-roofing business.

The Ware Paint company, among its other important lines, is also distributor in Georgia and Alabama for Tilo-Kote paint. This is declared to be a revolutionary invention, and it is declared that it seals and renews all types of roofs. In speaking of it the other day, Mr. Ware said:

"Tilo-Kote may be described as asphalt roofing in liquid form—and in attractive colors. Applied on your roof Tilo-Kote does two things; gives it a tough asphalt coating that saves the surface and therefore saves all—and gives it a color that is beautiful and attractive instead of dull and drab as are most roof materials.

"Tilo-Kote is a revolutionary invention, offering advantages never before possible in a roof coating. It contains no oil. It is asphalt suspended in cold water. Yet once set, Tilo-Koote becomes solid asphalt, thereafter absolutely impervious to water! It fills all cracks and crevices. Pins down all loose shingles. Defies the elements and decorates the roof! You can Tilo-Kote your old roof in attractive solid colors—or secure vari-colored tile-like effects by using combinations and blends of Tilo-Kote colors.

"It unifies, and beautifies. Comes ready to apply—needs no heating. Costs less than ordinary house paint."

—"Suppose Nobody Cared"—

ANDREW J. INGRAM DIES AT RESIDENCE

Barnesville, Ga., November 4.—(Special.)—Andrew J. Ingram, 65, died at his home here Sunday morning after a lingering illness. He was a prominent citizen and farmer.

He is survived by his widow and three daughters, Mrs. Carrie May Ross, of Dublin; Mrs. Jack Taylor, of Atlanta, and Miss Fannie Kate Ingram, of North Carolina.

Funeral services and interment will occur Monday afternoon at Shiloh Baptist church, of which he was a member.

ATLANTA AGENCY OF PENN. MAKING FAST GAINS UNDER WILLETT

Perhaps no insurance agency in the entire south has made greater progress nor has a larger clientele than the Penn Mutual agency of Atlanta, so ably represented by Hugh Miller Willett. This agency has been established in Atlanta for many years, Mr. Willett himself coming to Atlanta in January, 1902, and purchasing a half interest in the Atlanta general agency of the Penn Mutual Life Insurance company, one of the largest offices in the south. Since that date he has engaged in steadily upbuilding the business of his agency, and at the present time it stands second to none in every respect.

Much of the success which has come to this agency is due entirely to the hard work and earnest efforts of Mr. Willett. As a matter of fact, the world of insurance has produced no more stable character or energetic personality among all its representatives than Mr. Willett, who is not only recognized as a leader among insurance men, but who has become one of the potent factors in the civic and social world of this city. He has achieved his success in the important insurance field by reason of his integrity, honor and fine character.

In recognition of Mr. Willett's ability, he was elected president of the Georgia Association of Life Insurers, and served throughout the year 1910. In 1913-14 he became chairman of the executive committee of the National Association of Life Underwriters, and was its president in 1914-15.

Mr. Willett is greatly pleased with the results of business written by his office in the last six month declaring that his business from April to November 1 was 70 per cent greater in volume than the same period of 1922.

Lawrence Willett, superintendent of agents, and the rest of the selling agents, are making splendid gains. Lawrence Willett stands fourteenth in rank for total business out of the foremost hundred personal producers, exclusive of general agents, of business paid for during September, 1923, in the United States of the Penn Mutual Life insurance organization—an insurance organization which has the reputation of being one of the highest class old-line life insurance companies in America.

—"Suppose Nobody Cared"—

SMITH & MEGAR GET MANY BIG CONTRACTS FOR SODA FOUNTAINS

One of the largest and most important contracts for the installation of a soda fountain in the south has only recently been placed in the hands of Smith & Megar, with offices and sales rooms at 48 West Mitchell street.

This company is selling agent of the Puffer Manufacturing company, of Winchester, Mass., and is also jobber for J. P. Womack & Sons, Inc., two unusually strong lines.

The contract for the fountain mentioned above is for Franklin & Cox, well-known druggists of Atlanta, located at Alabama and Whitehall streets. The beautiful fountain to be installed will be 66 feet long, and is declared by Smith & Megar to be the last word in modern improvements and sanitation, as well as in beauty. The very latest feature in this modern fountain lies in the fact that it will be equipped with heavy brass plumbing throughout, declared to be the only one of its kind in the United States. This naturally will make leaking impossible, producing 100 per cent sanitation. Smith & Megar are very proud of the fact that they have secured this contract by reason of the fact that it is being installed in a large drug organization, which, it is claimed, does the largest volume of soda business in the state and the second largest in the southeast.

The Puffer Manufacturing company, for which Smith & Megar are selling agents, is manufacturer of the original Lippincott soda fountain and also manufacturer of the Puffer soda fountain and carbonators. The territory for which Smith & Megar are selling agents, radiating out from Atlanta as headquarters, embraces Georgia, Alabama, Florida, Tennessee, Kentucky, Louisiana, North and South Carolina, and the firm maintains a large force of salesmen covering these states at all times.

A large force of erecting mechanics is kept constantly busy by Smith & Megar, not only in erecting and installing fountains, but in giving service of all kinds, such as is needed in keeping soda fountains up to the moment.

Smith & Megar also cover the southern states as jobbers for J. P. Womack & Sons, the well-known manufacturers of bank, store and office fixtures, which makes a very appropriate and kindred line in connection with their soda fountain business. The Womack company was established in Atlanta in 1921, and is composed of J. P., J. A., H. G., C. S. and J. R. Womack.

—"Suppose Nobody Cared"—

MRS. ASHBY TO SPEAK ON "HEALING POWER"

Healing Power will be the subject of a helpful and practical lecture to be given by Mrs. Rose Mae Ashby, psychologist, at 3:30 o'clock Tuesday afternoon in the assembly room of the Carnegie library. Methods of healing will be given. The public is invited to attend.

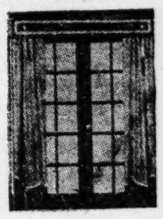
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A Lover in Chains

* * * *

By Elizabeth York Miller.

(Continued from Yesterday.)

Suddenly, Millie, with a quick gesture, pulled down her mask and shrank back a little. Donald looked up and saw Joyce St. Clair and Gay emerging from one of the boxes near them. Gay saw Millie's action and smiled derisively. Stanhope had told her who the pink Pierrot was, and she interpreted the girl's quick remasking of herself as a confession of guilt because of Donald.

By this time Gay had herself well in hand, and Donald need not have feared she would make a scene. "The Golden Girl," magnificent in her shimmering robes, came up to them, Joyce in her student's costume, lounging negligently along behind, a cigarette between her lips. Joyce's eyes were lazily amused. She had a great desire to see this girl that Donald Traill was making such a fool of himself over.

"Good evening, Miss Sayres," Gay said, her smile growing more and more derisive.

At the name, Joyce started, and her face, already white enough, went chalky. She had heard the little dressmaker girl referred to on several occasions as Milllie, and she knew that Millie lived in Donald's neighborhood, where she, herself, had been brought up, but it was five years now since Joyce ran away to make her own life, and at that time Millie had been a mere child like Katie was now.

She started forward, incredulously. "It—it can't be that you are Millie Sayres!" she exclaimed hoarsely.

"Of course, she is. What's the matter with you, Joyce?" Gay snapped.

Millie slipped off her mask again, and regarded her sister with pale intensity.

"Oh, I didn't know!" Joyce cried, wringing her hands together. "I didn't know, Donald! I swear I didn't, or I would never—"

"You didn't know what?" demanded Gay.

"Or you would never have what?" Donald asked, as quickly and insistently.

Joyce turned away to hide the tears in her eyes.

"Millie Sayres is my sister," she explained, with a fine air of carelessness. Rather amusing, isn't it, Gay?"

Her voice was hard and seemed to convey some subtle intelligence to Gay, who answered very sharply. "It's a surprise to me, but I don't see anything particularly amusing in it."

She consulted her card and turned to Donald as the orchestra struck up an inspiring one-step.

"This is one of the dances I promised you," she said curtly.

He excused himself to Millie and offered Gay his arm, since there seemed nothing else for him to do.

Millie sat where he had left her, limp and distressed, and thoroughly sorry, now, that she had come to this grand ball. Joyce started to turn away, then, with an impulsive gesture, came back and sat down on the couch.

"You needn't have bothered to recognize me, Joyce," Millie said. "I didn't want to shame you before your fine friends."

"Friends—be bothered! If you mean Gay Desmond," Joyce retorted. "And as for Donald Traill, I—I'll have his blood!" Her hands clenched passionately, and then she gave an angry start as she saw Jack Stanhope approaching them, the embodiment of crafty Orientalism.

"Don't tell him," she whispered savagely.

Millie had no more intention of telling Stanhope than she had of telling Gay and Donald—Joyce and she, though sisters by birth, were a whole world apart now. They scarcely spoke each other's language.

"Ah, so you've made friends with Miss Sayres!" Stanhope said, stroking his long, false mustache and beaming down upon them with an air of benevolence.

"Yes," Joyce replied nonchalantly, as she lit another cigarette. "We're getting on famously. Gay is dancing with Donald."

Without asking permission, Stanhope seated himself beside Millie.

"Then, perhaps, you and I can finish our dance, which Mr. Traill so cruelly interrupted."

Millie shook her head, white-lipped and tried to smile.

"It's awfully kind of you, but I've got a bad headache and I think I'll be going home. I—I'm not used to this sort of thing, you know. It's rather dazzled me."

"A headache, eh?" purred Stanhope. "I know what that is. I'm a martyr to them myself, but I've got something with me that'll cure it in two ticks . . . my own physician's prescription . . . absolutely harmless." He broke off as he produced a littlee silver box from a pocket under his heavily-embroidered robe. "Just a couple of sniffs of this and you'll be as right as rain."

Undoubtedly Millie did have a headache, for she reached out her hand to take the box with a grateful expression and an inquiry on the tip of her tongue as to the amount she was to take.

"No you don't!"

With a vehement movement, Joyce leaned forward and knocked aside his hand so violently that the box flew out of it, and the contents—a white, powdery substance—were scattered on the floor.

"You vicious cat! Look what you've done!"

Joyce laughed stridently.

"Well, get down on your hands and knees and scoop it up—if you dare. But people are looking at you and wondering."

"I'll get even with you for this!" Stanhope muttered, picking up the empty box and slipping it back into his pocket.

"You have my permission." Joyce retorted. "Come on, Millie. Between Mr. Preacher Man and Mr. Johnny Doper, this is no place for an innocent young maid like you."

She grabbed Millie's hand and dragged her along to the ladies' cloak room.

"I suppose you have a wrap. Get it as quickly as you can, and I'll get mine. I'm going to take you home."

Millie obeyed. When she was a child she had obeyed Joyce, just as Katie now obeyed her, and the old instinct survived.

Joyce's car had been ordered for a much later hour, but people were still arriving and it was quite easy to get a taxi. In a few moments they were whirling eastward.

"Joyce, I don't know what you meant about Mr. Traill," Millie said breathlessly. "Nobody could have been kinder to me than he, unless it's—" she broke off in deep embarrassment.

"Some one else has been 'kind,' too. eh?" said Joyce huskily. "If you mean Stanhope—"

"I mean Terence Maclean," Millie said softly.

"Terence!" Joyce exclaimed, with a half sob. Then she laughed, as though it were a matter of no consequence. "Is he still hanging about the old neighborhood?"

"He's got a settlement—Harbour House. If it hadn't been for him and Mr. Traill, I don't know what would have become of us all."

In a few moments Joyce had got the whole sad little story.

"So mother's dead and left another new kid—and dad's done a bunk! Well, I'm not surprised at him. But, oh, Millie, I didn't know—and perhaps I didn't think or care as I should have done. Millie, I'm going to look after you; I'm going to make it up to you—"

"No, Joyce—I'd rather you didn't. I shall be getting along splendidly, now. . . ."

"You mean Terence has told you I'm not fit—"

"He never mentions you, Joyce."

"Never—! But of course not. He's forgotten."

"He hasn't forgotten. He has your photograph. He keeps it in his pocket. I saw him looking at it one day."

"Tell me—tell me!"

"There's nothing more to tell than that. Oh, Joyce, you treated him so badly! He wanted to marry you, and even if he was poor, it was a great honor—"

"It was a greater honor than I deserved—but I deserve it less now, and—and—oh, well nothing matters."

The reckless note came back into her voice, and then she relapsed into silence.

When the cab stopped before the little shop she went to the door with Millie.

"No, I won't come in, now. I've got to get back. But I'll come to see you tomorrow, kid. If your head aches, have a glass of hot milk and get to sleep as quickly as possible. And, Millie—"

"Yes?"

"Don't take anything Jack Stanhope gives you, ever—not even tickets to balls."

With a little moan, Joyce flung herself back into the cab and returned to the Albert hall. Half-way there she started to light one of her drugged cigarettes, but blew the match out before she had done so. Then in the darkness of the cab she emptied the contents of her case into her lap, and one by one broke up the cigarettes and tossed them in shreds into the street.

"That's finished," she muttered to herself. Then she shivered and wondered if she would be strong enough to carry through her impulsive resolution. Even now she wanted the drug; her nerves clamored for it madly. Yet there were fools who said that opium was comparatively harmless!

Joyce St. Clair was up against the hardest thing she had ever tackled, and in her angry pride she meant to tackle it single-handed.

Donald Traill was anything but happy as Gay and he joined the thousand other dancers on the vast floor. They had danced often together and knew each other's step so well that it was a pleasure to watch them.

Gay clung closely to him, her eyes starry with feeling as she raised them to his; the warm perfume of her a subtle invitation to his senses.

"Oh, Donald, my love! Forgive me if I'm jealous of you. I can't help it. But I'm silly, am I not?"

His reply stabbed her heart with cold fear.

"I'm not so sure about your being silly. I'm wondering if wicked isn't a better word."

"Donald!"

"Don't pretend to misunderstand. What did Joyce mean when she said she 'didnt know' in that strange way? Were you and she and that cad Stanhope putting up some game on Millie Sayres?"

"That girl again!" Gay replied between set teeth.

"I think you must be mad! And how dare you speak of Mr. Stanhope like that? He is one of my friends."

"I don't want to quarrel with you, Gay—but it's come to this: you must choose between your friendship for Stanhope—a man that I didn't even know you were acquainted with until tonight—between him and me."

"Oh!" Gay cried. Then she clung even more closely to him. "You're jealous, Donald, my own!"

"If you like. I don't care what you call it. But you're not to see Stanhope any more. Promise me, Gay."

She laughed, secretly thrilled and pleased, and by common consent they made their way to the edge of the floor and ceased dancing.

"I'll promise—if you won't see Millie Sayres any more."

Traill's lips twitched. Tonight he had made the great discovery, but it had come too late. He was bound in honor to this other woman, and if he did see Millie, it would be harder and harder for him not to let the girl know how deeply he cared. Yet—how could he keep away from her?

The infinite variety of temptation! Joyce St. Clair, bravely destroying her poppy gods in the musty dimness of the cab; Donald Trail giving his desperate promise to the woman he had pledged himself to marry—at this moment, there was not much to choose between them.

"If you really feel like that," Donald said quietly. "I won't see her. At least I will not deliberately seek her out."

Gay desired now to return to her box. She was fairly satisfied and rather exultant. Promises meant little or nothing to her, but she had an iden that they would mean a great deal to Donald Traill. He would keep his and she must use discretion where Stanhope was concerned.

"For tonight you don't expect me to be rude to him, do you?" she whispered, pressing close to Donald as they entered the box together. "In a way, he is my guest."

"No, certainly I don't wish you to be rude to anybody. I was referring to the future."

"Then that's all right," she returned.

But it wasn't, for Stanhope had disappeared.

Supper was being served, when Joyce St. Clair slipped back into the box, unnoticed by anybody but Donald. He could not keep his eyes from questioning her mute eagerness, but apparently she was blind to the appeal, and immediately devoted herself to food and a slavish young man in Harlequin attire, whom she called Reg, and who was always ready and waiting to be useful.

Gay, in her golden trappings, grew more and more distrait as night wore into the small hours of morning, and Jack Stanhope did not come back. She was needing him desperately by this time, or at least her nerves were demanding the drug which she knew he could supply.

Her flagging gaze swept the floor again and again, but she could not see him; nor could she see the Pink Pierrot. Selfish beast! had he gone off with the girl? She didn't mind that, in the least, but she was furious with him for not contriving to see her alone for a moment before he went.

Nor was she the only one beset with anxiety. Donald's eyes, too, were searching, and also failed to find what they sought.

In the background as she munched sandwiches and flirted with her Reg, the enigmatic Joyce St. Clair watched them both and read their minds. She could have set Donald's anxieties at rest in a whispered sentence, but she did not choose to do so; and she could hazard a good guess as to what had taken Stanhope away so prematurely. He was probably down in Limehouse by this time, bargaining with a scarred, ear-ringed foreign sailor or furtive Chinaman for another packet of the "white snuff" her impetuous gesture had scattered.

And all the time she was wanting something herself; wanting it so badly that her nails clenched into the palms of her hands, even as she smiled at the fatuous Reg and remained blind to the strained anxiety of Donald Traill.

Gay beckoned her aside presently.

"Where's Jack Stanhope?" she asked, or rather demanded.

"How should I know?" Joyce replied carelessly. "I'm not his keeper."

But that Sayres girl—you said she was your sister."

"So she is," Joyce admitted with a yawn. "Odd-rum life, isn't it?"

"But where is she?"

"In bed, I hope—where I'll be in about twenty minutes, with luck."

"Joyce, for heaven's sake, give me one of your cigarettes. They're better than nothing. I'll slip out with you, and have it in the corridor. Otherwise somebody—Donald—might notice."

Joyce thrust her hands into her trouser pockets and made a little grimace.

"Awfully sorry, old girl, but I can't oblige. Haven't got one left, and—" she added hastily, "there isn't one in the flat, either."

"I don't believe you," Gay said harshly.

"Suit yourself," Joyce returned. "Thanks for an awfully nice time. Good-night—or, rather, good-morning. . . . No, Reg, you needn't trouble. I can see myself to the car, and I don't want to be bothered with you."

(Continued Tomorrow.)

THE GUMPS—HELP! HELP!



SOMEBODY'S STENOG—Premature Mossism

By Hayward



WINNIE WINKLE, THE BREADWINNER

"Professor" Mulligan—From Now On



The Toonerville Trolley That Meets All the Trains.



The Days of Real Sport

By Briggs



JUST NUTS.





FEATS OF 'BAMA AND MISS AGGIES ARE BIG FEATURE

Tex Rickard Wants Jeffries to Train Luis Firpo

Offer Is Made Former Champ That Firpo May Develop Left-Hand Punch--Edgren

Little Probability of Jeffries Accepting Offer. Firpo Would Prove Dangerous if Handled Right.

BY ROBERT EDGREN.

Tex Rickard has wired Jim Jeffries an offer for a six months' tour with Firpo, Jeffries to teach Firpo how to fight, and to appear with him in shows.

Jeffries, long out of the fighting game, has no inclination to make a reappearance as anybody's sparring partner. But if he did go with Firpo he might teach the Argentinian how to use his left hand.

Jeffries had one of the best left hands in the trade. He beat Fitzsimmons with his left. The punch that really beat Fitz was a straight left on the chin in the second round of that Coney island fight, a punch that lifted Bob from his feet and landed him on the back of his neck. If Fitz had been anybody else that might have been a knockout. Fitz fought nine rounds more, but he never recovered from the effects of that first left hand knockdown punch.

I saw Jeffries hold Sharkey off with that left hand while he popped him deliberately in the body with the right, saw him beat Ruhlin with it, and outbox Corbett, in their second fight, so easily that he had time to turn around and laugh at Fitzsimmons. Bob was in Jeff's corner that night and wanted Jeff to knock Corbett out in a hurry, and just for a joke on Bob, Jeft wouldn't do it.

If Firpo had Jeff's hand he'd be mighty dangerous. But he hasn't, and it isn't likely that he ever will have a left that can be compared to it. Both Jeffries and Dempsey were natural left hand hitters in their early fights and both could hit fully as fast and hard and accurately with the left as with their right.

Jeffries, a great hunter, always shot left handed. Dempsey shoots equally well from either shoulder, although he shoots from the right in game hunting.

Coffin Is Marked "Dempsey."

A traveler just returned from the Argentine says that the knocking out of Firpo by Dempsey is regarded as a national calamity down that way. "Firpo's backers spread a report that Firpo had been beaten unfairly," he says, "so an American in the Argentine just now is about as popular as a prohibition officer in New York.

"When the news of the fight result came in everybody looked stunned at first. They couldn't believe that Firpo had been stopped even by the champion. You couldn't see a smile anywhere on the street. Gloom everywhere.

"Then some people began a demonstration against Dempsey. I saw a parade going down one street carrying a coffin marked 'Dempsey.' If I were Jack I'd never consider fighting Firpo in the Argentine. If he had been down there the night after the fight I don't know what might have happened to him."

That makes an interesting story, but I've traveled around a lot of these Latin countries, and haven't found the inhabitants so shy of sportsmanship. Of course the Argentine was strong for Firpo to win. That's natural. The great fight he made only heightened the disappointment, for he proved he had a winning chance, while before the fight nobody knew whether he could hit Dempsey or not.

But there were two men in that fight, and both fighting. Dempsey fought a great uphill battle after being knocked goofy by the first punch, and after climbing back into the ring in six seconds after being knocked through the ropes.

If the Argentine had seen that fight, instead of merely getting one-sided reports and hearing alibis of Firpo's disappointed handlers, who had counted upon traveling home with Firpo as winner and having a wonderful time as part of the little bunch of heroes bringing a world's championship to the Argentine, they might have thought of it just about the way unbiased spectators in New York did.

Firpo made an astonishingly good fight, but Dempsey proved himself a real fighting man when up against it as well as when winning, and beat Firpo through superior skill and experience and two handed hitting. Probably, if they'd seen the fight, they'd give Dempsey whatever credit is due, in the Argentine as well as anywhere else.

Firpo Learning the Game.

Luis has been a popular figure around New York since the fight, and has been enjoying it. If Luis intends to fight Dempsey again next year, he ought to be busy now learning all he can about fighting. He should be boxing every day, just enough to keep fit and to learn as he goes along. He should go after boxing the way a school boy goes after his lessons.

Dempsey has been doing that for several years. He never stops his gymnasium work between fights, never grows rusty, never takes on fat or lets himself get out of condition. If a champion can take all that trouble to improve, Luis Angel Firpo, with a possible chance to become a champion, can afford to work twice as hard.

When Dempsey was fighting his way up he tried to fight every week, and did fight as often as he could get matches. Firpo should fight once a month from now until he meets Dempsey again. If he can go through that test he'll have a chance against Jack.

If he takes life easy, waits until he's matched with Dempsey and then depends upon one long siege of training to get into winning condition, he's going to be beaten again, and much more easily than last time. Dempsey went after Firpo intent on trying to knock him out with one punch, and ran into an uppercut that nearly took his head off. He won't be so reckless again.

And when Dempsey takes his time, makes Firpo miss and nails Firpo with deliberate punches it will be a different kind of a fight.

Tilden in Realistic Act.

Big Bill Tilden is about to become a movie hero. Hollywood hasn't yet disclosed whether the new movie stunt is to be tennis comedies or tennis drama. But probably Big Bill can wield a wicked racquet in either.

Great chance for new scenario. Bill starts at Hollywood, where he falls in love with the beautiful movie queen who won't reciprocate because she doesn't believe Bill is a real tennis player. In the last scene she sits in the grandstand while Bill plays the final match in the next real championship meeting at Forest Hills.

Bill wins the real tennis championship again, while the cameras grind merrily. This touch of realism would beat anythizng put over yet in the movies, Bill wouldn't need to use a "double" to deliver the goods.

(Copyright, 1923, The Constitution.)

AIR RECORD IS SMASHED

Mineola, L. I., November 4.—(United News.)—Personal and professional rivalry between the two crack speed pilots of America's naval aviation corps flamed to such an intense pitch at Mitchell field Sunday that the world flying record was thrice broken within two hours.

When the roar of high-powered engines was finally stilled at dusk, and the fog of exhaust gas had drifted away from the three kilometer course, Lieutenant Alford J. Williams, blond football hero, diamond star and winner of the Pulitzer race, had reached the unparalled speed of 266.58 miles an hour.

To begin the afternoon's aerial sprinting Williams flew four times between the automatic timing towers, for an average of 263.3 miles an hour, excelling the record made by Lieutenant H. J. Brow last week. To reach this terrific average Williams flew his last lap at 270.5 miles an hour, according to the official timers.

Brow Starts "Slowly."

Informed of Williams' success in setting his mark, Brow climbed into a machine of the same type his rival was flying, a Curtiss navy racer, and began to burn the ozone in the speed stretch just a trifle hotter. Brow began "slowly," with a lap at 256.2, but his fourth and final lap in this attempt reached the swiftest flight ever achieved by a living organism, 274.2 miles an hour. As he landed, mathematicians in the towers announced another world record in his average of 265.48 miles an hour.

A heart less stout than that of Williams might gracefully have permitted his withdrawal. He had encountered bad luck; once a lap at 272.3 miles was thrown out because he flew too low over the finish line, and lated another lap, at 271.5 miles, was disqualified because he started at the wrong end of the course.

—"Suppose Nobody Cared"—

Voices That Come In Over the Wires

The following conversation which took place over the well-knowa telephone at an early hour Sunday night might have its elements of interest.

"Hello, sporting department of The Constitution?"

"So it is, so it is."

"Got a little basketball game I'd like you to take."

"Say, brother, pretty busy right now, can't you write that out and bring it in?"

"I wish I could do that for you; in fact there is nothing which would give me more pleasure—but it so happens that I'm talking from the Federal prison and I find it absolutely impossible."

Cliff Wheatley Leaves the Paper

:-: *WHENCE PAUL CAME, CLIFF IS GOING.* :-:

Paul Warwick Takes His Place

BY ROBERT MORAN.

In the passing of years a newspaper man is called upon to write many kinds of stories. Some times the words come easily, some times with difficulty, and every now and then it just seems that they won't come at all.

The last named is the case when from the ranks of newspapermen there passes one who has been a friend, a good fellow, and a man in every way competent in the post he holds.

No, this is not an obituary notice. It's just an introduction to the statement that Cliff Wheatley has written his last piece of copy for The Constitution, has quit his job as sporting editor, and has accepted a position with the Georgia Railway and Power company as assistant to L. K. Starr, manager of public relations.

In his place there will come to The Constitution as sporting editor Paul Warwick, who for several years has been connected with the power company, holding the office, which Cliff will take. The exchange of places goes into effect today.

Warwick Here Before.

In assuming his new post on The Constitution Warwick is only returning to his own. Before the war cast its shadow over the world Paul had won his way to first ranks in the newspaper field of the south as a member of The Constitution's staff.

At that time, however, it was not as a sporting editor that he was known. Instead of covering events of the diamond, the basketball courts and the gridiron, his name appeared time and time again as dramatic critic. As a member of the local staff he was assigned to cover many of the most important stories of the day.

The war came, Paul went to the front. To France and then back again, to resume his place on The Constitution. Finally there came the lure of a publicity job, months of service there, and then again the urge of the newspaper field.

And so he's back again!

Wheatley's Career.

Wheatley started his newspaper career on The Constitution shortly after his return from France. Time and time again in those early days, he turned in his resignation.

It became a joke at last. There came a time when members of the staff began keeping tab on the number of times he quit, or tried to quit. Finally the number approached the dozen mark. Then Cliff was made sporting editor, married, and from that time on the managing editor was no longer worried with resignation notices.

And so a few weeks ago when he announced his intention to quit The Constitution for another job his friends were skeptical. They just didn't believe him. And now that they know it's so, now that he has really left The Constitution, there are lots of them predicting that the years to come will find him back on the newspaper job again. It's easy to quit, but it's hard to stay quit.

Ask Warwick.

"Big Ten Teams True to Form

Chicago, November 4—Plowing through muddy fields, Big Ten football elevens yesterday played true to the dope in three western conference and three non-conference games, one conference contender being eliminated from championship consideration, leaving four teams still undefeated.

In the big conference contest of the day Chicago was vanquished and eliminated from the Big Ten race at Urbana in a game witnessed by 0,000 spectators and marking the opening of the Illinois Memorial stadium. The fighting Illini, headed by Harold Grange, Illinois ace, turned on the Maroons and, where Chicago had made early gains by sheer strength, the Illini won by a shifty, elusive, lightning-fast attack that dazed the visitors.

Chicago had counted on crushing the Illinois line and was disappointed.

In the other principal conference contest Michigan kept its record clean by walloping Iowa, 9 to 3, at Iowa City. The Wolverines piled up nine points in the first period and then hung on with bulldog tenacity, fighting the bruising, crashing onslaughts of the Hawkeyes in Iowa's desperate attempt to retrieve lost ground. Twice Iowa was on the point of scoring, but in each case lost its opportunity through fumbles. Michigan showed itself one of the strongest teams in the conference.

Minnesota Attack Strong.

Minnesota exhibited a fast, sure attack and a knowledge of ground-gaining by the aerial route in walking all over Northwestern at Minneapolis, defeating the Purple, 34 to 14.

In non-conference games, Purdue managed to score on Notre Dame, the intersectional winner, Notre Dame winning, 34 to 7. Ohio State had no difficulty defeating Denison, 42 to 0, and Indiana won easily from Hanover, 32 to 0. Wisconsin was idle.

Wisconsin, Illinois and Michigan, three of the undefeated Big Ten teams, will be seen in action next Saturday, but Minnesota will be idle.

The Big Ten Standing.

	Won.	Lost.	Tied.	P.Ct.
Illinois	3	0	0	1.000
Michigan	2	0	0	1.000
Minnesota	2	0	1	1.000
Wisconsin	1	0	1	1.000
Chicago	2	1	0	.666
Indiana	1	1	0	.500
Iowa	1	2	0	.333
Purdue	0	2	0	.000
Ohio State	0	2	0	.000
Northwest'n	0	4	0	.000

—"Suppose Nobody Cared"—

Mercer and Oglethorpe Clash Here on Saturday

Macon Institution Favored to Win Over Petrels. Will Play at Grant Field.

BY BILL MORROW.

While the Tech Jackets are undertaking their second northern invasion of the present season, the Oglethorpe Petrels will again take advantage of their absence and use Grant field for another of their home battles. The Petrels are scheduled to tie up with the Mercer combination here this week-end and a great contest should be the outcome when these two rivals match wits on Saturday afternoon.

Mercer and Oglethorpe are old rivals on the gridiron and both forces put a great deal of importance in the coming meeting. Mercer rules the favorite over the Stormy Petrels, but the old dope bucket has been upset quite often this season, and there is a chance of the Oglethorpe eleven proving the stronger.

Little is known at this writing as to the condition of the Oglethorpe forces following their battle with the Furman eleven. The Petrels attempted to win over two teams last week and split even, winning over Wofford and dropping the final battle to Furman. Against Wofford, in Spartanburg, the Petrels showed their best offensive strength, piling up 32 points without allowing their opponents a single score.

Furman again proved to be too good for the combination from Oglethorpe and save for a few nice gains by Maurer and Gordy, kept the ball well in Oglethorpe territory.

The fact that Furman lost to Mercer early in the season by a 6 to 3 count, would lead the Mercer supporters to expect an easy battle for their combination here this week-end, but Furman was not showing its best strength at that time and also the Petrels, though being beaten often by other southern elevens, have profited greatly by their battles and absorbed a lot of football during the past few weeks.

Has Good Team.

Mercer has a good combination this season—there is no denying of this fact. The Macon eleven has accounted for some good scores and supposedly easy matches have found the Mercer team fighting like demons and holding such teams as Georgia and Florida to low scores. Georgia's Red and Black forces accounted for only one lone touchdown against this foe, this score coming as the result of a blocked punt. Florida, after a bad scare in the first quarter, during which they were led by a 7-point margin, finally rallied and beat down the stubborn Mercer defense, winning by a 19 to 7 count.

Last year the Macon forces bested the Oglethorpe clan and many followers of the gridiron are picking them to repeat against the Petrels. Oglethorpe stopped its long line of defeats Thursday when they defeated Wofford, up to this time the Petrels had lost thirteen straight battles. Now with only one loss checked against their account, the Petrels are looking to the meeting Saturday to do a little winning of their own and turn in the better score card of the day.

The coaching staff of the Stormy Petrels will doubtlessly turn its fast steppers aloose against the Mercer aggregation and the backfield of Albough, Slayton, Redfern and Maurer are liable to show their opponents some fast stepping.

Grange Making Big Ten History

"RED" IS WESTERN HERO

Illinois and Michigan on Top

BY JAMES M'CLAIN.

United News Staff Correspondent.

Chicago, November 4.—As thousands shouted his name in frenzied applause, a stooped figure, tired, battered and mud-coated, walked quietly from the rain-soaked gridiron at the University of Illinois Saturday.

Only a few weeks ago he had trotted on that field to report to Coach Bon Zuppke as Harold ("Red") Grange, sophomore and just a candidate for the Illini football team. Saturday he emerged from the annual battle with Chicago as "Red" Grange, the greatest sensation of many years of football in the middle west.

Aided only by a line that is passingly fair, and backfield companions who can boast of no particular prowess, Grange beat Chicago, 7 to 0, just as he defeated weaker teams earlier in the season. Dashing around ends, through tackles, and tanking through the very center of the heavy Maroon line, he plunged the Illini into leadership in the Big Ten conference race. Once he ran 62 yards before being stopped, and in the third quarter he received the snap six times and dashed off a total of 54 yards. The last plunge scored the Orange and Blue victory.

Chicago slipped from first to fifth place in the conference standing.

Purdue Scores on Micks.

Michigan, by defeating the second of her foes, Iowa, by a count of 9 to 3, appears the strongest team in the Big Ten, but whether the Wolverines could beat "Red" Grange may never be known, for Illinois and Michigan do not meet.

Minnesota used the air to defeat Northwestern 34 to 14, and landed in a tie for third place with Wisconsin, idle Saturday. No other conference games were played, but Indiana trounced Hanover, 32 to 0. Ohio State beat Denison, 42 to 0, and Purdue scored a single touchdown at South Bend, while the strong team of Notre Dame compiled a total of 34 points.

Drake, of Des Moines, supplied the surprise of the middle west by trouncing Iowa State college, 21 to 0. The Missouri Tigers beat Kansas Aggies, 4 to 2, in a mud-wallowing contest. Safeties were the only points possible in a field that resembled a Japanese rice field. Both teams had to change uniforms between halves. Kansas beat Oklahoma, 7 to 3. The Missouri Valley race, however, remains a hopeless jumble, owing to many early-season ties.

Georgia Tech and Alabama played to a scoreless tie in the south, while Vanderbilt and Mississippi A. and M. and Texas A. and M. and Baylor staged the same performance. Centre beat Kentucky, 10 to 0. Georgia beat Auburn, 7 to 0, and North Carolina defeated her sister state, 13 to 0.

Nevada staged one of the day's greatest upsets by holding the formidable California team to a 0 to 0 tie. Washington beat Oregon Aggies, 14 to 0, and Washington State won from Oregon, 13 to 7. Arizona beat New Mexico, 14 to 17, but Utah won the desert country pansies by defeating Idaho college, 105 to 3.

Vincent Richards Wins Mexican Tennis Title

Mexico City, November 4.—Vincent Richards, the American tennis player, today defeated Manuel Alonso, of Spain, in the final match of the Mexican open tennis championship tournament at the Reforma Athletic club. The score was 0-6, 9-7, 3-6, 6-1, 9-7. Richards was suffering from a twisted ankle during the last two games of the match.

In the semi-final rounds Richards disposed of B. I. C. Norton, of South Africa, and Alonso eliminated Robert Kinsey.

—"Suppose Nobody Cared"—

'BAMA TEAM TO CLASH ON NATIVE SOIL

Birmingham, Ala., November 4.—Following clashes last week on Georgia soil, football teams of Auburn and the University of Alabama play on Alabama gridirons this week. Alabama meets the University of Kentucky in a home-coming and Armistice day celebration at Tuscaloosa, while the Auburn Tigers play Tulane at Crampton Bowl, Montgomery. Birmingham-Southern college, defeated 6 to 0 by University of Mississippi, will test its gridiron strength against University of Chattanooga at Gadsden, Ala., Friday.

Bad Weather Keeps Scores Down in Southern Contests And Fumbles Prove Costly

Vandy and Tech Both Outplayed Opponents But Were Unable to Put Across Needed Counter—W. & L. Beats Virginia.

BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

Rain and plain old-fashioned mud were important factors in at least two surprises in the south's gridiron battles of the week-end. Alabama and a steady drizzle held Georgia Tech to a nothing all tie here, and in Nashville the Mississippi Aggies and a field of slippery mire fought the Vanderbilt Commodores to a zero standoff.

In the Atlanta game, the rain and heavy field made anything but straight and steady football impossible. This, and the Crimson's almost perfect defense in close formation, kept the Yellow Jackets from putting over even one touchdown, which it was thought would be Tech's margin. Alabama displayed only a suggestion of attack, making no first downs and gaining less than 40 yards net. When the play shifted within hailing distance of the Crimson goal, Gillis kicked and kicked hard.

The Vanderbilt Commodores outplayed the Aggies and frequently advanced to within threatening distance of the final chalk line, but Vandy fumbled with a slippery ball, and uneasy footing spoiled any chances for a score.

A lucky break, when Day intercepted a pass and raced 65 yards for a touchdown, gave Georgia a 7 to 0 victory over her traditional rivals, the Auburn Plainsmen, in the first half of their game in Columbus, and then the teams settled down to a nip and tuck in the rain in the last half. Auburn displayed unexpected offense, except in the air, many passes being broken up.

Fumbles, penalties, personal battles and more rain and mud featured the defeat of Tulane by Tennessee, 13 to 2, at Knoxville. Tulane kept her aerial weapons in the hangar and in ground-fighting netted only a safety in the first period. The Volunteers scored in the opening and final periods, failing to net the seventh point on the second try.

Virginia and Washington and Lee fought two periods to a draw at Lexington, and then Captain Cameron, of the Generals, went into the game at fullback and led his team to Old Dominion's goal line, which he crossed himself. Virginia's offense fizzled against the Generals' defense every time a score loomed. The final count was 7 to 0.

V. P. I. Beats Clemson.

Clemson, which battled Auburn to a scoreless tie at the opening of the season, played Virginia Tech and, after rushing over six points in the first period, settled down to vainly trying to keep the Virginians from scoring. V. P. I. ran up 25 points, six of them being supplied by Ruberford, booting two field goals, one from the 35-yard line.

North Carolina played all around South Carolina, so far as the record sheet goes, but the score-board gives the Tarheels only 13 points, to none for the Gamecocks, who held their neighbor's scores to the second period. South Carolina failed to register a first down, against 20 for North Carolina, but the Game cock defense stood up repeatedly in pinches on the one and three-yard lines and within the 15-yard mark.

Mercer, of Macon, handed the Florida 'Gators a surprise at Gainesville by scoring a touchdown in the first half, and, while the Floridians ran up 19 points to win, Mercer fought every step of the way.

University of Kentucky fell before Centre, at Danville, Centre dedicating her new stadium with a 10 to 0 score. King college ran its total scores for the season to 422 by beating Milligan, 40 to 0. At Chattanooga, University of Cnattanooga and Sewanee splashed to a muddy 26 to 0 victory for Sewanee, and Emory and Henry proved an easy task for Virginia Military institute, 46 to 0.

N. C. State nosed out Davidson 12 to 6; Trinity had an easy time with Elon, winning, 39 to 0, and Citadel beat Newberry, 21 to 7. William and Mary won, 20 to 0 from Hamsden Sidney, and Richmond defeated Randolph-Macon, 12 to 0. Howard defeated Millsap, 14 to 6.

ZEV DEPARTS UNHERALDED

Cincinnati, November 4.—Zev, the defeated world's champion three-year-old, My Own, the chief challenger for the crown, and Rialto, the other eastern candidate for championship honors, left Latonia today bound for Pimlico, virtually unheralded. They came, and big crowds greeted them on their arrival. They left this morning with only a few persons watching them being loaded into their cars.

Rear Admiral Cary T. Grayson and Samuel C. Hildreth also departed for the east. Harry F. Sinclair, owner of Zev, was on his way to Teapot Dome, the bone of contention in the western oil fields.

Carl Wiedemann's In Memoriam, the new champion, contentedly munched his oats today and Trainer R. J. Gilmore declared that the horse was unscathed from his strenuous race and was again ready to run.

Nearly all the visitors which formed a great part of the record-breaking crowd which viewed the great struggle had also passed out of Cincinnati.

The Kentucky Jockey club meeting come to a close yesterday, the Latonia course distributing more money among horsemen than it had ever done before. More than half a million dollars was paid horse owners during the thirty-one days.

Wiedemann was the leading winner, his horse earning more than $65,000.

—"Suppose Nobody Cared"—

A fashion magazine announces that fur coats will be worn longer this year. Yes, and the same will be true of the breeches worn by the papas who buy the coats.—New Orleans States.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST

$75—REWARD—$75

FOR arrest and conviction and actual confinement within the penitentiary of thieves who stole 1924 Ford touring car, motor No. 8458393, license No. 125316 from East Ellis St., November 1. Notify Automobile Underwriters' Detective Bureau 401 Hurt bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

$75—REWARD—$75

FOR arrest and conviction and actual confinement within the penitentiary of thieves who stole 1922 Essex coach, motor No. 72657, factory No. 565967, license No. 58301, from in front 493 North Boulevard November 1. Notify Automobile Underwriters' Detective Bureau, 401 Hurt bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

$75—REWARD—$75

FOR arrest and conviction and actual confinement within the penitentiary of thieves who stole 1923 Ford Touring Car, Motor No. 7220657, License No. 83670, from 372 Prior street, October 31st. Notify AUTOMOBILE UNDERWRITERS DETECTIVE BUREAU, 401 Hurt Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

$75—REWARD—$75

FOR arrest and conviction and actual confinement within the penitentiary of thieves who stole 1923 Ford Touring Car, Motor No. 8392143, License No. 75485, from West Peachtree and Fifteenth streets, October 30th. Notify AUTOMOBILE UNDERWRITERS DETECTIVE BUREAU, 401 Hurt Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

LOST—Thursday night while hunting near East Lake one hound dog, black and white spots, wart on front foot. Liberal reward offered to finder. Phone Walter Kennon, East Lake Country Club, DEcatur 0396.

STRAYED from auto on South Forsyth street, Sunday morning, pointer bitch lemon ears, and spot on body; tan collar. Notify J. C. Milner, E. P. 1066.

LOST—On Whitehall, gold Elgin wrist watch; reward. Phone Miss Mauldin, WAlnut 2309.

LOST—On McDaniel, between Glenn and Whitehall streets, about 9:15 Saturday night, one nearly new 30x3½ Henderson casing, oversize. Finder please return to 100 West Georgia ave., and receive liberal reward.

LOST—A mule and wagon, small mouse-colored mare mule; any information in regard to same appreciated; will pay handsome reward. J. T. Settles, 24 S. Doray st.

LOST—A gold crescent pin, set with 19 diamonds. Reward. MAin 0658.

The Rules of Sport

* * * *

FANS' QUERIES ANSWERED.

Q.—**Football.** Team makes a forward pass from behind its goal line on second down. Ball falls on field of play. Right end, on 3-yard line, is offside. What is the penalty?

A.—Rule 17, Sec. 4, states that a orward pass striking the ground in field of play counts as a down on first, second or third down. Rule 9, Sec. 2, states that the penalty for the end being offside is loss of 5 yards. In this case such a penalty cannot be given, as it carries ball behind goal line, so Rule 23, Sec. 6, applies, and the penalty places the ball on the 1-yard line. But when one team commits two fouls on one play one penalty may be given, the one the team offended against decides to take. See Rule 23, Sec. 9.

Q.—**Football.** Player on Team A runs with ball and fumbles it 5 yards behind his line of scrimmage. Another player of Team A recovers this fumble and makes a forward pass from 5 yards back to his end, who catches it and makes a gain. Isn't this an illegal forward pass?

A.—No. All requirements for the legal execution of a forward pass have been met with. The pass was made from a point at least 5 yards behind the line of scrimmage and an eligible man caught it. Rule 17, Sec. 3 and Sec. 7 (a).

Q.—**Handball.** My opponent claims that in the event of a close shot, if he stands still and does not move, the striker is not entitled to a "hinder." Is he right?

A.—No. His contention is wrong. The rules specifically state that the striker must have a clear and unobstructed shot at the ball.

Mail your questions on the rules of any sport to editor, The Rules of Sport. The correct answer will appear in this column.

A Tip for the Game—Football.

Tom Thorp says:

Some linemen are coached to play on their hands and knees. It is faulty. Those players give themselves up to opponents. Linemen should play low but never down on their knees. One hand is used to bear down on the neck and the other on body of such an opponent. By putting your weight on his head the opponent is buried. The other hand can be employed in pushing the body of this rival out of the way, so that a clear path to the play can be had by the defensive lineman. Remember that where the head is turned the body is sure to follow.

Yale, Syracuse and Cornell Hold Spotlight in the East

New York, November 4—(By the Associated Press.)—Cornell, Yale and Syracuse are now back in the football spotlight in the east.

Each of the three, on Saturday, clashed with mighty foes. Cornell encountered the the unbeaten Dartmouth eleven and came away with a 32 to 7 victory. Yale overwhelmed the powerful Army team, 31 to 10, and Syracuse broke the clean record of the Penn State eleven by the score of 10 to 0. By their victories, Cornell Yale and Syracuse remain as the only big eastern teams victorious in all games played.

Three other elevens, Rutgers, West Virginia and Washington and Jefferson have yet to taste defeat but in each instance a tie score shows on its record, and its standing is thereby lowered.

Heralded as the most promising day of the 1923 season, Saturday lived well up to the prediction, for on every hand thrilling, hard-fought games were in order and crowds far in excess of those of previous Saturdays jammed the stands and stadiums to follow the brilliant play.

Chief interest was divided among the games at Hanover, New Haven and Syracuse, owing to the high caliber of the opposing teams, and although in none of the three was the victory a real upset, the size and manner of the scoring failed to follow general expectations.

Dartmouth's clean-cut victory over Harvard the previous week led to predictions of a close battle with Cornell. Had the Green exhibited the same errorless play it showed against Harvard that prediction might have materialized, but on Saturday Dartmouth was guilty of costly fumbling, wild passing and faulty generalship and Cornell's alert eleven transposed such misplays into scores.

Lacked Needed Punch.

Dartmouth repeatedly threatened Cornell's goal line, but lacked the punch when a touchdown beckoned. Cornell, on the other hand, always could provide the punch when a score was possible.

Yale enthusiasts are freely predict-

PILES CURED WITHOUT SURGERY

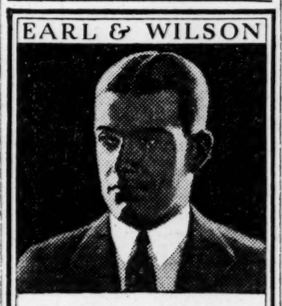


An instructive book has been published by Dr. T. W. Hughes, the noted rectal specialist of Atlanta. This book tells how sufferers from Piles can be quickly and easily cured without the use of knife, scissors, "hot" iron, electricity or any other cutting or burning method without confinement to bed and no hospital bills to pay. This book is free to persons afflicted with piles. Examination and consultation free.

DR. T. W. HUGHES
18½ N. Broad, near Marietta St.
Atlanta, Ga.

SEE
GA. TECH
PLAY
PENN STATE
SATURDAY, Nov. 10th
TRAVEL VIA
SOUTHERN RAILWAY SYSTEM
For Full Information and Reservations, Call
City Ticket Office
WAlnut 1961 48 N. Broad St.

EARL & WILSON



LONGWOOD
(MEDIUM)
Better Collars
with roll front and lock
BRUCEWOOD
(LOWER)
20c
EARL & WILSON
COLLARS - SHIRTS

BUSINESS CARDS | BUSINESS CARDS

ANY FIRM---ANY SERVICE

LOOK FOR THE HEADING denoting the particular service or article you desire. Or better, read each of them and get many suggestions as to household and business conveniences that you are now doing without simply because it has never occurred to you that the services offered were so easily to be commanded.

A DAILY FEATURE

A

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS.
SIDNEY J. HAYLES CO.
1204-5 4th Nat. Bk. Bldg. WA. 1950. Atlanta

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS.
KELL, SEEGER & RIVERS, 1010 Candler Building. IVy 7500.

JAMES B. MOORE & CO.
Healey Building, Atlanta, Ga.

ALONZO RICHARDSON & CO.
1423 Atlanta Trust Co. Bldg. W. 5493.

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT.
L. C. MATTHEWS
1607 Citizens & Southern Bldg. WAl. 2272.

ACCOUNTANTS AND AUDITORS.
NEWTON AUDIT COMPANY,
1029 Healey Bldg. WAl. 3018

ARCHITECT AND ENGINEER.
LODOWICK J. HILL, JR.
312 Atlanta Nat'l. Bk. Bldg. IVy 4197

ALTERING AND REPAIRING.
OLD suits cut to the latest style, ladies' work. Shulmister, 2½ Auburn. Room 202.

3 TO 6-DAY AUTO PAINTING.
LYKGLAS AUTO PAINT CO.
Peters at Whitehall. WEst 0143.

BUILDING MATERIAL.
WILLIAMS-FLINT LUMBER CO.
Lumber and building materials.
236-250 Elliot St. IVy 1093.

BUILDING CONTRACTOR
Homes LET J. F. Higdon give you a bid. 117 Edgewood. WA. 4117.

C

CARPETS AND UPHOLSTERING CLEANED.
NEW YORK CARPET CLEANING CO.
INSIDE of closed cars cleaned, upholstering, clean work guaranteed. IVy 3517.

CABINET MAKING AND TURNING.
LAMP stands, cabinets and novelties. J. F. Miller, Cont., 251 Marietta St., IVy 7963.

COAL—COKE—WOOD.
STOCKS COAL CO., INC.
375 Decatur St. Phones IVy 0543-1148.

CIVIL ENGINEER.
C. S. ROBERT
307 Walton Bldg. WAl. 0463.

D

DENTISTS.
DR. THOS. M. GODWIN, 7½ W. Mitchell St. MAin 2975.

F

FURNITURE.
FURNITURE—Lowest prices; easy terms. The Favorite Store, 32 Decatur. WA. 1389.

J

JEWELRY AND WATCH REPAIRING.
J. Q. HAMBY, 64-A N. Forsyth St., formerly with Durham Jewelry Co.

JEWELRY.
DURHAM JEWELRY CO.
14 Edgewood Ave. WAlnut 1375

L

LUMBER.
GOVERNMENT Used Lumber Yard. Bellwood Viaduct. IVy 4902.

M

MATTRESS RENOVATORS AND MANUFACTURERS.
ACME BEDDING CO.
ASK ANY FURNITURE DEALER
WEST 2450 699 Whitehall St.

MATTRESS RENOVATORS & MANUFACTURERS.
GATE CITY MATTRESS CO., 404 Decatur St. IVy 6478.

MATTRESS RENOVATING.
EMPIRE MATTRESS COMPANY, 608 Washington St. MAin 0115.

CALL SHIRLEY MATTRESS CO. for high-grade mattress renovating. IVy 3158.

QUICK service, lowest prices. Call K. G. Mattress Co., 10 Tanner St. IVy 1483.

O

OLD HATS MADE NEW.
SATISFACTION guaranteed. Mail orders given prompt attention.
ACME HATTERS, 20 E. Hunter St.

P

PLUMBING, HEATING & REPAIR WORK.
STANDARD PLUMBING AND HEATING CO., Inc.,
GRANT BLDG. WA. 4368.

PAINTS AND ROOFING MATERIAL.
WE APPLY ROOFS.
V. ARE PAINT CO., 228 Marietta. IVy 0199.

R

ROOFING AND SHEET METAL WORK.
ACREE-PRIDGEN ROOFING CO.
186 Whitehall St. Repair work. MA. 2440.

S

STOVE REPAIRING.
STOVES repaired, furniture bought, sold and exchanged. Home Furn. Exchange, 55 S. Pryor. MA. 1444.

STOVE AND FURNACE REPAIRING.
WE CAN FIX any stove or furnace or clean your chimney. Acme Stove and Furnace Co., 41 S. Pryor St., MAin 3432.

SEEDS, PLANTS, POULTRY SUPPLIES.
H. G. HASTINGS CO. Daily deliveries in city. M. 2568. 16 W. Mitchell St.

STOVE AND FURNACE REPAIRING.
$100 REWARD for any stove or furnace that we can't repair and make work like new. Dixie Stove Co. MAin 3185.

T

TAILORING AND ALTERING.
PLEASANT, THE TAILOR, 18 City Hall Place, opposite Gas & Elec. Bldg.

W

NATIONAL Window and Housecleaning Co., 11 Whitehall Balcony. MAin 1724.

GASOLINE ALLEY—YOU DON'T MISS WHAT YOU DON'T LIKE TILL YOU DON'T GET IT



CLASSIFIED RATES

One time .....18c a line
Three times .....16c a line
Seven times .....14c a line
Each Issue.
Thirty times or more.....12c a line

Above rates for consecutive insertions only.

Advertisements under the following classifications will be inserted only when cash accompanies the order:

For Rent—Rooms Furnished.

Situation Wanted—Male.

Situation Wanted—Female.

Wanted—To Rent Rooms Unfurnished.

For Rent—Rooms Furnished or Unfurnished.

For Rent—Rooms Unfurnished.

Wanted—To Rent Rooms Furnished.

No phone orders accepted for advertisements that are to appear under "cash in advance" classifications.

Discontinuance of advertising must be in writing. It will not be accepted by phone. This protects your interests as well as ours.

TELEPHONE MAIN 5000

The Constitution will not be responsible for more than one incorrect insertion of any advertisement ordered for more than one time.

Advertisements not paid in advance will be charged for the actual number of lines occupied, regardless of the number of words. Charge ads will not be estimated. Part of a line will be charged same as a full line.

No advertisement accepted for less than two lines.

Accounts opened for ads (excepting those classifications that are cash with order) by telephone to accommodate you if your name is in the telephone directory. Want ads taken by telephone are to be paid for immediately upon application, bill to be presented by mail or solicitor the same day.

RAILROAD SCHEDULES

—"Suppose Nobody Cared"—
Schedules published as information.
(Central Standard Time.)

ATLANTA TERMINAL STATION

Arrives—	A., B. & A. RAILWAY	—Leaves
7:50 pm	Cordele-Waycross	7:40 am
5:55 am	Brunswick-Waycross	9:25 pm
5:55 am	Tifton-Thomasville	9:25 pm

Arrives—	A. & W. P. R. R.	—Leaves
11:25 pm	New Orleans-Montgomery	6:00 am
7:45 pm	Newnan-Columbus	7:40 am
6:40 pm	Montgomery—Local	8:25 am
2:20 pm	New Orleans-Montgomery	1:25 pm
7:40 am	New Orleans-Montgomery	4:25 pm
11:00 am	Newnan-Columbus	4:55 pm
8:10 am	West Point—Local	3:35 pm
11:40 am	New Orleans-Montgomery	6:10 pm

Arrives—	C. of GA. RY.	—Leaves
6:05 am	Savannah-Albany	7:45 am
6:05 am	Macon	7:45 am
8:15 am	Jacksonville	7:30 pm
6:40 am	Jacksonville	10:35 pm
10:40 am	Macon	12:01 pm
7:40 pm	Macon	4:00 pm
7:40 pm	Macon-Albany	11:00 pm
3:40 pm	Savannah	9:40 pm

Arrives—	SEABOARD AIR LINE	—Leaves
8:00 pm	Hamlet-Monroe	6:10 am
7:45 pm	Birmingham-Atlanta	8:00 am
4:35 pm	N. Y.-Wash.-Rich.-No'k.	11:25 am
6:30 am	Birmingham	11:50 pm
9:50 am	Athens-Abbeville	4:00 pm
11:15 am	Birmingham-Memphis	4:55 pm
6:50 am	N. Y.-Richmond-Norfolk	8:05 pm

Arrives—	SOUTHERN RAILWAY	—Leaves
9:30 pm	B'ham-Kan. City-Denver	6:15 am
7:10 pm	Charlotte Local	6:15 am
11:40 pm	Cincinnati-Chicago	6:25 am
7:30 pm	Rome-Chatta. Local	6:30 am
7:10 pm	Macon-L'ville-Brunswick	7:50 am
8:00 pm	Columbus Local	8:00 am
4:05 pm	Phila.-New York	8:00 am
5:50 pm	Wash.-N. Y.-Richmond	12:00 noon
1:30 pm	Macon-V'ld'sta-Hazelh'st	12:10 pm
10:20 am	Rome-Chatta. Local	2:30 pm
11:25 am	L'ville-Cin.-Detroit	4:10 pm
10:15 am	Macon	4:10 pm
11:30 am	Ft. Valley Local	4:15 pm
11:45 am	Birmingham-Memphis	4:45 pm
8:10 am	Air Line Belle	5:00 pm
11:35 am	Columbus Local	4:25 pm
7:50 am	Heflin Local	5:25 pm
5:25 am	Asheville-Washington	7:40 pm
7:55 am	Macon-V'ld'sta-Jax'ville	7:50 pm
5:55 am	Brunswick-Jacksonville	9:45 pm
6:15 am	Birmingham-Shreveport	11:00 pm
6:10 am	Jacksonville	11:35 pm
5:40 am	Asheville-Wash.-N. Y.	11:50 pm

Following trains arrive and depart from Peachtree Station only:

4:00 pm	Birmingham	11:00 am
10:55 am	Washington-New York	4:00 pm

UNION PASSENGER STATION

Arrives—	GEORGIA RAILROAD	—Leaves
12:50 pm	Augusta	6:00 am
3:30 pm	Augusta-Columbia	12:15 pm
8:15 am	Augusta	3:00 pm
*7:35 am	Monroe	6:00 pm
18:35 am	Monroe	6:10 pm
6:55 am	Charleston-Wilmington	7:50 pm
6:55 am	Augusta-Columbia	7:50 pm

*Daily except Sunday. †Sunday only.

Arrives—	L. & N. R. R.	—Leaves
10:15 pm	Chi.-Cin.-L'ville-Ind.	7:00 am
5:05 pm	Knoxville via Blue Ridge	7:10 am
10:20 am	Copper Hill—Local	3:30 pm
11:30 am	Cincinnati-Louisville	4:25 pm
11:30 am	Knoxville via Cartersville	4:25 pm

Arrives—	N., C. & ST. L. RY.	—Leaves
7:00 pm	Nashville-Chattanooga	7:35 am
7:10 pm	Chicago-St. Louis	8:45 am
7:10 pm	Nashville-Chattanooga	8:45 am
10:45 am	Rome-Chattanooga—Local	5:15 pm
7:20 am	Nashville-St. Louis	8:30 pm

TAXICABS

YELLOW CAB
IVy 1173

BLACK AND WHITE
CABS, Ivy 0166

WANTED—HELP.

MALE

WANTED — Victrola salesman. If you have ability and are industrious, you can make good money; fine opportunity to connect with a real music house of highest standing. When replying state experience. Address O-303, Constitution.

EXP. man cashier; must have good ref. 607 Silvey bldg.

WANTED—Operator-printer, in country shop, small semi-weekly, model K, motor; part time on floor, 48 hours, unorganized; permanent job, or spend your winter in Florida; board and room $8. Tell all in first letter; don't answer unless can set galley an hour corrected 8 pt. Gazette, Milton, Fla.

WE need two more salesmen to complete our selling organization; no experience necessary; $30 per week to those who qualify. Call from 8 to 9 a. m., and 2 to 4 p. m. 21 Nassau street, near corner Spring and Walton.

EXP. presser; good salary; perm. work. 607 Silvey bldg.

FIRST-CLASS pattern maker, skilled particularly in sawmill work, sober, industrious; married man preferred; steady employment. El Dorado Foundry & Machine Co., El Dorado, Ark.

WANTED—Two men with new motorcycles. Apply to Mr. O'Farrell, 9 N. Forsyth st., Western Union Telegraph Co.

GOOD col. chauffeur; good salary to right party. 607 Silvey bldg.

WE are in need of several men who are of neat appearance, have a thorough knowledge of the city, and are able to drive a car. A cash bond and references required. Yellow Cab Co., 350 Courtland St.

WANTED—Experienced waiter. Apply early. 21 W. Alabama St.

WANTED—Boy about 17 to pack and check goods; answer in own handwriting stating qualifications and lowest salary wanted to start. Address A. J. H. care Constitution.

MEN, women, boys, girls, 17 to 65, willing to accept gov. positions, $117-$250 (traveling or stationary). Write Mr. Ozment, 240, St. Louis, Mo., immediately.

MEN—Our catalog tells how we teach barbering quickly, day or evening. Learn it and make more money. Call or write Moler Barber College, 23 N. Forsyth St.

COLORED dining car waiters and sleeping car porters wanted; experience unnecessary; we train you; information free. Write 301 Railway Exchange, Omaha, Nebraska.

WILL pay $5 foot for well diggers to blast through rock. Chambers & Co., Brookhaven, Ga.

WANTED—First-class dry cleaner; state wages expected. Write Chautauqua Laundry Co., St. Petersburg, Fla.

WANTED—Granite curb setter at once to set seven thousand feet. Apply to Whitley Construction Co., Fort Valley, Ga.

FEMALE

GIRLS—WANTED—GIRLS

TAKE three weeks training for the chorus and we guarantee to put you in the chorus upon completion. Apply at once.

SUPERCRAFT STUDIO,
142 Peachtree

WANTED—Capable lady over 25 to take charge profitable business; opportunity for advancement; widow or married lady with $100 capital preferred. Address O-302 Constitution.

COLORED experienced combination cook and nurse to accompany family of three to New York; references required; good pay. Mrs. Dan Michalove, 57 W. 15th, Apt. K. Call between 8 a. m. and 12 a. m.

WE PAY CASH
FOR
PROSPECTS. WAlnut 0421.
DIXIE REAL ESTATE CO.

WANTED—A good cook, willing to room on the place; reference required. Apply 1846 Peachtree road.

WANTED—A STENO-BOOKKEEPER FOR PERMANENT POSITION IN LARGE OFFICE. WANT YOUNG LADY BETWEEN 20 AND 30 YEARS OF AGE WITH PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE TO KEEP SMALL SET OF BOOKS AND DO OTHER CLERICAL WORK. WILL BE NECESSARY TO MAKE BOND. SURROUNDINGS ARE PLEASANT AND GOOD POSITION FOR COMPETENT AND AMBITIOUS YOUNG LADY. WHEN APPLYING, DO SO IN OWN HANDWRITING AND STATE HOW AND WHERE EMPLOYED FOR PAST FIVE YEARS; GIVE ADDRESS, 'PHONE NUMBER, EXPERIENCE AND REFERENCES. ADDRESS BOX O-307 CONSTITUTION.

WANTED, FIFTY GIRLS

IMMEDIATELY, who want to go on the stage; instruction in all branches by competent New York instructors. Open from 10 a. m. to 8 p. m.

SUPERCRAFT STUDIO
142 Peachtree St. 3d floor.

COLORED COOKS, MAIDS, GENERAL HOUSE GIRLS; $5 TO $10. 160½ AUBURN AVENUE.

MALE AND FEMALE

JOBS open now, chauffeurs, butlers, collectors, presser, salesmen, saleslady, nurses, white and col., maid, waitress. 607 Silvey bldg.

A FEW short hours for a few short months at Draughon's Night School or directed by Draughon's Home-Study Department, will prepare many young people for better positions this winter. You join us. We teach all commercial branches, including salesmanship. Draughon's College, Peachtree Arcade, Atlanta.

COL. man and wife for butler and maid. 607 Silvey bldg.

We'll Find You a Job
Commercial Business Agency
428 Austell Bldg. WAlnut 2194

THE busy season is here. For positions see us at once. Manning Multigraph & Serv. Co., 1026 Candler Bldg.

SALESMEN

ARE you among the 5 per cent? Statistics compiled by the internal revenue department show that 90 per cent of the men in the United States earn $1,800 or less, and that only 5 per cent have an income of more than $3,000 per year.

IF you are not in the 5 per cent class, it is time to act.

WE conduct a school in salesmanship as applied to the sale of our product through which medium hundreds of men have greatly increased their earning capacity. The rapidly increasing demand for our products makes it advisable to employ more salesmen.

WE want men who can think for themselves, and who, being the possessors of keen initiative, have further the essentials of enthusiasm and an abundance of selfconfidence.

SCORES of positions paying $3,000 to $6,000 per year open. If you can qualify, we can place you in one of these positions in a short time, and will pay you handsomely for your work while in training. Previous selling experience not necessary. Come and hear our salesmanship instructor tell why only 5 per cent are in the money class, and how you can become more successful. Apply 8 p. m., Pine Room, Ansley Hotel.

TEACHERS

NEED man for manual training; about $18.00. Mr. Whitehead, 1133 Healey bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

TEACHERS wanted. S. A. T. A. 410 Wesley Memorial Church Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

AGENTS

MEN AND WOMEN make $30 by Xmas selling Beauty Clay, novel sales plan and free prize offer, make easy sales; agents are daily making $5 to $10 daily. See or write The Mira Berma Co., 325 Edgewood Ave., Atlanta, Ga.

A LARGE company operating nationally has openings for several high-grade men to be trained for desirable positions. Age 23 to 27, with college education and some experience in management.

ONLY men who want to make a permanent connection and are willing to live in other cities should apply. The business must be studied and a training school will be operated in Atlanta to provide the instruction necessary. Salary is paid while in training. No investment in stock or equipment required. Give full information in writing. Replies will be treated confidential. Address O-300, Constitution.

WE HAVE PLACES FOR TWO MEN OF CLEAN, DEPENDABLE CHARACTER TO REPRESENT US IN ATLANTA AND SURROUNDING COUNTIES; OUR CAREFUL TRAINING ENABLES A MAN TO EARN FROM $30 TO $50 A WEEK FROM THE VERY START; WITH SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT. FULLER BRUSH CO., HURT BLDG.

WE CAN USE several more men who have had experience in house to house canvassing. If you are a result getter we have a proposition that is well worth your while to investigate. A drawing account will be allowed to those who qualify. Apply to A. C. Tommey or H. S. Tanner from 8 to 9 a. m., second floor Constitution Building.

A WELL-KNOWN and most influential daily and Sunday paper of the south desires two or three canvassing, result-producing road men. Only those of good address and neat appearance wanted. Must be energetic and all-day workers. Permanent position to right parties. Newspaper road experience preferred, but not necessary. Address, stating experience and giving reference, to M-886, Constitution.

MEN—Rwy. mail clerks, $133 month. Write for particulars. Franklin Inst., Dept. 58-G, Rochester, N. Y.

WANTED SITUATIONS.

MALE

YOUNG man, 22, desires place with reliable concern; at present employed as cost clerk; must have change on account of eyes; references furnished. Address O-309 Constitution.

SALESMAN with five years' experience in foreign and domestic export business, just returned from Far East and Europe, open to offers. F-854, Constitution.

YOUNG man, 21, experienced in office work, desires work, best of references, and salary no object. IVy 8288-W.

WANTED—Position by A-1 office man with ability to manage office; reas. salary considered; best references. WEst 0628-W.

FEMALE

STENOGRAPHER experienced in all office detail; reasonable salary. Miss. M-23.

WANTED—By capable woman position as supervisor or matron, understand buying, etc.; hotel institution or school; best references. Address F-852, Constitution.

COMMERCIAL High graduate with three years' experience, desires stenographic position. W. 0501-W.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—FLAT NEWSPRINT PAPER SUITABLE FOR SMALL PUBLISHERS AND JOB PRINTERS. THE PRICE IS RIGHT. P. O. BOX 1731, ATLANTA, GA.

GOVERNMENT USED
3 HOTEL ranges.
3 COOK stoves.
SEVERAL good heaters.
200 PIECES stove pipe.
1 UNDERWOOD typewriter.
*ALL in good order. Cheap.
ATLANTA WRECKING CO.
165 Walker St. MAin 0038

PAINT
All kinds and sizes,
CHEAP
JACOBS AUCTION & SALVAGE CO.
WAL. 5924.

ONE revolving back Graflex Jr. camera, 2¼x3¼, fitted with B. & L. Passar I. C. F. 4.5 lens with carrying case and film pack adapter. Call R. G. Satterwhite. IVy 1080.

PIANOS THINK of buying new pianos for less than you would pay elsewhere for used ones. During our removal sale. Carder Piano Co., 50 North Pryor St.

WILL sacrifice at a bargain high-grade blue velour overstuff living room suite; walnut 9-piece dining suite, mahogany four-post bedroom suite, radio cheats, piano. 79 Briarcliff place, off Highland.

Toilets $19.50 Paint $2.25 per gal. Government Used Lumber Yards, 50 Bellwood Ave. IVy 4962.

THREE second-hand dry-cleaning machines, one gasoline clarifier, Sharpiers make; reasonable. Apply 813 Peachtree.

WILL sacrifice new, full length fur coat; never been worn. Address O-304 Constitution.

CALL WAlnut 3380 for phonograph repairs. Atlanta Phonograph Co., 18 N. Pryor St.

BUILDING material, Camp Gordon Salvage Co., HEmlock 5640.

LOOK out for the Fuller man; consider his proposition. Fuller Brush Co.

JACOBS AUCTION & SALVAGE COMPANY, 51 DECATUR ST. HAS IT. WAL. 5924.

USED furniture bought, sold, exchanged. Shipp Furniture Co., 41 S. Pryor. M. 3432.

ALL KINDS stoves, furniture, bought and sold. 224 Peters St. MAin 4208.

SPLENDID counter, shelving, bins, Wales adding machine; bargain. 268 P'tree St.

WE buy, sell and exchange furniture. United Furn. Co., 19 E. Mitchell St., MA. 5916.

FURNITURE
REMOVAL SALE

EVERY piece of furniture in our stock must be sold at once regardless of cost. Our lease is up. We must move. This is your opportunity.

JOHNSON'S
30 South Forsyth Street.

TYPEWRITERS

TYPEWRITERS.
RENTED 3 months $6.50 and up. Sold $3 down, $5 per month. Invincible rebuilt typewriters, all makes fully guaranteed. See us before buying or renting. Catalog C-70 explains. American Writing Machine Company, Inc., 135 Peachtree Arcade. Tel. WAlnut 2860.

QUICK SERVICE TYPEWRITER CO.
$3.00 BRINGS you an UNDERWOOD late model SHIPMAN-WARD rebuilt; we buy, sell, exchange and repair all makes. 16 Peachtree Arcade, Atlanta, Ga. Phone WAlnut 1618.

SEEDS AND PLANTS

FERNS—Special sale, Boston, Plumosus or Sprenger; twenty-five cents each; postpaid. John D. Jewell, Apopka, Fla.

FRUIT trees, pecan trees, grapevines, rose bushes and ornamentals. Catalog free. Concord Nursery, Dept. 35, Concord, Ga.

INSURANCE

BETTY & GLENN Insurance all kinds. 1117 Citizens & Sou. Bk. Bldg. WAl. 3637.

PERSONAL

CONSTIPATION relieved without use of drugs or medicines, cure guaranteed. For particulars call at 623 Atlanta Natl. Bank Bldg., or phone WAl. 2336.

MATERNITY HOSPITAL—Private, confidential. Mrs. M. T. Mitchell, 22 Windsor st., Atlanta, Ga.

PERMANENT wave, shampoo, bobbing, henna hair dyeing; also INECTO rapid. IVy 2587-J.

LOWDEN SPRINGS CO., Lithia Springs, Ga., Atlanta Branch. IVy 2000.

TALKING MACHINE REPAIRING

ALL kinds of phonographs repaired. Parts for all makes. James K. Polk, Inc., 294 Decatur st. Phone IVy 7080.

FANCIERS' DEPT.

WANTED—Bird dogs to train, $15 per mo. Satisfaction guaranteed. S. S. Doss, Talmo, Ga.

WANTED
CASH MONEY

OUR WAREHOUSE is empty; we need furniture, household goods and stoves at once. Call us and get the highest price possible. We buy, sell and exchange furniture.

Auerbach Furniture Co,
71 S. BROAD ST. — MA. 3199

MORE MONEY PAID
FOR USED FURNITURE
EAGLE FURNITURE CO.
20-22 E. Mitchell St. MAin 0821

FURNITURE BOUGHT AT HIGHEST CASH PRICES. SWIFT FURNITURE CO., 73 SOUTH PRYOR. MAIN 3578.

USED FURNITURE BOUGHT FOR CASH. FULTON FURNITURE CO., 25-27 EAST HUNTER ST. MAIN 1473.

WANTED—Furniture for thirty 3-room apartments at once. Call IVy 2850.

We Buy ALL kinds of men's second-hand clothing. MA. 4785.

HOUSEHOLD goods bought by Central Auction Co. 10-12 E. Mitchell. MAin 2424.

WE PAY CASH for men's and ladies' old clothes, MA. 5411-J.

WANTED—Five carloads good furniture and stoves. IVy 2859.

AUTOMOBILES.

FOR SALE.

USED TRUCKS

WHITE Bus, Model 15 12 passenger, rebuilt. New tires $1,800.00

1 3½-ton White Dump $1,000.00

1 3½-ton Packard, stake body, fine condition $1,250.00

1 2½-ton Packard Express body ...$1,000.00

Terms

THE WHITE COMPANY
134 N. Boulevard
IVy 1641

REO JOHN SMITH CO., 190-196 West Peachtree street.

1920 FORD roadster, starter, good condition, $150. 169 Marietta St. IVy 0446.

OVERLAND 414 Peachtree St., Willys-Overland, Inc.

FORD truck, Martin-Parry body and top; good condition; only run about 4,000 miles; bargain. Dr. T. W. Hughes, WAlnut 5236.

CHEVROLET WE have a few bargains in rebuilt cars. WOODWARD GILMORE MOTOR CO., 70 West Peachtree St., IVy 7808.

MARMON Atlanta Co. Inc., 152 Ivy street; October 1. 444 Peachtree street.

GOOD used cars. Franklin Motor Co., 94 West Peachtree. IVy 2406.

FOR SALE—Late model Essex cabriolet, A-1 condition; can arrange terms; bargain. Singletary, IVy 6886.

NASH USED CARS. Martin-Nash Motor Co., 541 Peachtree Street.

GOOD USED CARS—Used Car Clearinghouse, Inc., 181 Marietta St., IVy 6983.

Stutz GOOD used cars. 239 Peachtree street.

USED CARS—PACKARD ENTERPRISES OF GA., INC. 244 PEACHTREE ST.

USED CARS SEE Atlanta Cadillac Co., 152 W. Pea'tree.

OLDS MOTOR WORKS—Used Cars. 268 PEACHTREE ST.

SECOND-HAND Templar for sale. Call HEmlock 1564.

Hupmobile Thompson-Cauthorn Motor Co., 471 P'tree. IVy 5283.

HUDSON-ESSEX touring car. J. W. Goldsmith, Jr.,-Grant Co., 229 Peachtree.

USED Studebaker. Yarbrough Motor Co., 272 Peachtree st., IVy 0131.

IF YOU want the best car for the least money, you will find it in the big assortment of Northeott Buick Co., 267 Peachtree.

ONE used Buick roadster; one 7-passenger, 1922 King eight, first-class condition; real bargain. MAin 1203.

DODGE BROTHERS CARS. F. E. Maffett, Inc., 167 West Peachtree Street.

USED TRUCK AND CAR BARGAINS. THE WHITE CO. 134 N. BOULEVARD.

OAKLAND OAKLAND MOTOR CAR CO., 270 Peachtree St.

EXCELLENT used cars. Chas. W. Tway Co., 29 East North Ave. HE. 6159.

FORDS BELL ISLE STREET CO., 380 Peachtree St.

BUICK D. C. Black, 312 Peachtree street. IVy 1860.

1922 MODEL FORD Touring car; new paint and new top. 41 Norcross St. W. 1256.

FORDS DAVID T. BUSSEY 188 PEACHTREE ST

GOOD used Fords, Fortson Motor Co., authorized Ford dealer, 983 Whitehall St.

WANTED—AUTOS

WE LOAN money on automobiles. THOMPSON BONDED WAREHOUSE. 441 Peachtree St.

HIGHEST CASH PRICE paid for good used cars. J. M. Harrison & Co., 10 Ivy St.

FOR HIRE—AUTOS

ATLANTA RENT-A-CAR CO.—Drive it yourself; Hupps, Dodges, 16 cents per mile; Fords, 14 cents. 39 Ivy street. IVy 5309 or WAlnut 1334.

FOR SALE—TIRES

Ford Sizes, $3.00; Largest Sizes, $4.50. ADAMS TIRE STORES. 102 Marietta St., Atlanta. 660 Poplar St., Macon.

AUTO PAINTING

CARS painted, one day service, $12.50 to $20.50. Super System, Inc., 112 W. P'tree.

AUTO ACCESSORIES

TIRES, tubes, parts, accessories, for Ford cars; retail at wholesale prices; catalog free. Golden Eagle Buggy Co., 32 Means St.

BUSINESS CHANCES

FOR SALE—$3,500 cash; water power mill, seventy acres, fenced, large mill pond, excellent water rights, two dwellings, store, barn, thousand-bushel steel grain bin and one mule and wagon; milled four thousand bushels meal last season; ducks and game in season; two miles from courthouse, Cuthbert, Ga.; must sacrifice account other business. Fred Kestler, Route 3, Box 10, Cuthbert, Ga.

DRUG store for sale in good west Texas county seat town; doing good business; good reason for selling; ranching and irrigated farming; will invoice $15,000; fine climate for tuberculosis and asthma. Address C. L. Coulson, Ft. Stockton, Texas.

LONG established soda, cigar and lunch business; good corner; will sell very cheap; owner has other interests. Apply 71-A N. Pryor Street.

BUSINESS brokerage and farm lands. WAl. 0840. Oliver Smith Co., 229 Grant bldg.

SMALL grocery store and dwelling for sale. 731 Marietta St.

FINANCIAL.

FOR SALE
PURCHASE MONEY NOTES

FOR SALE—$8,000 in purchase money notes of second mortgage, maturing $50 per month, bearing 7 per cent interest. WEst 1033-W, WAlnut 0246, 1116 Healey bldg.

BLUNDER
CORRECTED

(See Illustration on Page 7)

Do not leave the key under the doormat! This is one of the commonest and most disastrous blunders folks commit. The first place the unintelligent burglar will look, in attempting to get into a house, is under the doormat to see whether some careless person has given him a quiet and easy means of entering.

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FINANCIAL.

MONEY TO LOAN
SELF-RESPECTING LOANS

ANY amount up to $300 immediately advanced on guaranteed notes or home furniture (without removal). Make your own terms of repayment. You pay only for the actual time you use our money. We guarantee confidential, immediate service on self-respecting terms.

REPAYMENT PLAN.
$ 50 loan, pay back $ 5.00 monthly.
100 loan, pay back 10.00 monthly.
300 loan, pay back 20.00 monthly.
Call, write or phone WAlnut 5-5-5-0.
BENEFICIAL LOAN SOCIETY
421 Palmer Bldg.
Corner Marietta and Forsyth Sts.

UP TO $300 LOANED AT LAWFUL RATES

IF YOU NEED MONEY FOR any purpose, come in and see our manager, talk over your needs and our plans; you will find this business handled on as sound a basis as any banking institution.

AMERICAN LOAN COMPANY
406 PETERS BUILDING.
7 PEACHTREE ST. FOURTH FLOOR.
Telephone WAlnut 0215.

MORTGAGE MONEY

MONTHLY payment loans on real estate at reasonable rates; local money and quick closing.

EMPIRE TRUST CO.,
37 N. Broad St., WAlnut 0181.

MONEY
AT LEGAL RATE

ON furniture, pianos and personal indorsed notes.

Southern Security Company
Whitehall and Alabama Sts. WAl. 0634

LOANS

ON furniture, pianos, etc., at 3½ per cent, without removal, and strictly confidential.

The Master Loan Service, Inc.
M. 3057. 103 Centre Bldg.

LOANS on autos, 12 months to repay. You keep car. 10 W. Harris St.

MONEY ON REAL ESTATE
LOANS

CENTRAL PROPERTY, 6 PER CENT. RESIDENCE PROPERTY, 6½ TO 7 PER CENT.
W. B. SMITH, WALNUT 0016.
1211 FOURTH NATIONAL BANK BLDG.

REAL ESTATE LOANS
TURMAN-BROWN CO.
(Established 1880.)
Suite 303-10. Atlanta Trust Co. Bldg.

SIX PER CENT—Atlanta money payable $2.16 per month on the hundred dollars, which includes interest, for real estate loans. W. A. Foster, 605 Candler Bldg., WAlnut 5986.

MONEY in bank for loans on real estate in sums ranging from $500 to $5,000; quick action. T. B. Grey Co., 1012 Grant bldg. WAlnut 5678.

MONEY FIRST mortgage purchase money notes. WA. 5928.

FUNDS to loan on improved city and suburban property; current rates. WAlnut 2020. S. W. Cannon, 414 Atl. Tr. Co. Bldg.

WE HAVE money on hand to make real estate loans at current rates. Adair Realty and Trust Co., Healey Bldg., Atlanta.

6-7-8 PER CENT—Money for real estate loans. W. A. Foster, 605 Candler bldg., WAlnut 5986.

FUNDS on hand for loan and purchase money notes. A. F. Liebman, 53 N. Forsyth Street. Real estate and renting.

FIRST and second mortgage loans. A. G. Smith, 313-14 Palmer Bldg. WAlnut 4270.

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE
GEO. P. MOORE, 315 HEALEY BLDG.

WANTED—MONEY
FIRST MORTGAGE LOANS
FOR SALE

SEVERAL choice loans netting 7 and 8 per cent. We guarantee prompt payment of both principal and interest.

SECURITY LOAN & TRUST CO.
715 Candler Bldg. WAl. 3199.

SALARIES BOUGHT
QUICK READY MONEY

We Buy Salaries. 204 McKenzie Bldg.

MONEY for salaried men without indorsement. Federal Investment Co., 204 Peters bldg. WAlnut 0139.

WANTED
PURCHASE MONEY NOTES

PURCHASE money notes wanted. W. A. Foster, WAl. 5986. 605 Candler Bldg.

WE buy purchase money notes. Benjamin D. Watkins Company.

RENTALS.

BOARD AND ROOM

NICELY furnished steam-heated single room with beard, fine location; room and three meals $45 per month; 2 meals $40; gentleman only. HEm. 2202.

DELIGHTFUL room, private or connecting bath; excellent meals, heat, garage; business people and couples. 595 Piedmont Ave., HEmlock 3031.

ATTRACTIVE large front room, dressing room, heat, meals, refined private home; best north side location; couple. H. 2463-J. 157 Juniper St.

$7 WEEK, steam heat, connecting bath delicious meals, refined home, walking distance; couple or gentlemen. 336 S. Pryor, MAin 2332-W.

VERY attractive room and meals in private north side home; furnace heat and all conveniences; references exchanged. Hemlock 7674-J.

ROOM, ADJOINING BATH, TWIN BEDS, HEAT, MEALS IF DESIRED, PRIVATE HOME; MEN PREFERRED. 20 S. GORDON, WEST 1990-J.

DESIRABLE room and board for two men, connecting bath, morning and evening meals, private home. 166 Atwood St., WEst 2494-W.

YOUNG LADY or gentleman, can secure desirable room and board, $7; heat and hot water; walking distance. 318 S. Pryor.

BOARD for two gentlemen; nice W. End home; splendid meals, furnace heat; $7 week. 44 Rodgers Ave., WEst 0873-J.

YOUNG man wants roommate, large room furnace heat, connecting bath, excellent meals, 31 P'tree Place, HEm. 7007.

ROOM and board, furnace heat, bath, walking distance; $7 per week. 101 W. Baker Street.

LOVELY room, for couple, good north side home, excellent meals. HEm. 1775-W, 727 W. P'tree.

ON Myrtle St., large front room, heated and all conveniences; best north side location; excellent meals. H. 1009.

ROOMS and meals, private bath, heat, hot water; home atmosphere; convenient location; north side. HEmlock 2887.

647 PEACHTREE, large front room, running water, steam heat, for three; also lovely room for two; excellent meals.

ROOM with private bath, two meals, garage. HEm. 1380.

A NICE room with or without board. Phone HEm. 2567. 175 Juniper St.

REFINED business girl wants business-girl roommate; steam heat. HEm. 7608.

161 E. 17TH ST.—H. 7608, steam heated home, can accommodate few guests.

442 PEACHTREE, nice room, good meals, walking distance, for bus. people; rea.

LARGE, attractive room, private bath, steam, heat, excellent meals. 625 P'tree.

NICE rooms, clean beds, good meals. 28 E. Georgia avenue. M. 6082-J.

RENTALS.

APARTMENTS—UNFURNISHED

A FIVE-ROOM apartment in one of the best environments within walking distance of town; located on the corner of Piedmont and Third in the

"CHATHAM COURT"

References; no children. Price reasonable. Call R. H. Jones, Sr. HEm. 3152 or WAl. 2181.

APARTMENTS

1291 PEACHTREE street, unit No. 3 new. ON November 15 we will have ready for occupancy in this modern building apartments of four, five and six rooms, all corners; conveniences and location of the very best.

1168 PEACHTREE St., at Pershing Point, five-room corner apartments, just been newly painted and decorated; apartments 42 and 48, at special prices.

1115 THIRD St., between Juniper and Piedmont avenue, only one left, five-room front corner apartment, convenient to car line, schools and churches

THESE above apartments are owned by us and receive the best attention and care; references required. Apply on premises or to

FITZHUGH KNOX & SONS
215 Peachtree St.
IVy 3880

312 RAWSON St., (Adriatic) apt. A., dandy lower 5-room apartment, steam heat, janitor service, etc. $50.

E. D. HUTCHINSON & CO.
245-7 Arcade bldg. WAlnut 3975-6

SPECIAL PRICE

WE are offering at 1168 Peachtree St., a 6-room corner apartment at the extra special price of $65. Kitchen completely furnished.

Fitzhugh Knox & Sons
IVy 3880. 215 Peachtree St.

ATTRACTIVE seven-room apt., two baths, second floor front, in the Ellenwood apt., 1422 Peachtree St., for sublease; party has bought a home; will make concession. Call Mr. Chambers, WAl. 5927, or HEm. 2601-J.

TO SUBLEASE—FOUR ROOMS AND SUN PARLOR, APT. 1, 883 WEST PEACHTREE, AT PERSHING POINT; $70 PER MONTH. PHONE HEM. 4937-J SUNDAY, MONDAY.

ONE 5-room apt., steam heat, all convs., in desirable locality; Langston, apt. 17, East Tenth. Apply 813 Peachtree St.

4-ROOM apartment on ground floor 371 Spring St., good neighborhood; between Baltimore block and North ave.; $30. Apply to John E. Smith, 190 West Peachtree.

NEW up-to-date, high-class, 2, 3 and 4-room apartments with private bath, steam heat and hot water; all outside rooms. 210 Washington Street.

TWO large rooms, breakfast room, bath and kitchen; lights, water and gas stove furnished; $45. 34 W. Boulevard Drive, Kirkwood. DEcatur 0467-J.

562 N. Blvd., 7-room modern apt.....$75.00
426 N. Jackson st., 5-r. modern apt... 70.00
E. RIVERS REALTY CO., WAL. 3063-4.

TWO 3-room apt., one 6-room apt., good neighborhood, private home; no children. 112 La France St. DEc. 1546.

THREE apartments of 3 rooms each, bath; choice, $25; free place for car. 11 Baltimore Place. Phone MAin 1900. Mr. Riley.

FOUR-ROOM duplex, Fulton street, 2 bedrooms, 3 fireplaces; walking distance; $40 monthly; $35 lease. WAlnut 5230.

$30, THREE rooms, tile bath, heat; $40, five rooms and porches. Apply 593 S. Pryor St.

DUPLEX home, four rooms to side, lights, water, garage, pasture, garden; main highway. Phone FRanklin 1270-W.

4 ROOMS, lovely for two, steam heated, private entrance, no children, choice N. side section; reduced price; WAl. 5230.

MODERN 3-room apt., 120 Ponce de Leon Ave. Apply Miss Durham, Apt. 10, or call HEm. 1916-J.

TO sublease, immediate possession Apt. 10, 940 Piedmont Ave., $75. HEm. 4071-J.

REDUCED RENTS—520 N. Boulevard, 5-7 room apartments, $65-$75.

NEW, 4 rooms. 263 Forrest avenue. See janitor.

TWO upstairs rms., reception hall, bath and back porch; no children. 166 Courtland.

THREE-ROOM winter apartment, attractive; reasonable. WA. 3426.

2, 3 AND 4-ROOM apartments, new and now ready. WAlnut 5760.

TWO or three-room convenient apts., 114 So. Candler, Decatur. Phone DE. 0292-W.

WE RENT apartments, houses, stores. Wynne Realty Co., 103 Ivy St. I. 7646.

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"I think the old superstition about opals being unlucky is rot. Why, I was wearing an opal ring when I became engaged to Claude." "Ah—but what about Claude, my dear?"—New York Sun and Globe.

ATLANTA THEATRE
TONIGHT TUES. & WED. MAT. WED.
NIGHTS AT 8:30
MATINEE WED. AT 2:30
THE INTERNATIONAL FAVORITE
JACK NORWORTH
in
"HONEYMOON HOUSE" That Jack Built
A SPARKLING COMEDY WITH SONGS
A SHOW YOU WILL ENJOY FROM CURTAIN TO CURTAIN
PRICES: Nights, 50c to $2.50
Matinee Wednesday, 50c to $1.50
Box Office Open 10 A. M. to 9 P. M.

Thurs., Fri., Sat., MATINEE SAT. NOV. 8-9-10
THE MYSTERY MASTERPIECE OF MODERN TIMES!
THE BAT
By Mary Roberts Rinehart and Avery Hopwood.
YOU SAW IT LAST YEAR—YOU WILL WANT TO SEE IT AGAIN.
PRICES: Nights, 50c to $2.00. Saturday Matinee, 50c to $1.50.
SEATS NOW ON SALE.

LYRIC
Atlanta's Leading PLAYHOUSE
TONIGHT AND ALL THIS WEEK
FORSYTH PLAYERS
IN
David Belasco's Greatest Success
"The Gold Diggers"
By Avery Hopwood
The Best Play in Town
MATINEES TUESDAY—THURSDAY—SATURDAY
Matinees at 2:30—Nights at 8:30
POPULAR PRICES
Reserve Your Seats Now
Phones IVy 0670 and 0671

B. F. KEITH'S
Supreme Vaudeville
FORSYTH
3 SHOWS DAILY—2:30, 7:30, 9:15
MATS., 25c-30c; NIGHTS, 30c-40c-60c
LOVE FABLES
A Romance of Song and Dance
DAN CASLER & BEASLEY TWINS
The Melody Three
HAZEL HARRINGTON
"Say It With Poetry"
OCTAVIA HANDWORTH & COMPANY
"Twice a Week"
DEVITT & CAREY
"Dancemaniacs"

LOEW'S GRAND
CONTINUOUS 1 TO 11 P. M.
AFTERNOON 15c-25c
NIGHTS 15c-30c-50c
ALL THIS WEEK
VAUDEVILLE—3:30 - 7 - 9 P. M.
THE SEASON'S NEWEST FIND
BABY SYLVIA FROOS
THE CHILD PRODIGY WHO MIMICS THE GREATEST OF STAGE STARS
& OTHER ACTS LOEW'S BETTER VAUDEVILLE
PHOTOPLAY—2-4:30-8 and 10 P. M.
A Metro Classic
THE ETERNAL STRUGGLE
WITH AN ALL STAR CAST



Welcome to New York and the Alamac
71 ST STREET AND BROADWAY
A masterpiece of modern hotel creation where convenience, restful quiet and hospitality are prime features.
Unique Congo Room—Medieval Grill—and Blue Room Restaurant.
Always a pleasure to entertain visitors from Atlanta
LATZ OWNERSHIP—MANAGEMENT

AMUSEMENTS

THEATERS : : MOVIES

Atlanta Theater.—Today, Tuesday and Wednesday, Jack Norworth in "Honeymoon House."

Lyric Theater.—All week, the Forsyth players with Miss Louise Orth as star in "The Gold Diggers."

Keith's Forsyth.—(Keith vaudeville.) See advertising for program.

Loew's Grand.—(Vaudeville and pictures.) See advertising for program.

Howard Theater.—All week, Pola Negri in "The Spanish Dancer," and other screen features.

"Honeymoon House."

(At the Atlanta.)

Jack Norworth comes to the Atlanta theater tonight for an engagement of three nights and Wednesday matinee in his new love comedy, "Honeymoon House," in which he will be supported by an all-star cast. "Honeymoon House" comes to Atlanta with a valuable introduction of merit. The popularity of Jack Norworth, who is such a favorite in this city, and the excellent cast that is surrounding him present a combination of interest. "Honeymoon House" has an appeal to every person, young and old. It sweeps its audience before it with its speedy rush of intrigues and unexpected solutions.

"The Bat."

(Coming to the Atlanta.)

At the Atlanta theater for three nights with Saturday matinee, beginning Thursday, November 8.

"The Bat" is presented by Wagenhals and Kemper, known throughout the country for their success as producers of hits. "The Bat" has been staged with all the uncanny skill of the management and is acted by a company of unusual excellence. Seats for the engagement are now on sale.

"The Gold Diggers."

(At the Lyric.)

"Rich, rare and racy" are adjectives that best describe Avery Hopwood's newest comedy success, "The Gold Diggers," which is to be presented at the Lyric theater all this week by the Forsyth Players. The Lyric production will have an advantage over most stock company versions of the play, because Miss Hazel Burgess, who finished a triumphant season in it Saturday night in Hoboken, N. J., is to play the leading role here, and Miss Lorraine Bernard, new second woman, has carried her same role with great success before. The main figures in the action are girls who live by their wits and pretty faces. Miss Catherine Jones, of Atlanta; Miss Mary McCool, of Atlanta, and Miss Helen Wilton, of Chattanooga, are other new players who will augment the regular cast. "The Gold Diggers" will be seen each night this week beginning tonight, and at matinees Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

Keith Vaudeville.

(At the Forsyth.)

The romance of the song and dance will be told to syncopated music the first three days of this week in "Love Fables" the skit of Alma Braham and Dorothy Morton and company, which is headlining a bill of five exceptionally clever acts of Keith vaudeville at the Forsyth theater.

Another act which is sure to please is that of Dan Casler and the Beasley twins, who call themselves "The Melody Three." Octavia Handworth, the screen star of not so many years ago, is billed with her company of artists in a one-act skit, "Twice a Week" an amusing playlet by John B. Hymer, the author of "East Is West" and a number of other successes. Devitt and Carey are dancing lunatics in dance mania and offer a fast routine of original steps. Miss Hazel Herrington is in an act all by herself, "Says It With Poetry," and in so saying keeps her audience in constantly changing moods.

Vaudeville.

(At Loew's Grand.)

Atlanta people will have an opportunity this week at Loew's Grand theater of witnessing the work of Baby Sylvia Froos, the marvelous child mimic, whose act has astonished the big theatrical managers of the east and whose appearance here will be as the headline feature of an all-star big-time vaudeville bill.

Baby Froos will appear in Atlanta before she is seen in New York, as she is under contract for the present tour and will not make her metropolitan debut until this contract is completed.

Four other star feature acts are on the Loew bill. The Loew picture for the week will be "The Eternal Struggle," a stupendous Metro production.

—"Suppose Nobody Cared"—

Experiments have indicated that large areas in the Philippines are well adapted to the production of quinine.

Metropolitan Theater.—All week, Norma Talmadge in "Ashes of Vengance," and other screen features.

Rialto Theater.—All week, Viola Dana in "Rouged Lips," and other screen features.

Alamo No. 2.—Bebe Daniels in "The Exciters," and a comedy, today, and Tuesday.

Tudor Theater.—Today and Tuesday, Conway Tearle in "Marooned Hearts," and a comedy.

Alpha Theater.—Today, Pete Morrison in "Gentlemen of the West," and a comedy.

—"Suppose Nobody Cared"—

$15,000 Program Outlined To Aid Georgia Farmers

A program that would enable the Georgia association to keep two men in the field almost constantly, organizing counties in support of cow-hog-hen farm diversification, assisting in the installation of co-operative credit plans among local business men and farmers, and helping inaugurate long-term leases and farm sales plans, all on a budget of $15,000 annually, has been prepared by F. H. Abbott, secretary of the association, and submitted for consideration of business men of Atlanta and the state.

While the amount of this annual budget would to a great extent reduce the effectiveness of the association's important plans to stay the tide of Georgia farm desertion, Mr. Abbott points out, the $15,000 would enable the association to accomplish constructive service in possibly 50 counties a year. For each additional $5,000 raised, an extra field man could be employed and benefits extended accordingly.

More Money Needed.

"It is most desirable to raise as much more than $15,000 a year as possible in Atlanta and other Georgia cities for this most important work," declares Mr. Abbott; "$150,000 is not a bit too much for the state-wide development activities comprehended in the association's charter and its definite program of work.

"In view of the present critical farm situation in Georgia, however, if an amount approximating this larger sum should be promptly raised, I would recommend the expenditure of at least $50,000 through the state college of agriculture for employment of county agents in counties where there are none now.

"I am submitting a proposed $15,000 a year budget and a memorandum designed to sketch the aims of the association and the progressive steps by which there could be an economically sound expansion through the gradual addition of new departments and activities."

Abbott's Report.

The memorandum showing the expenditure of $15,000 annually as prepared by Mr. Abbott follows:

1. Extension to other counties of so-called Turner county plan of local credit and marketing facilities, farm program and long term lease and sale plan, connected with plan of county organization.

2. Follow up of prospective new farm settlers through correspondence and in cooperation with farm owners and railroads.

3. Publication of Georgia magazine and direction of other publications essential to the association's program.

4. Cooperation with the state college of agriculture and other agencies in county and community service, through meetings, conferences, economic surveys and publicity in promoting profitable production and marketing.

5. Incidental attention to immigration, industries, health, forest conservation, roads, education and other activities concerned in state-wide development pending raising of larger sum for more adequate attention thereto.

Monthly Budget of $1,250.

Secretary and one other field man and traveling expenses	$950
Stenographer and office manager	100
Office rent	30
Postage	25
Telephone and telegraph	25
Stationery and incidentals	20
Publicity	100
Total	$1,250

Expanded Program.

Purpose and Scope: An instrument for the prompt concentration and mobilization of the best brains and energy of the state to solve the most pressing economic or social problems affecting the welfare of any large group of our citizens at any given time; an instrument equipped with the eyes of Georgia's most far-sighted men and women to detect the needs, and guided by their best composite judgement in planning constructive remedies.

Progressive Budget Plan of financing State Community Chest: Stressing agricultural reorganization in response to Georgia's most critical present need to check the drift of population from the farm, the first funds raised should be used in starting economic backfires through the organization of local business men under plans for cooperative credit facilities to foster organized production and marketing, to encourage long time farm leases and farm sales to hold and gradually convert into farm owners present farm tenants and to make more effective the farm development program directed by the county agent and other public and private agencies.

Closely correlated with this service to agriculture, the association should grow and expand into a service in the interest of immigration industrial development, the conservation of our natural resources, roads and drainage systems, a service also responsive to the health and educational requirements of the people of the state. This additional service, expanded through appropriate departments for each activity as rapidly as available funds permit should be organized and financed either directly by the Georgia association or through committees or in cooperation with other existing organizations cooperating or federated with it. All such agencies should use when possible, common facilities for service, such as office space, statistical clerks, stenographic service, etc., including a central state-wide publication and common facilities for publicity. The ultimate goal would be a community chest for the various state activities corresponding to the Atlanta community chest for charities.

Beginning with a minimum budget of $15,000 a year for agricultural work including some funds for immigration and publicity therefor, a fund up to $150,000 a year or more should be raised for other specific purposes definitely budgeted and expended under a common management representing every section of the state.

Administration: Administration, as provided through existing by-laws, is through county units under a democratic form of government by directors elected by the counties, while executive management is concentrated in a president, several vice presidents and a small executive committee selected at large with references solely to qualifications and wholly divorced from politics.

All publicity for counties and state should be carefully planned and coordinated under common direction to avoid useless duplication of effort and cost; it should aim to promote proper economic procedure locally and to stimulate further development through the attraction of outside settlers and outside capital, all advertising as well as development plans to be based upon careful surveys of natural and economic resources.

All agricultural development work and all marketing work should be carried on through and in thorough cooperation with state college and state department of agriculture forces with the view to steadily increasing their efficiency and usefulness; likewise and similarly all other activities in cooperation with other state-supported agencies having to do with them.

—"Suppose Nobody Cared"—

PROMINENT PROFESSOR ON ATHENS VISIT

Athens, Ga., November 4.—(Special.)—Professor James Park, superintendent of the schools at Louisville, Ga., is in Athens this week-end spending the time with his parents, Dr. and Mrs. R. E. Park, the former being a professor of English at the University of Georgia.

Accompanying Professor Park is his wife, who will be rehebbered as Miss Alice Chandler, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Chandler of this place.

Professor Park last year occupied the chair of English at the North Georgia Agriculture college, at Dahlonega. He is a graduate of the University of Georgia and attended Harvard.

The schools at Louisville, of which Mr. Park is the superintendent, are in excellent condition, he says, and are enjoying a successful year.

BANKRUPT SALE

BANKRUPT sale; in re.: Reutz Spark Plug company. By virture of order passed by Hon. P. H. Adams, November 2, 1923, I will sell to highest and best bidder the entire assets of the above named bankrupt, said sale to be held at office, 513 Grant building, Atlanta, Ga., on November 15, 1923 at 10 o'clock a. m., consisting all accounts and notes receivable, spark plugs, raw material, office furniture, automobiles, shop tools, etc., letters, patents and applied for. Above property located in Lullwater building, Atlanta, Ga., and can be inspected any time. Henry H. Green, Trustee.

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City Coal Co.
FOR THE BEST
$8 Red $8 Ash
Nut $7.50 per ton
That Same Good Coal

What Black and White Taxicabs Mean to the People of Atlanta—

Some facts about the four months' operation of

BLACK AND WHITE CABS IN ATLANTA:

Black and White Cabs have traveled 160,824 miles—
Number of passengers hauled 60,549
Average passengers hauled each day 466

We consider these figures very gratifying — with the condition in which these cabs entered service in Atlanta—going into service in midsummer when a large percentage of the local people were out of the city during the vacation season.

A condition confronting the Black and White Cab Co., which we consider unusual, is that this company has no listing in the telephone book of its phone number, and with the new telephone book, which is on the press at this time and soon will be in the subscribers' hands, we feel that the number of cabs we now have will be inadequate to handle our business.

The public all over the United States is fast becoming educated to the use of taxicabs. And as evidenced by the results of the past four months' operation, we are sure that Atlanta, like other large cities, has placed the taxicab business on the same basis with other large transportation companies.

Black and White cabs give Atlanta the lowest rate ever offered to the public.

Black and White cabs are modern and equipped to insure comfort in the most extreme weather conditions.

The Black and White Cab Co. is a local concern, owned by Atlanta business men.

Leave your telephone number with our operator for early morning calls until the new book is published. Our telephone Number is
IVY 0166.

BLACK & WHITE CAB COMPANY
"The Business Man's Cab"

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LOGAN CLARKE INSURANCE AGENCY
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Where you can save money and enjoy a regular home-cooked meal which, together with a cup of our delicious coffee, will satisfy the most fastidious appetite?
Regular meals and a la carte orders.
Breakfast ..... 35c Dinner and Supper 40c
Fried Chicken Dinners and Suppers, 50c
CAFE DE LUXE
Tables for Ladies Genuine Home Cooking Popular Prices
18 North Broad Street



"You Say That's My Old Tire?"

Yes, sir, ready for long, additional service. It's surprising how our system of rebuilding converts a worn, shabby-looking tire into one that looks and runs like new. It's real economy.

National Tire Rebuilding Company
39 East Mitchell St.
Largest Plant in the South

HUGH GANNON DIES; CHATHAM JUDGE VICTIM OF ATTACK

Savannah, Ga., November 4.—(Special.)—Hugh Gannon, judge of the juvenile court of Chatham county for the past several years, died this morning after a brave fight for life during an illness of several weeks.

He was suffering first from a rupture of the apoendix, rallied, was seized with protracted coughing paroxysms, which occasioned a serious setback, and, when finally recovering from that, took pneumonia and died. He was a graduate of the University of Georgia.

—"Suppose Nobody Cared"—

Game and Fish in Alaska.

(From The Adventure Magazine.)

If you go up to southeastern Alaska the fare from Seattle to Ketchikan is only $35, meals included, and the steamer lands you right on the threshold of the biggest game and fish copntry in North America. Plenty of black-tail deer in season; bear as thick along the salmon streams as cotton tail rabbits in the brush of the middle-west states; every sort of duck that flies; the streams squirting with trout and salmon, clams squirting from every little beach along the coast; big, juicy crabs for the netting; all sorts of berries in late summer; to say nothing of the mountain goats up around timberline on al lthe higher hills, and noose back from the coast among the inland swamps and lakes.

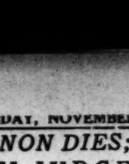
—"Suppose Nobody Cared"—

Hunting for Gold.

(From The Adventure Magazine.)

Hunt up a gulch or creek where your panning shows coolrs. Then begin paneing as far us as you can find a trace of gold. This es'ablishes a limit. Then try pach side of rising groun until you get colors, and once on the trail, continue panning until you cease to obtain gold colors. In other words, establish your limits until you arfe fairly certain of the area. Then beginto dig and trench to bedrock, for that is where the "pocket" will probably be. It requires persistence, but the reward may be large.

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CHAIN STORE FEATURES
The phenomenal growth in recent years of the chain store system of merchandising may be attributed to certain underlying principles which are carefully outlined in our recently published booklet entitled—
INVESTMENT FEATURES of the CHAIN STORE
A limited number of copies are available for complimentary distribution to those making prompt application.
CHANDLER & COMPANY, INC.
Booklet S
120 Broadway New York, N. Y.

GEORGIA—
FULTON COUNTY.
TO THE SUPERIOR COURT OF SAID COUNTY:

The petition of JACOB FOX, BERT L. FOX, and CLYDE F. FOX, respectfully shows:

1. That they desire for themselves, their associates and successors, to become incorporated under the name and style of
"THE BOYS' SHOP"
for the period of twenty years, with pririliege of renewal as provided by law.

2. The principal office of said corporation shall be in Fulton County, Georgia, but petitioners desire for said corporation the power and authority to establish branch offices and places of business elsewhere within and without the said State, whenever they may desire to do so.

3. The capital stock of said corporation shall be Twenty Thousand ($20,000) Dollars, to be divided into shares of common stock of the par value of One Hundred ($100.00) Dollars per share, but petitioners desire for said corporation the right to increase its capital stock at any time, and from time to time, to any amount not exceeding Two Hundred Thousand ($200,000.00) Dollars; said increase to be issued either in common or preferred stock, or part common and part preferred, and in such proportions and under such conditions of preference, both as to issuance and retirement, as may be determined by a majority vote in amount of the common stockholders then outstanding.

4. Petitioners also desire for said corporation the right, by a majority vote of the common stock outstanding, at any time, to decrease the amount of its capital stock to an amount not less than Twenty Thousand ($20,000.00) Dollars, upon compliance with the law in the premises.

5. The object of said corporation is pecuniary gain for its stockholders.

6. The particular business proposed to be carried on by said corporation is that of manufacturing, buying and selling, at wholesale or retail, boys', children's, and men's wearing apparel.

7. Petitioners desire that said corporation shall have the following special powers, in addition to those given by the general law:

a. To buy and sell its own stock, and to hold any of its own stock so purchased either as treasury stock or to cancel and retire the same, or to sell and re-issue the same;

b. To lease, rent, buy or sell, mortgage, or otherwise encumber such real estate or personal property as may be useful or necessary in carrying on its business;

c. To borrow and to lend money, and to issue bonds, debentures, or other obligations, and to secure the same by mortgage, deed of trust, pledge of its property or securities, or by any other means, and to provide for the payment thereof;

d. To subscribe for, purchase, or otherwise acquire and dispose of the shares, stocks, bonds, or other obligations, secured or unsecured, of any corporation now or hereafter organized, under the laws of Georgia, or of any other State, or the United States, and to hold the same with all the rights of ownership thereunder, as is permitted to natural persons;

e. To accept subscriptions to the capital stock of said corporation, payable in money or property, at a fair valuation; and that when any subscriber to the capital stock of said corporation shall pay the amount of his subscription in full, or pay out of his private property, either in money or property at a fair valuation, his liability to the corporation or its creditors shall cease and determine;

f. To adopt by-laws for said corporation, granting to said corporation a lien on the stock of its stockholders for any advances made by said corporation to its stockholders, or secure any indebtedness due to said corporation by said stockholders;

g. To adopt by-laws providing that in the sale of the common stock of said corporation by any of its stockholders, such stock shall be first offered to said corporation or to the remaining stockholders thereof, either at market value or book value, and upon such terms as may be described in said by-laws.

8. Petitioners desire that said corporation may have the power and authority to take all action by a majority vote of its common stockholders, except where such action involves fundamental changes in the charter of said corporation, or in the business of said company, in which event such action must be taken by the affirmative vote of 75 per cent of all of its common stock then outstanding.

9. Petitioners desire for said corporation the right to use and exercise all of the functions and powers and privileges, which may be now, or hereafter, conferred by law upon corporations similarly engaged.

DORSEY, BREWSTER, HOWELL & HEYMAN, Petitioners' Attorneys.

Filed in office, this, the 20th day of October, 1923.
ARNOLD BROYLES, Clerk, Superior Court.

GEORGIA—FULTON COUNTY.

I, Arnold Broyles, Clerk of the Superior Court of Fulton County, Georgia, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct copy of the application for charter of The Boys' Shop, as the same appears of file in this office.

WITNESS my official signature and the Seal of said Court.

This, the 20th day of October, 1923.
ARNOLD BROYLES,
Clerk Superior Court, Fulton County, Georgia.

ATLANTANS HURT IN MACON CRASHES, ARE IMPROVING

Macon, Ga., November 4.—(Special.)—Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Dobbs, of 120 Peachtree street, Atlanta, Miss Evelyn Johnson and Mrs. J. M. Bragg, of Macon, all of whom were victims of auto accidents Saturday, were today reported to be doing nicely.

Mrs. Dobbs is at the Macon hospital suffering with bones broken in both legs. She is said to have had a restful day. The other victims are suffering from cuts and bruises.

In all, eleven persons were injured in auto accidents here between sunrise and midnight Saturday, Mrs. Dobbs being the most seriously injured, when the car, driven by her husband, turned turtle on the Forsyth road, near Macon.

—"Suppose Nobody Cared"—

"Well, I've bought me a car," announced old Festus Pester. "Ah, for the pleasure of touring the surrounding territory and—" began Askington. "No: for the pleasure of not inviting that sore-head, J. Fuller Gloom, to ride whenever I see him."—Kansas City Star.

MORTUARY

CHARLES A. SMITH.

Charles A. Smith, aged 56, died at the residence, 285 Highland avenue, Sunday morning. He is survived by his widow, two daughters, Mary L. and Ruby Smith, and two sons, Paul V. and Charles A. Smith Junior.

V. A. KIRVEN.

V. A. Kirven, of 95 Habersham road, died suddenly Saturday. He was 55 years old. He is survived by his widow, one daughter, Martha Kirven; three sisters, Mrs. C. H. Weekley, Mrs. Bessie K. Cotney, Mrs. Carrie K. Benton, and one brother W. Clyde Kirven, of Pollock, La. Mr. Kirven had been connected with the Seaboard Air Line railroad for about 40 years. He was a member of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, H. M. Patterson & Son in charge.

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Druid Hills Bungalow

Just finished; red brick with white trim; a very attractive 6-room bungalow having 3 bedrooms, also a living room, dining room, breakfast room and kitchen; bathroom of genuine white tile; basement is finished; has a good heating plant. This lovely bungalow is located on a lot 60x200 on Harvard Road; it is in walking distance of Emory University; lot is nicely shaded; location is in a community of home-owners; price, $12,500; a moderate cash payment and monthly notes will buy this very attractive home. We can make better price for large cash payment.

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Healey Bldg. WAl. 0100

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Let them rely on us, the Dennison supply base, for complete service. We are ready at any time to deliver large or small quantities of Dennison's Glue, Gummed Labels, Tags, etc.
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"Five Seconds From Five Points"

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Best Red Ash Jellico
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Alonzo Richardson & Company
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Auditing and Accounting in All Its Branches
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Efficiency Offices
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FOR SALE
Flat newsprint paper suitable for small publishers and job printers.
The price is right.
P. O. Box 1731, Atlanta, Ga.

LODGE NOTICES

Grant Park Lodge No. 604, F. & A. M., will hold a special communication, this (Monday) evening, November 5, beginning at 7:30 o'clock, for the purpose of conferring the Master degree. Candidates will please be prompt in attendance. Visiting brethren fraternally invited to meet with us. By order of
THOMAS K. BALKCOM, W. M.
J. C. LITTLE, Secretary.

The stated conclave of Coeur de Lion commandery, No. 4, Knights Templar, will be held in its asylum this (Monday) evening, November 5, at 7:30 o'clock. The Illustrious Order of the Red Cross will be conferred. Visiting Sir Knights are cordially invited to meet with us. By order of
W. FRANK WELLS, C.
R. G. GEESLIN, C. G.
JNO. W. MURRELL, Rec.

Atlanta Lodge, No. 20, K. of P.

The regular convention of Atlanta lodge will be held in the Castle hall, Forsyth building this (Monday) evening, November 5, at 8 o'clock. The Rank of Knight will be conferred at this convention. All local and visiting Knights cordially welcomed.
FRED H. GOETTE, C. C.
A. A. CRAIG, K. of R. & S.

Funeral Notices

BRYANT—The friends of Mr. and Mrs. Alvin M. Bryant, are invited to attend the funeral of their infant son this (Monday) morning at 9:30 o'clock, from the grave side in West View cemetery. Harry G. Poole, funeral director.

ELLIOTT—The friends of Mr. and Mrs. M. M. Elliott and family are invited to attend the fumeral of their little son, Edward, this (Monday) morning, at 10 o'clock, from the grave side in Elliott family graveyard. Harry G. Poole, funeral director.

CORNETT—The friends of Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Cornett are invited to attend the funeral of their little son, Jessoe Harold, tomorrow (Tuesday) afternoon, at 2 o'clock from the residence, 14 Rheinhart street. Rev. J. P. Glore will officiate. Interment West View. Harry G. Poole, funeral director.

WADDELL—Mr. W. R. Waddell died Sunday morning at a private sanatorium, in the 68th year of his age. He is survived by his wife; one son, Mr. Henry Waddell. The remains will be taken tomorrow (Tuesday) morning at 6:10 o'clock to Villa Rica, Ga., for funeral and interment. Harry G. Poole, funeral director.

RIDDELL—The friends of Mr. John H. Riddell, of Atlanta; Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Bushnell, of Williamson, W. Va.; Dr. and Mrs. A. C. Smith, of West Point, Ga., are invited to attend the funeral of Mr. John H. Riddell, this (Monday) morning, at 9 o'clock, from the chapel of Awtry & Lowndes Co., Rev. T. E. McCutchen officiating. Interment Crest Lawn cemetery.

WILLIAMS—Mrs. Alice Williams died Sunday morning at the residence, 412 Ormond street, in the 42d year of her age. She is survived by two sons, Messrs C. B. and F. L. Williams; one sister, Mrs. W. G. Watkins, three brothers, Messrs. R. J., P. M. and B. P. Roper. The remains will be taken this (Monday) afternoon, at 4:25 o'clock to Canton, Ga., for funeral and interment. Harry G. Poole, funeral director.

SMITH—Died, Sunday morning, November 4, 1923, Mr. Charles A. Smith, at the residence, No. 285 Highland avenue, in his 57th year. He is survived by his wife; two daughters, Miss Mary L. Smith and Miss Ruby Smith, and two sons, Mr. Paul V. Smith and Mr. Charles A. Smith, Jr. Funeral services will be held at the chapel of H. M. Patterson & Son this (Monday) afternoon at 4 o'clock. Interment in Oakland cemetery. Rev. W. H. Bell will officiate. Gentlemen selected to act as pallbearers will please meet at the chapel at 3:45 o'clock.

KIRVEN—The friends and relatives of Mr. and Mrs. V. A. Kirven and family, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Weekley, Mrs. Bessie K. Cotney, Mrs. Carrie K. Benton and Mrs. W. Clyde Kirven, of Pollock, La., are invited to attend the funeral of Mr. V. A. Kirven, this (Monday) morning, November 5, 1923, at 11 o'clock, at the chapel of H. M. Patterson & Son. The Rev. Henry Alford Porter will officiate. Interment West View cemetery. The gentlemen selected to act as pallbearers will please meet at the chapel at 10:45 o'clock. Members of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers are especially invited to attend.

STEEL—Friends of Miss Clara Mae Steel, Mr. and Mrs. James C. Steel, Miami, Fla.; Mr. and Mrs. James W. Steel, Mr. and Mrs. Roy McMurray and family, Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Steel and family, R. E. Steel, Roy A. Steel, Carl Langford, Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Gardner and family, Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Eberhardt and family, Mr. and Mrs. Frank S. Fechter, Mr. and Mrs. P. S. Turner, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Graham and family, Miami, Fla., and Mrs. Lenora Schmidt and family, Chicago, Ill., are invited to attend the funeral of Miss Clara Mae Steel today (Monday), November 5, 1923, at 2:30 p. m., from the residence, 25 MacKenzie drive, Rev. Lee Cutts officiating. The following gentlemen will act as pallbearers and please meet at the residence: Messrs. Paul Reynolds, Dewey Chestnut, Ernest Chestnut, Paul McLaughlin, Eugene McLaughlin, Ed. Cavaleri. Interment at Hollywood. Chicago and Miami, Fla., papers please copy. Barclay & Brandon Co., funeral directors in charge.

KELLEY—The friends and relatives of Dr. and Mrs. Arthur G. Kelley, Mrs. R. J. Kelley, of DeWitt, Ark.; Mr. and Mrs. Brice Carlton, of DeWitt, Ark.; Mr. Elmer Kelley, of Indianapolis, Ind.; Mr. Roy Kelley, of Jasper, Ala.; Mr. Harry Dobbs and Mrs. and Mrs. W. L. Percey, are invited to attend the funeral of Dr. Arthur G. Kelley, this (Monday) afternoon, November 5, 1923, at St. Luke's Episcopal church at 3 o'clock, Rev. C. B. Wilmer and Dean Thomas H. Johnston will officiate. Interment in West View cemetery. The following gentlemen will please act as pallbearers and meet at the chapel of H. M. Patterson & Son at 2:30 o'clock: Dr. Lewis M. Gaines, Dr. Michael Hoke, Dr. Walter R. Holmes, Dr. Charles E. Dowman, Dr. John D. Thomson, Dr. V. O. Toepel, Dr. W. W. Anderson and Dr. R. J. McAliley. The following gentlemen, members of the Fulton County Medical Society, will please act as honorary escort and meet at the church at 2:45 o'clock: Dr. Allen H. Bunce, Dr. K. M. Landham, Dr. E. C. Thrash, Dr. W. N. Atkins, Dr. Joseph H. Hines, Dr. J. Calvin Weaver, Dr. Floyd W. McRae, Dr. Montague Boyd, Dr. Lawson Thornton, Dr. T. P. Goodwyne, Dr. Glanville Giddings, Dr. W. E. Persons, Dr. Grady Clay, Dr. Huge H. Lokey, Dr. W. B. Emery, Dr. Frank K. Boland, Dr. R. T. Dorsey, Dr. H. R. Donaldson and Dr. Joseph M. Yampolsky.

MAGNOLIA CEMETERY

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